COURSE CURRICULUM FOR THIRD PROFESSIONAL BAMS (PRESCRIBED BY NCISM)



Kayachikitsa including Manasa Roga, Rasayana and Vajikarana (Internal Medicine including Psychiatry Rejuvenative Medicine, Reproductive Medicine and Epigenetics)

(SUBJECT CODE : AyUG-KC)

(Applicable from 2021-22 batch, from the academic year 2024-25 onwards for 5 batches or until further notification by NCISM, whichever is earlier)



BOARD OF AYURVEDA NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR INDIAN SYSTEM OF MEDICINE NEW DELHI-110026



NCISM III Professional Ayurvedacharya (BAMS)

Subject Code : AyUG-KC

Kayachikitsa including Manasa Roga, Rasayana and Vajikarana

(Internal Medicine including Psychiatry Rejuvenative Medicine, Reproductive Medicine and Epigenetics)

Summary

Total number of Teaching hours: 450							
Lecture (LH) - Theory							
Paper I	61	150	150(LH)				
Paper II	43						
Paper III	46						
Non-Lecture (NLHT)							
Paper I	35	90	300(NLH)				
Paper II	24						
Paper III	31						
Non-Lecture (NLHP)							
Paper I	64	210					
Paper II	85						
Paper III	61						

Examination (Papers & Mark Distribution)								
Item	Theory Component Marks	Practical Component Marks						
		Practical	Viva	Elective	IA			
Paper I	100	100	70	-	30			
Paper II	100							
Paper III	100							
Sub-Total	300	200						
Total marks		500						

Important Note :- The User Manual III BAMS is a valuable resource that provides comprehensive details about the curriculum file. It will help you understand and implement the curriculum. Please read the User Manual III before reading this curriculum file. The curriculum file has been thoroughly reviewed and verified for accuracy. However, if you find any discrepancies, please note that the contents related to the MSE should be considered authentic. In case of difficulty and questions regarding curriculum write to **syllabus24ayu@ncismindia.org**

PREFACE

The evolving landscape of healthcare necessitates a dynamic and integrative approach to medical education, particularly in Ayurveda. Kayachikitsa, the branch of internal medicine in Ayurveda, forms the clinical foundation for understanding, diagnosing, and managing diseases based on Ayurvedic principles. This revised competency-based syllabus ensures that students gain a holistic understanding of disease processes, blending traditional wisdom with modern advancements to provide effective, patient-centered care. The curriculum is designed to develop critical thinking, diagnostic skills, and clinical expertise, enabling students to interpret investigations, understand disease pathology (Samprapti), and apply individualized treatment strategies. Special emphasis is placed on emergency medicine (Atyayik Chikitsa), Rasayana, Vajikarana, and Apunarbhava Chikitsa, ensuring that students are well-equipped to handle both acute and chronic conditions.

Kayachikitsa builds upon the fundamentals learned in the first and second professional years, such as Kriya Sharira, Dosha-Dhatu-Mala Vijnana, and Roga Nidana Vikriti Vijnana. By the third professional year, students transition from understanding disease formation to Samprapti Vighatana (breaking the disease process) and applying treatment protocols based on Hetu, Linga, and Aushadha. The syllabus has been structured into three papers: Vyadhi Vishesh Chikitsa – I, Vyadhi Vishesh Chikitsa – II, and Vyadhi Vishesh Chikitsa Evam Rasayana-Vajikarana. The curriculum integrates ICD codes for disease classification, making it easier for students to correlate Ayurvedic and contemporary medical terminologies. Additionally, it includes the management of newly emerging diseases (Anukta Vyadhi), zoonotic infections (Kasherukajeeva-janya Vyadhi), and infectious conditions (Sankramika Jvara), reinforcing Ayurveda's relevance in addressing modern health challenges.

The new syllabus incorporates core Ayurvedic competencies, interdisciplinary integration, and hands-on clinical training to ensure students develop expertise in both Ayurvedic and contemporary medical approaches. Emphasis is also placed on research methodology, ethics, and professionalism, preparing students to contribute to evidence-based Ayurvedic practice. This curriculum is the result of collective efforts by experts in Ayurvedic education, clinical practice, and modern medicine, ensuring that students emerge as confident, skilled, and compassionate practitioners. By equipping them with practical knowledge, research acumen, and ethical grounding, this syllabus strengthens the role of Ayurveda in comprehensive healthcare, making it a vital contributor to global health and well-being.

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Course code	Name of Course
AyUG-KC	Kayachikitsa including Manasa Roga, Rasayana and Vajikarana

Table 1 : Course learning outcomes and mapped PO

SR1 CO No	A1 Course learning Outcomes (CO) AyUG-KC At the end of the course AyUG-KC, the students should be able to-	B1 Course learning Outcomes mapped with program learning outcomes.
CO1	Appraise the knowledge of health and diseases along with principles and practices of kayachikitsa in various ailments of adult population in alignment with Trisutra concept.	PO1
CO2	Integrate the application of multidisciplinary sciences, tools and techniques for a biopsychosocial approach towards diagnosis, prognosis & management of diseases including anukta roga to restore dhatusamya.	PO2,PO3,PO5
CO3	Construct treatment plans/protocols applying yukti in accordance with the Chikitsa sutra including pathya apathya with appropriate documentation adhering to legal, safety and regulatory standards.	PO1,PO3,PO4,PO5
CO4	Demonstrate the application of Rasayana and Vajikarana as prophylactic, therapeutic, restorative and palliative medicine.	PO1,PO4,PO5
CO5	Perform various skills (Karma kaushalya) in dealing with atyayika avastha including first aid and primary management.	PO2,PO4,PO5
CO6	Demonstrate self directedness in pursuit of new advancements in the field of biomedical research and government health care policies.	PO7,PO9
CO7	Demonstrate agility, virtuous, ethical behaviour, compassion and communicate effectively with patients, relatives, and stakeholders about the prognosis and treatment including informed consent.	PO6,PO8,PO9

Table 2 : Contents of Course

-	er 1 (Vyadhi Vishesha Chikitsa - 1)	DO	C	D2	E	Ба
Sr. No	A2 List of Topics	B2 Term	C2 Marks	D2 Lecture hours	E2 Non- Lecture hours Theory	E2 Non- Lecture hours Practica l
1	Kaya, Chikitsa and Kayachikitsa - Nirukti, Paribhasha, Paryaya and Bheda Explanation of Kaya, Chikitsa and Kayachikitsa according to different Classical texts	1	3	1	1	0
2	 Clinical ethics in the practice of Kayachikitsa Doctor patient relationship Good communication skills Ethical and legal issues in the practice of Kayachikitsa(Ayurveda Medicine) . 	1	7	1	0	4
3	Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa, Aushadha yoga and Pathyaapathya of Jvara (SP51/TM2) • Nava jvara chikitsa • Jeerna jvara chikitsa • Nija jvara and Sannipataja jvara chikitsa • Agantuja jvara chikitsa • Dhatugata jvara chikitsa • Vishama jvara chikitsa • Punaravartaka jvara chikitsa	1	22	11	7	4
4	 Anuktaroga treatment principles based on Doshadushyadi vivechana Chikitsa yojana of Anukta roga Anukta roga upadrava chikitsa 	1		1	1	2
5	 Chikitsa of Sankramika jvara Vishama jvara(Malaria) Antrika jvara(Typhoid) Dandaka jvara(Dengue) 	1		2	4	8

	 Sandhiga sannipata jvara(Chikungunya) Mastishkavarana shotha jvara(Meningitis) Mastishka shotha(Encephalitis) Shwasanaka jvara(Pneumonia) 					
6	 Chikitsa of Rasa pradoshaja vikara Pandu roga (SL80) Hematopoietic diseases - Raktalpata(Anaemia), Kuposhanajanya raktalpata(Nutritional Anaemia) Anuvanshika raktavikara- (Thalassemia, hemoglobinopathies, Sickle cell Anaemia), Raktakarka (Leukaemia), Haemolytic anaemia, Thrombocytopenia Hridroga ,Hridshoola (SL61, SL6Z) Uchcha raktachaapa (Hypertension), Hrudgata dhamanisanga vikara (Coronary artery disease-Ischemic heart disease and Myocardial Infarction), Hrudgata rakta -Sankulanjanya karya- akshamata(congestive cardiac failure). Hrudgati vaishamya(Conduction defects of heart) Aamavata (SP11) (Rheumatoid Arthritis) Madatyaya (SQ20) 	2	18	12	6	16
7	 Chikitsa of Rakta pradoshaja vikara Kaamala (SM41, SM42, SM43) Jaundice Yakrut shotha(Hepatitis), , Yakrutdalyodara(Liver cirrhosis), Madyaatirek janya yakrut vikara(Alcoholic liver disease) and Madya-etar karana janya yakrut vikara(Non- Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease -NAFLD), madya-etar vasamaya- janya yakrut shotha(Non-Alcoholic Steato- hepatitis -NASH), yakrut koshakiya arbuda (Hepatocellular Carcinoma) Raktapitta (SL81) Raktaskandana sambandhi vikara (Coagulation disorders) Vanshanugata adhiraktasrava pravrutti (Heriditary - Haemophilia), Acquired- Immune thrombocytopenia -ITP Vatarakta (SP14) Gout Parisariya sira dhamaniya vikara (Peripheral vascular diseases) Mada, Murchha, Sanyasa (SQ22, SP98) Visarpa (SN4T)Erysipelas, Shingles, 	2	24	22	11	18

	 Kushtha and Kilasa/Shwitra (SN40, SN43, SN46, SN48, SN49, SN4A, SN4B SN4D, SN4P, SN4U) Anurjatajanya tvak vikara(Allergic skin disorders - Atopic dermatitis/Eczyma, Urticaria), shalkayukta tvak vikara (Squamous lesions) - Psoriasis, Shewalikabha tvak vikara (Lichen planus), Visphota (Bullous lesion), Udasphotanvika tvak vikara (Pemphigus and Pemphigoid lesions) Sheetapitta, Udarda, Kota and Utkota (SN4K, SN4L) Daha 					
8	 Chikitsa of Kshudra roga Identification and chikitsa of - Yavaprakhya(SN5Y), Andhalaji(SN5Y), Vivritta(SN5Y), Kacchapika,(SN9Y) Indravriddha, Gardabhi, Jalagardabha(SM0Y), Irivellika(SN5Y), Gandhanama(SN5Y), Kaksha(SN4T), Visphotaka(SN4P), Agnirohini, Vidarika(SP9Y), Sharkararbuda(SP71), Pama(SN46), Vicharchika(SN43), Rakasa(SN40), Padadari, Alasa(SN48), Masurika, Tilkalaka(SN4E), Masaka(SN4H), Nyaccha(SN5Y), Vyanga(SN4G), Nilika(SN41) Identification and chikitsa of - Ajagallika(SN5Y), Valmika(SN5Y), Panasika, Pashanagardabha(SM1D), Chippa, Kunakha(SN6Y), Anushayi(SP9Y), Kadara(SN9Y), Indralupta(SN90), Darunaka(SN91), Arumshika(SN70), Palitya, Yuvanpidika(SN4V), Padminikantaka(SN5Y), Jatumani(SN4F), Charmakeela, Parivaritika(SN0A), Avapatika, Niruddhaprakasha(SN0A), Sannirudhaguda(SM5Y), Ahiputana(SN5Y), Vrishanakacchu(SN40), Gudabhramsha(SM55) 	3	5	2	1	2
9	Chikitsa of Mamsapradoshaja and	3	16	8	2	8

	Medopradoshaja vikara Galaganda (SL0Y) Gandamala (SL08) Arbuda (SP72) Shosha (SP2Y) Karshya (SP61) Sthaulya (SP64) Prameha (SM8D) Madhumeha(Diabetes mellitus) (SP60) Medapachaya(Dyslipidaemia) (SP62) Sthoulya(obesity) Arbuda(Neoplasm)					
10	 Shuddha-Ashuddha chikitsa, Chikitsajanita vikara Concept of Shuddha chikitsa & Ashuddha chiktsa Preventive protocol in the General principles of Drug administration, Concept of Iatrogenic diseases Chikitsa yojana of drug induced Iatrogenic diseases 	3	5	1	2	2
Tot	al Marks		100	61	35	64

Paper 2 (Vyadhi Vishesha Chikitsa - 2)							
Sr. No	A2 List of Topics	B2 Term	C2 Marks	D2 Lecture hours	E2 Non- Lecture hours Theory	E2 Non- Lecture hours Practica l	
11	 Chikitsa of Vatavyadhi Vatavyadhi samanya chikitsa Snayugatavata Akshepaka chikitsa (SK 30) Pakshaghata chikitsa(SK22) (Cerebrovascular accident) Ekangavata(SK22), Sarvangavata(SK22) Kampavata(SK52) (Parkinson's Disease) 	1	24	16	6	26	

	 Ardita(SK20) (Bell's palsy) Manyastambha(SP44) Jihwastambha(SK22) Avabahuka(SP15), Vishwachi(SK51) Gridhrasi(SP20) (Sciatica) Khanja(SK2Y), Pangu(SK21), Kalayakhanja Padadaha(SK51), Padaharsha(SK54) Parisareeya Nadishotha(Peripheral Neuropathy) Urustambha(SP46) Udarvarta(SM35) Tantrikaanughata(Guillan Barre syndrome), Tantrighata(Motor Neuron Disease), Anuprasthiya-sitamajjachadda shotha(Transverse Myelitis), Peshi dourbalya(Myasthenia Gravis) 					
12	 Chikitsa of Asthi-Majja pradoshaja vikara (SR54) (SR55) Asthisoushirya (Osteoporosis), Asthikshaya (Osteopenia) (SP00) Sandhigata vata (SP12) (Osteoarthritis), Vatakantaka(SP4Y)(Calcaneal Spur), Kateegraha(SP42(Lumbar spondylosis), Greeva graha(SP45) Kroshtuka sheersha Raktaheenatajanya dhatunasha(AvascularNecrosis) Katishoola(Lumbago), Kasheruka vyadhi(Spondylopathies), Asthisankatarbuda(Osteosarcoma) 	2	14	8	4	11
13	 Chikitsa of Pranavaha Srotodushti Vikara (TM2:SL40-SL4Z) Shwasa (SL42), Hikka(SM74) Kasa(SL41), Urahkshat Rajayakshma Tamaka Shwasa(Bronchial Asthma) (SL40) Jirna Shwasakrichchhanika (Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease) Antaraalayi Phuphphusa Vikara (Interistitial Lung Disease) Vispharah (Bronchiectasis) Phuphphusasruti(Pleural effusion) Phuphphusa arbuda (Lung Cancer) 	2	24	6	4	24
14	Chikitsa of Udakavaha srotodushti vikara	3	10	5	2	8

Tota	al Marks		100	43	24	85
16	 Chikitsa of Purishavaha srotodushti vikara (SR5A) Atisara(SM37) Pravahika(Dysentery)(SM38) Arsha (SM53) Raktatisara(Ulcerative colitis)(SM37) Krimi Bruhadaantra arbuda (Colorectal cancer) 	3	16	4	4	8
15	 Jaliyovidyutansha vaishamya(Fluid & Electrolyte Imbalance) Chikitsa of Mootravaha srotodushti vikara Mootrakrichchha (SM82) Mootraghata (SM81) Ashmari (SM8C) Mootranalika shotha(UTI), Vrikka koshika shotha(Nephritis),(SM84) vrikka nishkriyata(Renal failure) Mootraashmari(Urolithiasis) Pourusha granthi vriddhi(Benign prostatic hyperplasia) Apavrukkatva(Nephrotic Syndrome) 	3	12	4	4	8
	 Trishna Shotha(SP91) Udara-Jalodara (Ascites) (SM32) 					

Pape	e r 3 (Vyadhi Vishesha Chikitsa Evam Rasayana, Vajik	arana)				
Sr. No	A2 List of Topics	B2 Term	C2 Marks	D2 Lecture hours	E2 Non- Lecture hours Theory	E2 Non- Lecture hours Practica l
17	 Chikitsa of Annavaha srotodushti vikara Agnimandya, Aruchi/ Arochaka Ajeerna/ Alasaka/ Vishuchika, Vilambika(SM 3A 3B) Aanaha/ Aatopa/ Aadhmana(SM31) Amlapitta(SM-39), Bhasmaka 	1	16	12	4	14

	 Parinama shoola, Annadrava shoola- (SM 3A,3B,3C,3D,3E), Shoola (SM33) Chhardi(SM-3L) Gulma(SM 3K) Grahani(SM -36) Annadravashoola-Parinamashoola(Acid peptic disease) Amlapitta(Gastro esophageal reflux disease) Grahani(Irritable bowel syndrome) Udarastha karkatarbuda-Malignancies of abdomen (Ca Pancreas, Ca Duodenum/Stomach) 					
18	 Chikitsa of Manovaha srotas dushti vikara Manasika vikara like Kaama, krodha, 	2	10	8	4	8
	 Lobha, Mada, Maatsarya, Shoka, Bhaya, Dainya, Harsha Unmada roga (SQ03) Apasmara roga(SK30) Atattvabhinivesha(SQ04) Chittodvega & Vishada Chinta(General Anxiety Disorder) Nidra vikara(Sleep Disorder) Bhaavodvega(Somatoform and mood disorder) Pratyabalajanya vikara(Stress induced disorder) Kaamonmada(Psychosexual disorders) Atattvabhinivesha(Obsessive compulsive disorder,Nurotic disorder) Vyaktatva evum swabhav viparyaya(Personality and behavioral disorder) Manoavasada(Depression) Medhya rasayana in Manoroga Identification of Bhutonmada and its basic management 					
19	 Chikitsa of of Antahsravi Granthi vyadhi Avatuka Granthi(Thyroid) Disorders: Manda vatuka(Hypothyroidism) & Tivra 	2	10	4	4	4
	 vatuka(Hyperthyroidism)(SP9Y) Pravaravatuka Granthi Vyadhis (Parathyroid) Disorders: 					

	Hypoparathyroidism & Hyperparathyroidism					
	 Piyusha Granthi vikara(Pituitary Disorders): 					
	Hypopitutarism-vamanata(Dwarfism)(SP9Y) Atihrisvata & Hyperpitutarism- Dirghakayata(Gigantism) (Atidirgha) and Vikayata(Acromegaly)					
	Udakameha(Diabetes Insipidus)					
	 Adhivrikka granthi vikara(Adrenal gland Disorders): 					
	Hyperaldosteronism- Tivra upavrikkasrava(Addison's disease) & Hypoaldosteronism-Upavrikkasrava mandya(Cushing's Syndrome)					
20	Chikitsa of Vyadhikshamatva vikara	2	8	3	4	3
	 Vyadhikshamatva heenata vikara (Immunodeficiency diseases -Primary and secondary immune deficiency disorders) Atmapratirodha-Kshamatva Vikara (Auto immune disorders) Pratirakshaja(Systemic Lupus Erythematosis-SLE) Vamshakasheru ruk(Ankylosing Spondylitis-AS) Drutotak(Multiple Sclerosis-MS) Aamavata(Rheumatoid Arthritis) Atisamvedanasheelata-janya vyadhi (Hypersensitiviy Reactions) 					
21	Chikitsa of Shukravaha srotasa vikara	3	8	3	4	4
	 Klaibya (SN02) Shukralpata (SN03) Shukradosha Kshinashukra Dhwajabhang Kapourushya(Male hypogonadism) Napunsakatva(Impotence) Vandhyatva(Infertility) 					
22	Chikitsa of Guhya roga	3	8	2	2	2
	• Phiranga(SN31) Upadamsha(SN30)					

Tot	al Marks		100	46	31	61
25	 Chikitsa of Jarajanya vikara and Indriyapradoshaja vikara Jarajanya vikara(Geriatric Disorders) Indriyapradoshaja vikara(sensory & cranial nerve disorders) Smritilopa(Alzheimer's disease) 	3	8	2	2	12
	 Principles, indications & dosage of Rasayana according to the ayu(age) Aachara Rasayana in clinical practice Evidence based Rasayana Naimittika rasayana Medhya rasayana Kanthya rasayana Varnya rasayana Keshya rasayana Chikitsa karmukatva, Matra, Sevana kala & Anupana of various Vyadhihara rasayana 					
23	 Visalpa(Helpes Shilplex)(SIV(FI) Vajikarana Principles, benefits & need for Vajikarana Shuddha Shukra, Vajikarana dravya in Shukravaha srotodushti vikara Vajikarana dravya in Klaibya(infertility) & Shandhatva(impotency) Interpretation of investigation in Shukravaha srotodushti vikara Phalashruti, Sevana kala, Matra & Anupana of various Vajikarana yoga Rasayana 	3	12	6	3	6
	 Phiranga(Syphilis)(SN31) Puyameha(Gonorrhoea)(SN30) Vankshaneeya lasika granthikanarbud(Lymphomagranuloma Inguinale) Phirangiya vrana(Soft Chancroid) Visarpa(Herpes Simplex)(SN4T) 					

A3 Cour se out come	B3 Learning Objective (At the end of the session, the students should be able to)		C3 Domai n/sub	D3 MK / DK / NK	E3 Level	F3 T-L method	G3 Assessmen t	H3 Assess ment Type	I3 Ter m	K3 Integra tion	L3 Type
Topic 1	1 Kaya, Chikitsa and Kayachikitsa - Nirukti, Pari	bhasha, P	aryaya ar	nd Bheda	(LH :1)	NLHT: 1	NLHP: 0)				
A3	B3		C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I 3	K3	L3
CO1	Explain the Nirukti, Paribhasha, Paryaya and Bheda of 'Kaya', 'Chikitsa' and 'Kayachikitsa'.	the term	CC	МК	KH	L&PPT ,REC	M-POS,VV -Viva,PRN, QZ	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1	Advice the appropriate type of Chikitsa to the simulated case		САР	МК	KH	RP,DIS	CBA,Log b ook,VV- Viva	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT1.1
Non Lo	ecture Hour Theory										
S.No	Name of Activity	Desc	ription of	Theory A	ctivity						
NLHT	1.1 Selection of the appropriate treatment for a simulated case, enacted role play					· •	ogi, and bystar	nder) to 3 s	tudent	s of the allo	otted batch
			StudentsThe men	prepare the ntor instructed role pla	emselves ts other str ay based of	to perform udents(viev n the Chiki	their assigned wers) in the ba tsa bheda (Dy remarks	tch to draf	t an app	propriate C	hikitsa for

S.No		Name of Practical	Desc	ription of	Practical	Activity	,					
Topic	2 Clinic	cal ethics in the practice of Kayachikitsa (L	H :1 NLI	HT: 0 NL	HP: 4)							
A3		B3		C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	К3	L3
CO7	Explain the ethical principles, effective communication and professionalism in clinical practice			CC	МК	КН	L&PPT	M-POS,VV -Viva,DEB, COM,PRN	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO7	Practice healthca	e good communication skills and professionalism are	n skills and professionalism in AFT- RES MK SH SIM P-EXAM,P- PRF,PM F&S I - NLHP2.							NLHP2.1		
CO7	D7 Perform the ethical decision-making skills in clinical practice AFT- RES MK SH CBL P-RP,P-EX AM,CBA F&S I - NLHP2.2						NLHP2.2					
Non Lecture Hour Theory												
S.No		Name of Activity	Desc	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
Non L	ecture H	Iour Practical										
S.No		Name of Practical	Desc	ription of	Practical	Activity	,					
NLHP	2.1	Communication skill and professionalism	Simul	lation - bec	lside 2 hou	rs						
	 The mentor selects few students from the allotted batch, takes them to the simulation bedside and assigns the role of Doctor and Patient The mentor provides the instructions to be followed by each one (doctor, patient and viewers) and advises them to play their roles efficiently The Viewers (Students) need to be vigilant and notify any discrepancy/breech during the process of communication/professionalism between doctor and patient The mentor concludes the session with final remarks 											

NLHP	2.2	Ethical Principles in Clinical Practice	Case ba	ased learn	ing - 2 ho	ırs						
			The Me	entor prov	vides case	scenarios	pertaining t	0				
Торіс	3 Samp	rapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa, Au	Student clinical The me The me The me	Balancir Ethical h Resource Confider Ethical h ts enact th ethics entor obse entors ser entors pro	ng Benefic nandling of e allocation ntiality nandling of ne scenario erves the et ve as obser vide the co	ence and N end-of-lin n in a crisi medical e , discuss a hical deci vers and f oncluding	Non- Malef fe decisions errors and present sion makin facilitators remarks	the given case g skills of the s	students			-
A3		B3		C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO3	Detail t Shadkri	he treatment algorithm for Jvara according to stage yakala	es of	CC	МК	KH	L&PPT ,L&GD	P-REC,T-C S,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Taruna	a treatment plan for Saama stages in Jvara and expla jvara Chikitsa (Nava jvara Chikitsa/Pachana-upaya a in Jvara)		CS	МК	KH	REC,L &PPT ,L&GD	T-CS,P-RE C,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3		a treatment plan for Nirama stages in Jvara and expl jvara chikitsa(Jeerna jvara chikitsa)	lain	CS	МК	KH	DIS,RE C,L&PP T	P-EXAM,V V-Viva,T- CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH

CO1, CO3	Describe the management of Nija jvara and Sannipata jvara	CC	МК	KH	L&PPT ,REC,L &GD	T-CS,VV- Viva,P- EXAM	F&S	I	_	LH
CO1, CO3	Describe the management of Agantuja jvara	CC	MK	KH	PER,L& PPT ,L&GD	PRN,T-CS, VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Detail the Dhatugata jvara Chikitsa	CC	MK	KH	L,L&G D,L&PP T ,DIS	T-CS,PRN, VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Describe the management of Vishama jvara	CC	MK	KH	L&PPT ,REC,L	INT,VV-Vi va,P-EXA M,T-CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Plan the treatment according to the status of Ojus in Punaravartaka jvara	CS	MK	KH	REC,L, L&PPT	VV-Viva,P RN,DEB,T- CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Differentiate the appropriate Shodhana and Shamana Chikitsa in Jvara	СК	МК	KH	L&PPT ,L,L&G D	PRN,INT,V V-Viva	F&S	Ι	Н-КВ	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain the Bahirparimarjana chikitsa and Daivavyapasraya chikitsa in the management of Jvara	CAN	МК	КН	L&PPT ,L&GD	T-CS,VV- Viva,INT	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Prescribe the Pathyapathya and Rasayana in the management of Jvara	CS	MK	KH	L,DIS,L &PPT	DEB,PRN,I NT,T-CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO2	Discuss the Avastha and construct the Chikitsa yojana of Jvara	CC	МК	KH	CBL,DI S,TBL	P-CASE,P RN,P- VIVA	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT3.1

CO1, CO2		the clinical understanding of Nija jvara,Sannipata jv gantuja jvara and construct the Chikitsa yojana.	vara	CC	МК	КН		P-VIVA,IN T,P-EXAM	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT3.2
CO1, CO3	Discuss	the importance of Langhana Chikitsa in Jvara		CC	МК	КН	L&GD, FC,CBL	T-CS,CL- PR	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT3.3
CO1, CO3	Point ou in Jvara	at the importance of Ksheera prayoga and Ghrita pra	yoga	CAN	МК	КН	CBL,L &GD,F C	INT,T- CS,PRN	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT3.4
CO1, CO3		the clinical understanding of Dhatugata jvara, Visha unaravartaka jvara and construct the Chikitsa yojana		CC	МК	КН	REC,L &GD,D IS	PRN,T- CS,DEB	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT3.5
CO1, CO3		the clinical understanding and management of various of Jvara.	ous	CC	MK	KH	L&GD, PBL,BS	P-EXAM,P RN,T-CS	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT3.6
CO1, CO3		e Phalashruti,Sevanakala,Matra,Anupana of the give ha kalpana	en	СК	МК	K	SDL,PE R,L&G D	INT,DEB,P RN	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT3.7
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Demon	strate and write a case and construct the Chikitsa of .	Jvara	PSY- GUD	МК	SH	CBL,C D,D-BE D,LRI	PRN,P-VIV A,P-CASE, P-EXAM	F&S	I	-	NLHP3.1
Non L	ecture H	lour Theory					•					
S.No		Name of Activity	Desci	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT	3.1	Clinical understanding and treatment of Jvara according to its different stages(Avasthanusara Jvara chikitsa)	0/									

		 A few students are selected and divided into 3 teams. Each team is allotted a specific stage of Jvara (Ama, Pachyamana, and Pakva) along with its management. The teams refer to and compile material from library sources and prepare a presentation. Each team presents the allotted topic. Other students are encouraged to interact and discuss the presentations under the supervision of the mentor. The mentor provides concluding remarks on the presentations.
NLHT 3.2	Clinical understanding of Nija jvara,Sannipataja jvara and Agantuja jvara and its Chikitsa yojana	Case Based Learning, Simulation
		 The mentor allots simulated cases on the topic to the students. The students are expected to diagnose and chart out an appropriate Chikitsa yojana along with its Pathyapathya. A discussion is generated among the students on the given topic. The mentor concludes the class with remarks.
NLHT 3.3	Importance of Langhana Chikitsa in Jvara	Flipped class room, Group discussion
		 Students are asked to prepare a presentation on the role of Langhana Chikitsa in Jvara. The next day, students present the allotted topic. Students are encouraged to participate in the discussion. The mentor supervises the process and provides guidance.
NLHT 3.4	Importance of Ksheera prayoga and Ghrita prayoga in Jvara	Group Discussion, Flipped class room
		 The students are divided into 2 groups. Topic is assigned to two groups as follows-: One group refers to the topic of Ksheera Prayoga in Jvara. The other group is allotted the topic of Ghrita Prayoga in Jvara.

		 Both groups present their respective topics in the class using PowerPoint. A discussion is conducted among the students on the given topic. The mentor supervises the discussion and concludes the class with remarks.
NLHT 3.5	Clinical understanding and management of Dhatugata jvara, Vishama jvara and Punaravartaka jvara	Group Discussion, Recitation
		 The students are instructed to refer to the management of Dhatugata jvara Vishama jvara and Punaravartaka jvara from Samhitas/Ayurvedic Literature The students are asked to start a discussion on the topic. The mentor supervises the process and provides guidance.
NLHT 3.6	Understanding the Nidana panchaka and framing the management of various varieties of Jvara through case scenario.	Problem based learning, Brainstorming
		 The students are divided into different groups. Each group is allotted different varieties of Jvara through case scenario All groups members discuss the problem and formulate a treatment protocol with its rationale The students start interaction and discussion on the topic. The mentor supervises the process and provides guidance.
NLHT 3.7	Phalashruti,Sevanakala,Matra,Anupana of the given Aushadha kalpana	Self directed learning, Presentation
	 Shadanga paneeya Amritottaram Kashaya Indukantam Kashaya Vishamajvara nashaka kashaya Sudarshana churna Mrityunjaya rasa Amritarishta Pippalyadi Ghrita 	 The students are divided into small groups. Each group is allotted specific Aushadha yogas. The students are asked to refer to the Aushada kalpana with its Phalashruti Sevanakala Matra Anupana The students compile the material, prepare a presentation, and present it to the class. Students are encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the mentor.

	 Aparajita dhoopa 	• The mentor provides concluding remarks on the presentations.
Non Lecture	e Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 3.1	Diagnose and constuct the Chikitsa yojana of Jvara(Nava jvara/Purana jvara/Nija jvara/Sannipata jvara/Agantuja jvara/Dhatugata jvara/Vishama jvara/Punaravartaka jvara)	Cases in the IPD 2 Bedside cases = 4 hours Demonstration bedside
		 The Mentor takes students to the ward/OPD of Kayachikitsa, dividing them into small groups. Mentor assigns each group a case OR Students in the clinical batch select a case. Mentor shows the construction of the Chikitsa yojana and documenting it in the following steps: The students shall introduce themselves to the patient and take verbal consent. The students shall interrogate the patient and document the clinical history. The students further brief the patient about the steps in examination that will be performed on him/her. The students perform the relevant clinical examinations adopting the Ayurvedic and conventional clinical methods of examination. The necessary investigations are proposed by the students. The students analyze the Nidana panchaka and the extent of alteration in Samprapti ghataka. The students interpret the collected information and state the Vyadhi nama (arrive at a tentative clinical diagnosis) following the method of Vyavachedaka nidana (differential diagnosis) The students determine the Sadhyaasadhyata (prognosis) of the disease in the patient. The students recommend Pathyaapathya to the patient. Finally, the students address the patient's doubts & acknowledge his/her cooperation in the case taking.

Торіс	4 Anuktaroga treatment principles based on Doshad	•	The mer The mer commur Remedia	ntor facilita ator evalua nication sk al measure	ates the ca tes the stu ills using s should b	ase presenta adent's perfo rubrics or cl pe implement	ormance, knov hecklists and g nted if found n	vledge, ps jives feedl	•	tor and	
A3	B3		C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	К3	L3
CO1, CO2	Formulate the Chikitsa yojana of Anukta Roga considering Nidana panchaka	its	CS	МК	КН	L&PPT	M-POS,QZ ,DEB,PRN, T-CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO2	Understand the Dosha-dushyadi vivechana in the managem Anukta roga	ent of	CC	МК	К	LS,TBL ,IBL,RP ,LRI	CL-PR,OS PE,M- POS,QZ ,OSCE	F	Ι	-	NLHT4.1
CO1, CO2	Construct the Chikitsa yojana in a case on Anukta roga alor its complications	ng with	PSY- MEC	NK	КН	PBL,SI M,CBL, LRI,D- BED	PUZ,P-CA SE,SP,P- EXAM	F&S	Ι	-	NLHP4.1
Non L	ecture Hour Theory			1		•	•				•
S.No	Name of Activity	Descri	iption of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT	4.1 Understanding of Samprapti vighatana in Anukta roga Student should illustrate the treatment of Anukta Roga based on Dosha-dushyaadi vivechana in t given situation through Poster presentation					ana in the					

		 The Mentor instructs the students to refer tutorials, library resources, and reading materials on the allotted common situation of clinical findings of Anukta roga The students in groups are instructed to present their knowledge and ideas on treating Anukta yoga based on Dosha-dushyaadi vivechan by preparing posters, charts, or e-posters. Students will accordingly present the discussed topics through poster The Mentor encourages the activity & gives concluding remarks
Non Lecture	e Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 4.1	Chikitsa yojana of Anukta roga & its complications	Students are able to plan the Chikitsa yojana for the Anukta roga & its Upadrava understanding the Doshadushya sammurchhana in a given clinical case/case scenario Case based learning - 2 Short cases x 1hour = 2 hours per batch
		 The Mentor takes students to the ward/OPD of Kayachikitsa & assigns a case of Anukta Roga. Mentor shows the art of writing a rational treatment prescription and documenting it in the following steps: The students shall introduce self to the patient and take verbal consent. The students shall interrogate the patient and document the clinical history. The students further brief the patient about the steps in examination that will be performed on him/her. The students perform the relevant clinical examinations adopting the Ayurvedic and conventional clinical methods of examination of the involved system The students interpret the collected information and state the vyadhi nama (arrive at a tentative clinical diagnosis) following the method of vyavachedaka nidana (differential diagnosis) The students formulate a rational treatment prescription for the diagnosed disease & plan the appropriate chikitsa yojana for the upadrava of anukta vyadhi if any . The students recommend pathyaapathya to the patient. & acknowledge his/her cooperation in

 the case taking. The students present and discuss the documented short case. The mentor facilitates the case presentation. The mentor evaluates the student's performance, knowledge, psychomotor and
communication skills using rubrics or checklist and gives the feedback.
 Remedial measures should be implemented if found necessary.

Topic 5 Chikitsa of Sankramika jvara (LH :2 NLHT: 4 NLHP: 8)

-	U X	<u></u>								
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I 3	K3	L3
CO1, CO2, CO3	Describe Sankramika jvara and Kasheruka-jeeva-janya vyadhi(zoonotic diseases).Explain the Ayurveda management of Vishama jvara(Malaria) and Antrika jvara(Typhoid) by comprehending the contemporary therapeutic modalities	CC	МК	К	L&PPT ,L_VC	QZ ,PRN	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Explain the ayurveda management of Vata-shlaishmika jvara(Influenza), Shwasanaka jvara(Pneumonia), COVID and H1N1 by comprehending the contemporary therapeutic modalities	CC	МК	K	L&PPT ,L_VC, L	QZ ,PRN	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Apply the Ayurveda concepts in the management of Mastishkavarana shotha jvara(Meningitis) Mastishka shotha(Encephalitis) and Dhanurvaata(Tetanus) by assessing the contemporary therapeutic approaches	САР	DK	KH	L&GD, PER,DI S	CL-PR,PR N,QZ	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT5.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	Discuss the contemporary therapeutic modalities and frame ayurveda management of Granthika sannipata jvara(Plague), and Leptospirosis	CC	NK	K	BL,L& GD,DIS ,BS	QZ ,PRN,C L-PR	F	Ι	-	NLHT5.2
CO1, CO2, CO3	Apply the Ayurveda concepts in the management of Beejanu jvara(Anthrax), and Peeta jvara(Yellow fever) by assessing the contemporary therapeutic approaches	САР	NK	KH	DIS,BS, L&GD, FC	CL-PR,PR N,QZ	F	Ι	-	NLHT5.3
CO1, CO2,	Summarize the Ayurveda management of Sandhiga sannipata jvara(Chikungunya), Dandaka jvara(Dengue) and	CS	DK	K	L&GD, RP	PRN,QZ	F	Ι	-	NLHT5.4

CO3	Shleepa approad	ada(Filariasis) by assessing the contemporary therap	oeutic									
CO1, CO2, CO3		strate the Chikitsa yojana & prepare case record in mika jvara after performing relevant clinical examir		PSY- MEC	МК	SH	D-BED, DL,CB L,PT,P BL	CBA,Mini- CEX,P-VI VA,OSCE, P-PRF	F&S	Ι	-	NLHP5.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	Comme	emoration of International days		PSY- MEC	DK	SH	PBL,RP ,RLE,F V	P-RP,Log b ook,P-SUR, P-PS,INT	F	Ι	_	NLHP5.2
Non L	ecture H	Hour Theory										
S.No		Name of Activity	Desci	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT	5.1	Approach to the diagnosis and management of Mastishkavarana shotha jvara(Meningitis) Mastishka shotha(Encephalitis) and Dhanurvaata(Tetanus		 One tea jvara(M The sec Mastish The thir diagnos The fou Follower 	dents are d m is asked eningitis), ond team p ka shotha(d team pre is of Dhan rth team do ed by group	to present resents at Encephali sents a de urvaata (T pes a prese discussio	bout the top tis), tailed prese etanus) entation on on	eams enesis and dia ic related to et ntation about the investigati ueries and giv	iopathoger the topic re ons and Pr	nesis an elated to rinciple	d diagnosi o etiopatho s of manag	s of ogenesis and
NLHT :	5.2	Approach to the diagnosis and management of Granthika sannipata jvara(Plague) and Leptospirosis		ed learni		online lea	arning mate	rial like descri	ption of th	e onlin	e link and	scientific

		 research articles Students are divided into various small groups, and they will be allotted topics related to etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, principles of management of Granthika sannipata jvara (Plague) and Leptospirosis Each group is asked to do a presentation related to the topic given Group discussion follows Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
NLHT 5.3	Approach to the diagnosis and management of Beejanu jvara (Anthrax), and Peeta jvara (Yellow	Flipped classroom
	fever)	• Student are asked to prepare notes and PPT after referring all the available books and online atudy material
		study materialOn the coming day they are asked to lead the class
		• Followed by Group Discussion
		• Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
NLHT 5.4	Approach to the diagnosis and management of Sandhiga sannipata jvara (Chikungunya) Dandaka jvara(Dengue) and Shleepada (Filariasis),	Role play
		• The students are divided into many teams
		• Each team will be assigned the role of doctor, Patient and bystander
		 They should do the role of the doctor patient and bystander The other means the set of the role of the role
		The other members of team watch the role play and contribute for its refinementMentor gives the concluding remarks
Non Lecture	e Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 5.1	Bedside case taking of the given Sankramika jvara	• The Mentor takes students to the ward/OPD of Kayachikitsa, dividing them into the clinical batch, selecting a case

batch, selecting a case.Mentor shows the art of writing a rational treatment prescription and documenting it in the

			 The stude The stude The stude The stude The stude The stude The next of the stude The next of the stude The stude 	dents shall dents furthe her. dents perfo ional clinic ressary inve- estigation r dents interp e clinical d is) dents deter	interrogate er brief the rm the rele al method estigations eports are oret the col- agnosis) f mine the S	e the patient e patient ab evant clinic ls of exami- are propos interpretec llected info following the adhyaasad	to the patient at and document out the steps in cal examination nation of the in sed by the stude 1. ormation and st he method of W hyata (prognoss nent prescriptio	nt the clini in the examination involved synchronic involved synchronic ints. ate the Vy Vyavached is) of the	cal histe ination g the Ay stem radhi na aka nid disease	ory. that will b yurvedic an ma (arrive ana (differ in the patio	nd at a ential ent.
NLHP 5		Public awareness activity related to Malaria/hepatitis/epidemic preparedness/vaccination/meningitis/encephalitis	 /National Kinesthedo an experimental Role play prevental Public of infection Organiz conduct Prepare 	al vaccinati netic learni shibition of ay- The stu ing these di outreach p us diseases a rally to medical ca a report wi	on day /W ng studen the same dents are of seases and rogram- of and educa create aw umps for th	Vorld menin ts are asked for the pub encouraged d swift action Conduct a state them. O	to perform a r on on witnessin survey among to PR out Prevention e	eld enceph ers on vari ole-play d ng the earl the public	alitis da lous asp epicting ly symp	ay(6 Hour bects of the g the impo toms. OR	s) illness and rtance of
Topic (A3	6 Chiki	tsa of Rasa pradoshaja vikara (LH :12 NLHT:	6 NLHP: 16)	D3	E3	F3	G3	НЗ	13	K3	L3
		-								КJ	
CO1, CO3		be the Chikitsa sutra of Rasavaha sroto dushti and explan prapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and chikitsa of Pandu	in CC	MK	KH	REC,L &PPT	VV-Viva,T -OBT,S-LA	F&S	II	-	LH

	roga (SL80)					Q,P-VIVA				
CO1, CO3	Design a treatment algorithm for Pandu roga according to the stages of Shadkriyakala	CS	MK	KH	L&PPT	QZ ,P-VIV A,VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Construct a Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) including Rasayana and Pathyaapathya for Pandu roga.State the Phalashruti, Aushadha Sevana-kala, matra, Anupana of the Aushadha yoga in Pandu roga • Navayasa churna • Tapyadi Lauha • Lohasava • Punarnava mandoora • Dadimadi ghrita • Drakshavalehya	САР	МК	КН	L&PPT	QZ ,VV-Vi va,P-VIVA, T-OBT	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO6	Explain the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, treatment of Raktalpata (Anaemia) and Kuposhanajanya Raktalpata (Nutritional Anaemia)	CC	DK	K	L&PPT ,L_VC	QZ ,P-VIV A,VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO2, CO6	Chart the etiopathogenesis, morphological changes in the Rudhiravarnika(RBC), clinical diagnosis and treatment of Anuvanshika rakta vikara. (Haematopoietic diseases)a. Thalassemia b. Sickle cell Anaemia c. Haemolytic anaemia	САР	NK	K	SDL,DI S,PER,P L	QZ ,M-CH T,M-POS,P RN,VV- Viva	F	II	-	NLHT6.1
CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and treatment of Raktakarkah (Leukemia)	CC	NK	K	PER,DI S,PL	VV- Viva,WP	F	II	-	NLHT6.2
CO1, CO2,	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, treatment of Rudhiravarnika vikara (Haemoglobinopathies).	CC	NK	K	PL,SDL ,DIS,FC	QZ ,WP,V V-Viva	F	II	-	NLHT6.3

CO6										
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana and chikitsa of Hridroga and Hridshoola (SL61, SL6Z)	CC	MK	K	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS	F&S	Π	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Construct a Chikitsa yojana including the Rasayana and Pathyaapathya for Hridroga and state the Phalashruti, Aushadha sevana kala, Matra, Anupana of the following Aushadha yoga in Hridshoola/Hridroga. (SL61, SL6Z) • Prabhakara vati • Hridayarnava rasa • Arjunarishta • Drakshasava • Nagarjunabhra rasa	САР	МК	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T -OBT,P-VI VA,PUZ,Q Z	F&S	Π	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO6	Explain the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and treatment of Uchcha Raktachapa (Hypertension) and Nyuna Raktachapa (Hypotension)	CC	МК	К	L&PPT ,L_VC	QZ ,T-CS, VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO2, CO6	Demonstrate an algorithm for etiopathogenesis and diagnosis of Samanya parisancharana- tantragata- roga (common cardiovascular diseases) and discuss the treatment strategies in brief	САР	DK	КН	DIS,PL, SDL	VV- Viva,QZ , M-CHT,M- MOD	F&S	II	-	NLHT6.4
CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis along with treatment of Raktapravaha-hinata-janya hridroga - Hritshoola, Hritpeshiraktalpata, and Hritpeshirodhah (Coronary Artery Diseases- Angina Pectoris, Ischemic heart disease and Myocardial Infarction).	CC	DK	К	TBL,DI S,PBL	PUZ,QZ ,VV-Viva	F&S	Π	-	NLHT6.5
CO1,	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis along with principles of	CC	DK	K	DIS,TB	T-OBT,VV-	F&S	II		NLHT6.

CO2, CO6	management in Raktaja Hridghaatah (Congestive Cardiac failure) and Hritpaatah (Cardiac arrest and conductive disorders of the cardia).				L,PBL	Viva,T-CS				
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra incorporating the applicable Shadvidhopakrama in Aamavata (Rheumatoid Arthritis) (SP11).	CC	МК	K	L&PPT	VV-Viva,S- LAQ	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Design a treatment algorithm according to the stages of Shadkriyakala and construct a chikitsa yojana including Pathyapathya for Aamavata.	CS	МК	KH	L&PPT	T-OBT,T- CS	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	 State the Phalashruti, Sevana kala, Matra, and Anupana of the Aushadha yoga in Aamavata. Panchakola kvatha Amavatari rasa Ajamodadi churna Maharasnadi kvatha Yogaraja guggulu Simhanada guggulu Eranda taila Brihat saindhavadi taila 	СК	МК	K	L&PPT	QZ ,T-OBT ,VV- Viva,PUZ	F&S	Π	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Describe the Samprapti vighatana of Madatyaya and explain the Chikitsa-sutra along with Chikitsa, Pathya-apathya of Madatyaya.	CC	DK	K	L,L&PP T	VV-Viva	F	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	 State the Phalashruti, Aushadha sevana kala, Matra and Anupana of the following aushadha yoga in Madatyaya (SQ20) Shrikhandasava Kharjuradi mantha 	СК	DK	K	L,L&PP T	VV-Viva	F	II	-	LH

CO7 CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6,	 D1, Design a Chikitsa yojana for the clinical case of Rasa pradoshaja vikara. D3, Vikara. 		PSY- GUD	МК	SH	CD,PER ,PSM,L RI,CBL	CBA,P-CA SE,CWS ,R K,PP- Practical	F&S	Π	-	NLHP6.3
		adoshaja		MK	SH	ŕ	· ·	F&S	II	-	NLHP6.3
CO3, CO6, CO7	Design a Chikitsa voigna for the clinical case of Pass produchais					,PER,PS M	CHK,CWS				
CO1, CO2,	Sketch a rational treatment prescription for the diagnose Rasa pradoshaja vikara	d case of	PSY- GUD	МК	SH	D-BED, LRI,CD	DOAP,P-V IVA,CBA,	F&S	II	_	NLHP6.2
CO2, CO5, CO6	Demonstrate the steps of Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation on a mannequin (Simulator) in a simulating laboratory.	on (CPR)	PSY- MEC	МК	SH	W,D-M, SIM,PT	P- EXAM,Log book,SA,O SPE,CHK	F	II	_	NLHP6.1

		 The students are instructed to collect adequate information and materials related to the topic by utilizing library facility and e-resources. Student prepare e-posters/posters/ charts related to their topics. On the day of presentation, the students are given a brief introduction on the topic by the mentor as a set induction. It is followed by students presenting their e-posters/posters/charts during the alloted class. All students involve in a discussion on the topics presented. The students clarify their doubts with the presenter and the mentor. The mentor gives the concluding remarks
NLHT 6.2	Leukemia and its treatment	 Oral presentation using Audio-visual aids An audio-visual presentation on different varieties of Leukemia along with its treatment to have a gross understanding about the disease. The mentor allots the topics to a randomly picked group of students on a prior date. The students refer the related material utilizing institutional library facilities and e-resources and prepare their oral presentations using audio visual aids. The students in the class are given a brief introduction on the topic by the mentor as a set induction on the day of presentation. The students proceed with their oral presentations followed by a classroom discussion. Students clarify their doubts with the presenter/ mentor. The mentor gives the concluding remarks.
NLHT 6.3	Haemoglobinopathies	 Flipped classroom Students learn the varieties of etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, and treatment for Haemoglobinopathies. The students learn and come prepared for the given topic. The mentor gives an introduction about Haemoglobinopathies as a set induction. Students discuss their views on the given topic and put forth their queries to the mentor.

		 The Mentor answers the queries and motivates a healthy interactive session. The mentor concludes with an appreciation to the students for their interactive participation. 						
NLHT 6.4	Common Cardiovascular Diseases	Making of charts/ Model making Student learn to classify different Cardio vascular diseases and discuss about their treatment principle in brief, using charts and models.						
		 Mentor introduces the topic and gives sufficient time for students to prepare the materials. Students present charts/ models either individually or in groups. Students are encouraged to discuss on the topic. The Mentor concludes the topic. 						
NLHT 6.5	Diagnosis and treatment of Raktapravaha-hinata- janya hridroga with special reference to Coronary Artery Diseases	Problem based learning/ Case scenario Students are encouraged to recognise the abnormality in ECG and interpret the changes related to Coronary artery diseases and plan the suitable treatment.						
		 The students are given a brief introduction to the topic by their mentor. The mentor presents various case scenarios along with abnormal patterns of ECG. The mentor discusses the probable diagnosis and possible treatment plans. The students discuss in small groups and present their findings mentioning the treatment. Finally Mentor concludes the topic. 						
NLHT 6.6	Diagnosis and management of Raktaja Hridghaatah and Hritpaatah (Congestive Cardiac failure, Cardiac arrest and Conductive disorders of the Cardia)	Problem-based learning/ Case scenario Students are encouraged to recognize the abnormality in ECG and interpret the changes related to Congestive Cardiac failure, Cardiac arrest, and Conductive disorders of the Cardia. Suitable planning of treatment is also studied. Refer to the steps mentioned in NLHT 6.5						

S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity						
NLHP 6.1	Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Description	Workshop - Hands on training program on CPR (Utilisation of 8 NLHP)) Preferable occasion shall be WORLD HEART DAY (If not possible, any convenient time in the given term must be utilised).						
		 Students are made into small groups and sent to the simulation laboratory. A pre-test analysis of students' knowledge on CPR is done by sharing a questionnaire to each student. Demonstrator demonstrates the procedure of CPR on the mannequin. Each student shall perform the CPR technique on the mannequin. Student's skill evaluation is done by the mentor through any suitable assessment method like following OSPE stations. A post-test analysis of students' knowledge on CPR is done by sharing a questionnaire to each student and compared with pre-test scores. Remedial measures are suggested if needed. 						
NLHP 6.2	Short cases presentation in Rasa pradoshaja vikara	 Case taking, documentation and presentation of short clinical cases from any of the Rasa Pradoshaja Vikara, selected from the OPD of Kayachikitsa of the attached treatment hospital. 2 short cases = 2 NLHP per batch Type of cases to be selected: Pandu Roga (Any variety), Hridroga, Hritshoola, Madatyaya, Uchcha raktachapa, Bhrama. Requirement: Students must document and demonstrate a minimum of 2 short cases per clinical batch in their clinical diary/ clinical observation book. Later short cases may be chosen from the list to document in the case record. Refer the short case framework as in NLHP 5.1 						
NLHP 6.3	Long cases presentation in Rasapradoshaja vikara	 Case taking, documentation and presentation of Long clinical cases from any of the Rasa Pradoshaja Vikara, selected from the IPD of Kayachikitsa of the attached treatment hospital. (3 Long cases = 6 NLHP per batch) Type of cases: Any variety of Pandu Roga, Aamavata, Hridroga, Hritshoola, Madatyaya 						

Topic	 Requirement: Students must document and demonstrate a minimum of 3 Long cases per clinical batch in their clinical diary/ clinical observation book. Later long cases may be ch from the list to document into the case record. Refer the Long case framework as mentioned in NLHP 3.1 Topic 7 Chikitsa of Rakta pradoshaja vikara (LH :22 NLHT: 11 NLHP: 18)											
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I 3	К3	L3		
CO1, CO3	Explain the Chikitsa sutra of Rakta Pradoshaja vikara. Differentiate the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and chikitsa of Koshthashrita Kaamala with Shakhashrita Kaamala. (SM41, SM42, SM43)	CC	МК	К	L&PPT ,REC	T-OBT,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	LH		
CO1, CO3	Design a treatment algorithm for Koshthashrita Kaamala and Shakhashrita Kaamala as per the stages of Shadkriyakala. Describe the Chikitsa of Kumbha Kaamala, Halimaka (laaghavaka, alasa)	CS	МК	КН	L&PPT ,L,DIS	T-OBT,VV -Viva,P- VIVA	F&S	II	-	LH		
CO1, CO3	Construct a Chikitsa yojana including the Pathyaapathya in Koshthashrita Kaamala & Shakhashrita Kaamala and state the Phalashruti, Aushadha sevana kala, Matra, Anupana of the Aushadha yoga in Kaamala roga. • Vasaguduchyadi kashaya • Patoladi kvatha • Yakrutplihari lauha • Arogayavardhini vati • Drakshavalehya • Mahatiktaka ghrita • Triphala kashaya	САР	МК	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- OBT,WP	F&S	Π	-	LH		

CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, principles of management of Yakrut shotha (Infective and Non-Infective Hepatitis)	CC	DK	K	PBL,L& GD,CB L	WP,VV-Vi va,P- VIVA,QZ	F&S	II	-	NLHT7.1
CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, and principles of management of Yakrutdalyodara/ Yakrutadhitantrujah (Liver cirrhosis).	CC	DK	К	L&PPT	QZ ,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the etio-pathogenesis, diagnosis and principles of management of Madyaatirek-janya yakrut-vikara (Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease), Madyetar karana-janya yakrut-vikara (Non- Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease -NAFLD) and Madyetar vasamaya- janya yakrut-shotha (Non-Alcoholic Steato-hepatitis -NASH).	CC	DK	K	CD,PER ,PBL	QZ ,PUZ,WP	F&S	II	-	NLHT7.2
CO2, CO6	Describe the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and principles of management of Yakrut koshakiya arbuda (Hepato cellular Carcinoma)	CC	DK	К	L&PPT	P-VIVA,V V-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Elaborate the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa and Pathyaapathya of Raktapitta and design a treatment algorithm for Raktapitta (SL81) according to the stages of Shadkriyakala.	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT	VV- Viva,QZ	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Construct a Chikitsa yojana including the Pathyaapathya in Vividha margagata Raktapitta	CAP	MK	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva,P- VIVA	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	 State the Phalashruti, Aushadha sevana kala, Matra, Anupana of the Aushadha yoga in Raktapitta. Vasa putapaka swarasa Bolabaddha rasa Lodhrasava Vasaguduchyadi kashaya Chandrakala rasa Vasa ghrita 	СК	МК	К	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- OBT,QZ ,P- VIVA	F&S	Ш	-	LH

CO2, CO6	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, and principles of management of Raktaskandana sambandhi vikara (Coagulation disorders) and Vanshanugata adhiraktasrava pravrutti (Hereditary - Haemophilia)	CC	NK	К	PER,DI S	QZ ,VV-Vi va,CL-PR	F	II	-	NLHT7.3
CO2, CO6	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and treatment of Uparjit ghanasra kosha nyunata (Acquired- Immune thrombocytopenia -ITP), Vyapak antah siradhamani raktaskandata (Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation -DIC)	CC	NK	K	PER,DI S	VV- Viva,QZ ,CL-PR	F	Π	-	NLHT7.4
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Avastha anusara (Uttana Gambheera) Chikitsa sutra of Vatarakta (SP14)	CC	МК	K	L&PPT ,REC	S-LAQ,P-V IVA,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Design a treatment algorithm stating Samanya and Doshanusara chikitsa in Vatarakta according to Shadkriyakala.	CS	МК	КН	REC,L &PPT	P-VIVA,T- OBT,S-LA Q,VV- Viva,QZ	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Construct a Chikitsa yojana along with Pathyaapathya for Vatarakta	САР	МК	КН	REC,L &PPT	QZ ,T-OBT ,P-VIVA,V V-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	 State the Phalashruti, Aushadha sevana kala, Matra, Anupana for the Aushadha yoga in Vatarakta Kaishora guggulu Amruta guggulu Gruhadhumadi pralepa Madhuyashtyadi taila Pinda taila Kokilakshadi kvatha 	СК	МК	К	REC,L &PPT	VV- Viva,QZ	F&S	Π	-	LH

CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the various clinical presentations of Gout and discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and principles of management of Gouty arthritis in parlance with Vatarakta.	CC	DK	КН	L&GD, DIS,PE R,SDL	M-POS,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	NLHT7.5
CO1, CO2, CO6	Describe the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, principles of management of Parisariya sira dhamaniya vikara (Peripheral vascular disorders).	CC	NK	K	L&PPT	VV-Viva	F	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Illustrate the various Parisariya sira dhamaniya vikara (Peripheral vascular disorders).	САР	NK	КН	BS,TP W,PER, TBL,DI S	M-CHT,V V-Viva,M- MOD	F	Π	-	NLHT7.6
CO1, CO2, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Samanya chikitsa and Vegakaleena chikitsa of Mada, Murchha and Sanyasa (SQ22, SP98).	CC	DK	K	L&PPT	VV-Viva	F	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa of Visarpa.Design a treatment algorithm for it according to the stages of Shadkriyakala.Appraise the applicable Shadvidhopakrama in the Chikitsa of Visarpa (SN4T)	CC	МК	K	L&PPT ,REC	T-OBT,VV -Viva,S- LAQ	F&S	Π	_	LH
CO1, CO3	Construct a Chikitsa yojana along with Aushadha yoga and Pathyapathya in Visarpa.State the Phalashruti, Sevana kala, Matra, Anupana of the following Aushadha yoga in Visarpa • Mahatiktaka kashaya • Pravala pishti • Tiktaka ghrita • Amrutadi kvatha/kashaya • Shirisha lepa • Manjishthadi kashaya	САР	МК	КН	L&PPT	T-OBT,VV- Viva,T-CS	F&S	Π	-	LH

CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the various clinical presentations of Visarpa (Shingles, Erysipelas) along with their management.	CC	NK	К	PER,SD L,TBL, DIS	M-CHT,V V-Viva,M- POS	F	II	-	NLHT7.7
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Samanya chikitsa and design a treatment algorithm for Kushtha and Kilasa according to the stages of Shadkriyakala (SN40, SN43, SN46, SN48, SN49, SN4A, SN4B SN4D, SN4P, SN4U)	CC	МК	К	REC,L &PPT	S-LAQ,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Appraise the concept of repeated Shodhana and Bahirparimarjana Chikitsa in Kushtha. Outline the applicable Doshopakrama in Doshanusara chikitsa of Kushtha roga	CE	МК	КН	L&PPT	P-VIVA,C R-W,T-OB T,VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Construct a Chikitsa yojana with Pathyaapathya, Naimittika rasayana in Kushtha and Kilasa and state the Phalashruti, Aushadha sevana kala, Matra, Anupana of the Aushadha yoga in Kushtha Patolamooladi kashaya Khadirarishta Madhusnuhi rasayana Gandhaka rasayana Panchatikta ghrita guggulu Avalgujadi lepa Marichadi Taila Rasamanikya Arogyavardhini vati Tuvaraka rasayana	САР	МК	КН	L&PPT	QZ ,VV-Vi va,T-OBT, P-VIVA,T- CS	F&S	Π	-	LH
CO1,	Compare the different types of Kshudra and Mahakushtha and	CAN	DK	КН	PER,TB	WP,P-POS,	F&S	II	-	NLHT7.8

CO3	discuss their treatment modalities.				L,SDL, PL,DIS	M-CHT,M- POS				
CO1, CO3	Compare the similarities and differences in the treatment of Sheetapitta, Udarda, Kota, Utkota, (SN4K, SN4L) construct a Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) including the Pathyaapathya for these diseases and state the Phalashruti, Aushadha sevana kala, Matra, Anupana of the following Aushadha yoga- • Haridra khanda • Ardraka khanda • Eladi tailam • Eladi gana churna	CAN	МК	КН	L&PPT ,L	VV-Viva,T- CS	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO6	Explain the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, principles of management of Tvak vikara (Common dermatological conditions in clinical practice).	CC	DK	K	L&PPT	QZ ,PUZ,V V-Viva	F	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO6	Review case reports from indexed journals on Tvak vikara.	СК	DK	K	DIS,IBL ,PER,S DL,PL	CR-RED	F	II	-	NLHT7.9
CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the diagnosis and treatment of the Tvak vikara - Tvak anurjatiya vikara (Allergic disorders of the skin, Atopic dermatitis- Eczyma, Urticaria), Shalkayukta tvak vikara (Squamous lesions) - Psoriasis, Shewalikabha tvak vikara (Lichen planus), Visphota (Bullous lesion), Udasphotanvika tvak vikara (Pemphigus and Pemphigoid lesions), Kavkad tvak vikara (mycotic skin diseases).	CC	DK	K	PER,TP W,PL,T BL,L& GD	PUZ,VV- Viva,QZ ,M-POS	F	II	-	NLHT7.10
CO1, CO2, CO6	Discuss the treatment of Galit Kushtha (leprosy), Shvitra (Vitiligo/ Leukoderma)	CC	МК	KH	TBL,PL ,D,DIS, PER	QZ ,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	NLHT7.11

CO1, CO3	to its ty applica the Pha Aushac	n the Samprapti vighatana and Chikitsa of Daha accord opes. Construct a Chikitsa yojana incorporating the ble Doshopakrama and Pathyaapathya in Daha and sta alashruti, Aushadha sevana kala, Matra, Anupana of th lha yoga in Daha Mukta- shukti pishti Guduchyadi Kashaya Kamadudha rasa Chinchadi lehya	ate	CC	DK	K	L,L&PP T	VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7		a rational treatment prescription for the diagnosed cas Pradoshaja vikara.		PSY- GUD	МК	SH	PSM,L RI,CD, D-BED, CBL	P-EXAM,R K,P-REC,O SCE,P- VIVA	F&S	II	-	NLHP7.1
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	<u> </u>	a Chikitsa yojana on demonstration of a clinical case Pradoshaja Vikara		PSY- GUD	МК	SH	CBL,C D,PER, D-BED, LRI	OSCE,PM, DOPS,DOP S,VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	NLHP7.2
CO7	Associa importa	ate with the purpose of commemorating the day of me ance.		AFT- VAL	NK	K	FV	Log book	F&S	II	-	NLHP7.3
Non L	ecture I	Hour Theory										
S.No		Name of Activity	Descrip	ption of	Theory A	ctivity						
NLHT	7.1	A diagnostic and treatment approach to Yakrut shotha w.s.r to Infective and Non-Infective	· · ·		• •	Ũ	•	varnata, with a er Function Te	U			(Hepatitis)

	Hepatitis.	interpretations.
		 Activity to be done: Case Scenario/Problem based learning The mentor introduces the approach to diagnosis using clinical features. The students are divided into small groups. The mentor gives a case scenario with LFT and/or USG reports to each group of students. The students discuss the problem within their small groups and get ready for a presentation based on their interpretation. The mentor guides each group through the approach of diagnosis and planning of the treatment after their presentation. The mentor gives concluding remarks.
NLHT 7.2	An Insight into Yakrut vikara (common liver disorders) and their management	Case Scenario/ Problem based learning An approach to a patient with a diagnosis of Yakrut vikara and its management; learning the art of diagnosis and treatment through case scenarios and investigations interpretations. Refer the framework as mentioned in NLHT 7.1
NLHT 7.3	Disorders of Coagulation	Oral presentation using Audio visual aids.The students are selected to make an audio visual presentation on the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, and principles of management of Raktaskanda sambandhi vikara (Coagulation disorders) and Vanshanugata adhiraktasrava pravrutti (Hereditary - Haemophilia).Refer to the description of the activity as in NLHT 6.2
NLHT 7.4	Acquired disorders of coagulation	Oral presentation using Audio visual aids. The selected students shall make an audio visual presentation on the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and principles of management of Acquired- Immune thrombocytopenia and Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation which will be followed by a discussion. Refer the framework as in NLHT 6. 2

NLHT 7.5	Maladies and remedies of Gout with special reference to Vatarakta	Presentation of e-posters/ posters The students gain an insight into the various manifestations and clinical presentations of Gout including Gouty arthritis. A correlative study is made with special reference to Vatarakta (SP14) through the activity of e-poster/ poster presentations. Refer the framework as in NLHT 6.1
NLHT 7.6	Management of peripheral vascular disorders	Brain storming and Making of Charts/ Models on Peripheral vascular disorders An attempt will be made by the students to understand various Peripheral vascular disorders and their management. Students shall present their ideas through making of Charts/ models.
		 The mentor divides the students into small groups and instructs them to refer tutorials, library resources, reading materials on the given topic. The students ponder on their ideas related to the topic. The student groups are instructed to present their knowledge and ideas on the clinical aspects including treatment modalities of Peripheral vascular diseases by preparing charts/ models. The mentor encourages the activity and gives concluding remarks.
NLHT 7.7	Contemporary understanding of Visarpa along with its management	Presentation of e-posters/posters/charts The students gain an insight into the clinical presentation of Shingles, Erysipelas through the activity of e-poster/ poster presentations/ Charts. Refer the framework as in NLHT 6.1
NLHT 7.8	Kushtha bheda and doshahara chikitsa	E-Poster presentation Comparison of the different types of Kshudra and Mahakushtha with their treatment descriptions using the principles of Doshopakrama. Refer, as mentioned in NLHT6.1
NLHT 7.9	Article review on Tvak vikara	Journal reading and presentation

		The students are expected to select and present case reports/ research articles/ review articles on Tvak vikara from peer reviewed indexed journals.
		 Students are divided into small groups. Each group is directed to utilise library resourses and search for peer reviewed indexed journals to find a case report/ research article/ review article published on Tvak vikara. Each team presents one article during the class hour. The mentor teaches the students how to review a scientific/research article. The mentor summarises the presentations and concludes with remarks.
NLHT 7.10	Diagnosis and treatment of Tvak vikara (Common Dermatological conditions in clinical practice)	Photography presentation Comparison of the different types of Tvak vikara with their treatment descriptions - Tvak anurjatiya vikara (Allergic disorders of the skin, Atopic dermatitis-Eczyma, Urticaria), Shalkayukta tvak vikara (Squamous lesions) - Psoriasis, Shewalikabha twak vikara (Lichen planus), Visphota (Bullous lesion), Udasphotanvika tvak vikara (Pemphigus and Pemphigoid lesions), Kavkad tvak vikara (mycotic skin diseases)
		 The students are divided into small groups and instructed to click photographs of available types of Tvak vikara in the attached hospital; after taking informed consent of patients and following clinical ethics guidelines. The students present their prepared material during an allotted class hour. The mentor supervises the photograph presentations made by the students. The mentor evaluates the presentations made by the various teams of students. The mentor concludes the activity with remarks on the topic and activity
NLHT 7.11	Diagnosis and treatment of Leprosy and Vitiligo/Leukoderma	Oral presentation using Audio visual aids Few students are selected to make an oral presentation using audio visual aids on the diagnosis and treatment of Leprosy and Vitiligo/ Leukoderma. Refer framework as in NLHT 6.2

Non Lecture	e Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 7.1	Short cases presentation in Rakta Pradoshaja Vikara	Short Case taking Case taking, documentation, and presentation of short clinical cases from any of the Rakta pradoshaja vikara, selected from the OPD of Kayachikitsa of the attached treatment hospital. (2 short cases = 2 NLHP per batch)
NLHP 7.2	Long cases presentation in Rakta Pradoshaja Vikara	Long clinical case taking:Case taking, documentation and presentation of Long clinical cases from any of the Rakta pradoshajavikara, selected from the IPD of Kayachikitsa of the attached treatment hospital. (5 Long cases = 10NLHP per batch))Type of cases to be selected - Koshthashrita Kamala/ Shakhashrita Kamala/ Haleemaka/ KumbhaKamala/ Raktapitta (any marga)/ Uttana Vatarakta/ Gambhira Vatarakta/ Sheetapitta/ Kushtha (any variety)/ Visarpa (any variety).Requirement: Students must document and demonstrate a minimum of 5 Long cases per clinical batch in their clinical diary/ clinical observation book. Cases may be chosen from the list to document in the case record.Refer the long case framework as mentioned in NLHP 3.1
NLHP 7.3	Commemoration of day of medical importance	Public awareness program: Commemoration of World Liver Day OR World Hepatitis Day by a public awareness activity. (If not, any convenient time in the given term can be utilised).

	Orga		reach acti	vity for p		ness - Awaren volving the stu				e talk along
-	8 Chikitsa of Kshudra roga (LH :2 NLHT: 1 NLHP: 2)					1		1	1	
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I 3	K3	L3
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Identifying the following Kshudra roga and explain their treatment :Yavaprakhya (SN5Y), Andhalaji (SN5Y), Vivritta (SN5Y), Kacchapika(SN9Y), Indravriddha, Gardabhi, Jalagardabha (SM0Y), Irivellika (SN5Y), Gandhanama (SN5Y), Kaksha (SN4T), Visphotaka (SN4P), Agnirohini, Vidarika (SP9Y), Sharkararbuda (SP71), Pama (SN46), Vicharchika (SN43), Rakasa (SN40), Padadari, Alasa (SN48), Masurika, Tilkalaka (SN4E), Masaka (SN4H), Nyaccha (SN5Y), Vyanga (SN4G), Nilika (SN41)	CC	DK	КН	L&PPT ,L_VC	QZ ,VV- Viva	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Identifying the following Kshudra roga and explain their treatment :Ajagallika (SN5Y), Valmika (SN5Y), Panasika, Pashanagardabha (SM1D), Chippa, Kunakha (SN6Y), Anushayi (SP9Y), Kadara (SN9Y), Indralupta (SN90), Darunaka (SN91), Arumshika (SN70), Palitya, Yuvanpidika (SN4V), Padminikantaka (SN5Y), Jatumani (SN4F), Charmakeela, Parivaritika (SN0A), Avapatika, Niruddhaprakasha (SN0A), Sannirudhaguda (SM5Y), Ahiputana (SN5Y), Vrishanakacchu (SN40) & Gudabhramsha (SM55).	СК	NK	К	L&PPT ,L_VC	VV- Viva,QZ	F	III	H-SH,H- KB	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Recognize the Kshudra roga and describe its Chikitsa	СК	DK	K	SDL	M-POS,QZ ,VV-Viva, M-CHT	F	III	-	NLHT8.1

CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Demonstrate a short case on Kshudra roga and write an O prescription of the diagnosed case.	OPD	PSY- SET	DK	SH	CBL	VV-Viva,P- CASE	F	III	-	NLHP8.1		
Non Le	ecture Hour Theory												
S.No	Name of Activity	Descrip	Description of Theory Activity										
NLHT 8	8.1 Photography competition to familiarize the students with diagnosis and treatment of Kshudi roga.	ra • •	Students written o Students treatmer Students	ator annou are asked consent of compile t at of the ph	to take the patient and he photographe heir chart/p	e photogra d followin raph and p ed case.	y competition o ph of cases of l g guidelines of repare chart/po he day of comp	Kshudra ro clinical et ster speci	oga pati thics.		-		
Non Le	ecture Hour Practical												
S.No	Name of Practical	Descrip	ption of	Practical	l Activity								
NLHP 8	Clinical case study on Kshudra roga.		Case Based Learning(2 NLHP) Refer the case taking framework as described in NLHP 4.1										
Topic 9	Chikitsa of Mamsapradoshaja and Medopradosh	haja vikara	(LH :8	NLHT:	2 NLHP:	8)							

A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO3	Describe the Samanya chikitsa of Mamsapradoshaja vikara (SR52) and Medopradoshaja vikara (SR53) and explain the Vishesha chikitsa of Gandamala (SL08) and Galaganda (SL0Y) with its types	СК	МК	K	L,L&PP T	QZ ,PRN,C L-PR	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Summarize the etipathogenesis, diagnosis and principles of management of Galaganda (Goitre) (SLOY) and state the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana, and Sevana kala of the following Yoga • Kanchanara guggulu • Tiktaka ghrita • Mahatikta ghrita • Amritadi taila • Hamsapathyadi kashaya	CC	DK	K	L&PPT ,L	PRN,QZ	F	ш	_	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa of Arbuda(SP72).and Apachi	CC	DK	K	L&PPT ,L	QZ ,PRN	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Review the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, principles of management and ayurvedic perspective of neoplasm and discuss the undesirable(untoward) effects of radiotherapy & chemotherapy in cancer management with the role of ayurvedic management as supportive/adjuvant therapy based on principles of Anukta roga chikitsa	СС	NK	К	L_VC,L &PPT ,L	PRN,QZ	F	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Develop the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa, and Pathyaapathya for Shosha (SP2Y) and Karshya (SP61)	CS	МК	КН	L_VC,L ,L&PPT	QZ ,PRN	F&S	III	-	LH

S.No		escription o	f Theory A	Activity						
CO1, CO3, CO5	Commemoration of International days	PSY- MEC	NK	КН	DIS,RL E,KL,B S,RP	PRN,INT	F	III	-	NLHP9.2
CO1, CO3, CO5	Demonstrate the Chikitsa yojana & prepare case record in cases of given Mamsavaha and Medovaha srotas vikara after performing relevant clinical examination		МК	КН	LRI,D- BED,C BL,PBL ,PT	PP-Practica 1,OSCE,PR N,VV-Viva ,P-VIVA	F&S	III	-	NLHP9.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and principles of management of Medapachaya (Dyslipidaemia) (SP62) and Sthoulya (obesity)(SP64)	CC	NK	КН	PER,DI S,BL,L &GD	PRN,QZ	F	III	-	NLHT9.2
CO1, CO3	State the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana, and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga in Sthoulya (SP64) and Prameha	СК	DK	КН	DIS,RE C,L&G D,PER, TBL	CL-PR,O-Q Z,PRN,QZ	F&S	III	-	NLHT9.1
CO1, CO3	Plan the treatment according to the status of Ojus in Madhumeh and discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis,principles of management of Diabetes mellitus (SP60)	a CS	МК	КН	L&PPT ,L_VC, L	PRN,QZ ,CL-PR	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa yojana along with Pathyaapathya of Prameha (SM8D) and design a treatment algorithm for Prameha according to its stages of Shadkriyakala	a CC	MK	К	L&PPT ,L_VC, L	QZ ,PRN	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Describe Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa yojana along with Pathyaapathya of Sthoulya	CC	MK	K	L,L&PP T ,L_VC	QZ ,PRN	F&S	III	-	LH

NLHT 9.1	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga for Sthoulya and Prameha	Group Discussion and Team based learning The students are divided in groups of 3-5 students
NI HT 9 2		 Each Group is allotted Aushada yogas from the given yoga Navaka guggulu .Vidangadi lauha, .Shiva gutika Ayaskriti Trimurti rasa Nishakatakadhi kashayam Chandraprabha vati, Vasant Kusumakar rasa Phalatrikadhi kashayam Students refer and compile the material from library sources and prepare a presentation Each group will present the allotted topic in class Students will be encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the mentor Mentor gives concluding remarks on the topic
NLHT 9.2	Detailed understanding of dyslipidemia and Obesity and its ayurvedic management	 Blended learning Students are given online learning material like description of the internet links and scientific articles Students are divided into various small groups, and they will be allotted topic related dyslipidemia and Obesity Mentor gives an introduction to the topic as a set induction Each group is asked to do a presentation related to the topic given Group discussion will be followed Mentor answers the queries raised by students Mentor gives concluding remarks on the presentations

Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 9.1	Bedside case taking of of Galaganda / Gandamala /Sthoulya / Karshya/ Prameha	Interpretation of the blood, and imaging reports of patients in IP related mamsa- medovaha srotas and its avasthika chikitsa. Students are asked to take cases in the IPD (5 Hours) (2 long casesX2 hours = 4 hours) each batch and one other activity Demonstration Bedside Refer case taking framework as described in NLHP3.1 use for details Group Discussion/Class Presentation(1 Hour)
		 The students are divided in groups of 3-5 students Each group is allotted topics related to blood, urine examination and imaging reports in specific disease related to mamsa- medovaha Srotas they will go through various sources and prepare a presentation. Each group will present its presentation in class. Other students will be free to ask the questions and presenting team will answer queries. Group discussion will be proceeded Mentor gives concluding remarks.
NLHP 9.2	Public awareness activity related to World cancer day / Obesity Day/Diabetes Day	World cancer day / Obesity Day/Diabetes Day (Any one)(3 hours) Kinesthetic learning -The students are asked to make posters on various aspect of the illness and do an exhibition of the same for the public OR Role play -The students are encouraged to perform a role play depicting the importance of prevention of these diseases and swift action on witnessing the early symptoms. OR Public outreach program -Conduct a survey among the public to assess the susceptibility of cancer/ Obesity /Diabetes and educate them about the same. OR Organize a rally to create awareness about Prevention OR conduct medical camps for these disease Prepare a report with a Geotagged photograph

A3		B3		C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO2, CO3	Paraphrase Shuddha - Ashuddha chikitsa & Explain Iatrogenio Disease		genic	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT ,PER	VV-Viva,C OM,T- OBT,Log book	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Develop a protocol for the general principles of Drug administration to prevent Iatrogenic DiseasesAssess the benef of Shuddha chikitsa & ill effects of Ashuddha chikitsa		penefits	CS	DK	КН	PBL,DI S,SIM, BS,IBL	P-CASE,P RN,P-EXA M,DEB,P- VIVA	F	III	-	NLHT10.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	Integrate the treatment protocol of Drug induced Iatrogenic Disease in the given case		ic	AFT- SET	МК	SH	SDL,D- M,SIM, LRI,CB L	WP,P-EN,P -VIVA,P- CASE,SP	F&S	III	-	NLHP10.1
Non L	ecture	Hour Theory				1		1				1
S.No		Name of Activity	Descr	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT 10.1 Identifying the occurrence of Iatrogenic Disease & assessment of the benefits of Shuddha chikitsa St			a & Stud 2 activ	 Students demonstrate in a blended learning the occurrence of Iatrogenic disease in the given sim & Students are able to understand the knowledge of Shuddha & Ashuddha chikitsa through a de 2 activities x 1 hour each = 2 hours The students are given a brief introduction by the Mentor about Shuddha & Ashuddha c The mentor assigns a simulation based scenario to students to demonstrate the occurrence Iatrogenic disease Student collects information from different sources and discusses on the given topic. The Mentor encourages the other students in the classroom for framing the guidelines for 								gh a debate. ddha chikitsa currence of

• The mentor divides the students into two groups allotting benefits of Shuddha chikitsa & ill effects of Ashuddha chikitsa to respective groups
• Each group is instructed to search study material on the given topic, students discuss and
debate their respective topics
• Post debate, the mentor evaluates the points presented during debate by the students.
 The Mentor discusses aspects of Shuddha-ashuddha chikitsa and gives concluding remarks.

Non Lecture Hour Practical

S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 10.1	Chikitsa yojana for Drug induced Iatrogenic Disease	 Student will be able to plan a Chikitsa yojana in the given case of Drug induced Iatrogenic Disease. Case based learning - 2 Short cases x 1 hour = 2hours per batch The Mentor takes students to the ward/OPD of Kayachikitsa & assigns a case of Ashuddha chikitsajanya Iatrogenic disease. Mentor shows the art of writing a rational treatment prescription and documenting it in the following steps: The students shall introduce self to the patient and take verbal consent.
		 The students shall interrogate the patient and document the clinical history. The students further brief the patient about the steps in examination that will be performed on him/her. The students perform the relevant clinical examinations adopting the Ayurvedic and conventional clinical methods of examination of the involved system The available investigation reports are interpreted by the students. The students interpret the collected information and state the vyadhi nama (arrive at a tentative
		 clinical diagnosis) following the method of vyavachedaka nidana (differential diagnosis) The students determine the sadhyaasadhyata (prognosis) of the disease in the patient. The students formulate a rational treatment prescription for the diagnosed disease & plan the nidan parivarjan for the drug induced disease . The students recommend pathyaapathya to the patient. Finally, the students address the doubts of the patient & acknowledge his/her cooperation in

 the case taking. The students present and discuss the documented short case. The mentor facilitates the case presentation. The mentor evaluates the student's performance, knowledge, psychomotor and communication skills using rubrics or checklist and gives the feedback.
communication skills using rubrics or checklist and gives the feedback.Remedial measures should be implemented if found necessary.

Paper 2	2 (Vyadhi Vishesha Chikitsa - 2)									
A3 Cour se out come	B3 Learning Objective (At the end of the session, the students should be able to)	C3 Domai n/sub	D3 MK / DK / NK	E3 Level	F3 T-L method	G3 Assessmen t	H3 Assess ment Type	I3 Ter m	K3 Integra tion	L3 Type
Topic	11 Chikitsa of Vatavyadhi (LH :16 NLHT: 6 NLHP: 26)					•		-		
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO3	Detail the Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa, and role of Sneha sweda in Nirupastambhita Vatavyadhi.	CC	MK	K	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Describe the Chikitsa and the role of Shodhana in Upastambhita vata.	CC	MK	K	L&PPT	T-CS,S-LA Q,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Summarize the Samprapti Vighatana, Chikitsa sutra & Chikitsa of Akshepaka vyadhi	CC	MK	K	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	 Describe the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsasutra of snayugata vata Construct Chiktsayojana including Rasayana and Pathyaapathya of Snayugatavata 	САР	МК	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS	F&S	I	-	LH

CO1, CO3,	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa of Pakshaghata(SK22)	CC	MK	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO4										
CO1, CO3, CO4	Explore the Chikitsa Yojana including Rasayana & Pathyaapathya of Ekangavata, Sarvanga vata &Sarvanga roga	CAP	МК	КН	L&PPT	CBA,T-CS, S-LAQ,T- OBT	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Describe the Samprapti vighatana , Chikitsa sutra and chikitsa of Jihwastambha	CC	MK	КН	L&PPT	T-OBT,VV- Viva,T-CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	Detail the Samprapti Vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa of Ardita (Bell's Palsy) and Construct chikitsa yojana including Rasayana & Pathyaapathya	САР	МК	КН	L&PPT	T-CS,T-OB T,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	_	LH
CO1, CO3	Express the Samprapti Vighatana, Chikitsa sutra & Chikitsa of Manyastambha	CC	МК	K	L&PPT	T-CS,VV- Viva,T- OBT	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Describe Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa, of Vishwachi(SK51)	CC	MK	K	L&PPT	T-OBT,T-C S,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, and Chikitsa of Avabahuka(SK15)	CC	MK	К	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS,T-OBT	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	Describe the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Samprapti Vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa of Gridhrasi (Sciatica)(SP20) and Construct the Chikitsayojana including Rasayana and Pathyaapathya.	САР	МК	КН	L&PPT	T-CS,T-OB T,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3,	Derive Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra ,Chikitsa of Khanja (SK2Y) ,Kalaya khanja Pangu(SK21) and Construct Chikitsa	CAP	MK	КН	L&PPT	T-CS,VV- Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH

CO4	yojana including Rasayana & Pathyapathya.									
CO1, CO3, CO4	Explain Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa of Padadaha (SK51) and Padaharsha(SK54) and Construct Chikitsa yojana including Rasayana & Pathyapathya.	САР	МК	K	L&PPT	T-CS,VV- Viva,T- OBT	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Outline Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra ,Chikitsa of Kaphavruta vata, Medogatavata and Medoavruta vata	СК	DK	K	L&PPT	T-CS,T- OBT	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Elaborate the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Ayurvedic Perspective including principles of Managemnet of Parisareeya nadi shotha(Peripheral Neuropathy)	CC	DK	K	L&PPT ,L_VC	T-OBT,T-C S,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Discuss Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra & Chikitsa of Urustambha(SP 46)	CC	МК	K	REC,SY ,BS,IBL ,DIS	T-CS,VV- Viva,T- OBT	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT11.1
CO1, CO3, CO4	Discuss the Samprapti Vighatana, Chikitsasutra and Chikitsa of Udavarta(SM35) & Construct the Chikitsayojana including Rasayana and Pathyaapathya	САР	МК	K	TBL,IB L,LS,PS M,DIS	SA,VV- Viva,QZ ,T- CS,CL-PR	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT11.2
CO1, CO2, CO3	Summarize the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, and Ayurvedic perspective and principles of Management of Guillain- Barre Lakshana samuchchaya (Guillain- Barre syndrome), Ajnavaha nadikosha vikara (Motor Neuron Disease), Anuprasthiya- sitamajjachadda -shotha (Transverse Myelitis), Peshi dourbalya (Myasthenia Gravis)	CC	DK	К	EDU,F C,DIS	T-CS,T-OB T,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT11.3
CO1, CO2, CO3	Differentiate between the various types of Strokes and apply the treatment principles of Vatavyadhi and Pakshaghata in its management	CC	МК	К	CBL,SD L,EDU, FC,TBL	T-OBT,T-C S,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT11.4
CO1, CO2, CO3	Discuss the Chikitsa sutra of Gata vata	CC	МК	К	PER,DI S	T-OBT,VV- Viva	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT11.5

NLHT	11.1	Symposium on Urustambha	Symposium								
S.No		Name of ActivityI	Description	of Theory	Activity						
Non L	ecture l	Hour Theory									
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO5, CO6, CO7	, Arthritis		n AFT RES		SH	EDU,D	QZ	F	Ι	-	NLHP11.4
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Assess the importance of commemorating International Day on Stroke		n AFT RES		SH	RLE,ED U,RP	DEB,QZ	F	I	-	NLHP11.3
CO1, CO3	conditi	the Matra, Sevana kala and Anupana in various clinical on of Vatavyadhi (Any 10-yoga mentioned in Vatavya ra of classical texts)	AFT adhi RES		КН	D-BED, CBL,SD L,IBL,D A	QZ ,O-QZ, VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	NLHP11.2
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Vatavy	nstrate the Chikitsa yojana & prepare case record in case yadhi after performing relevant contemporary and eda clinical examination.	es of PSY MEC		SH	D-BED	CBA,C-IN T,VV-Viva, INT,OSCE	F&S	I	-	NLHP11.1
CO1, CO3, CO4		the importance of Antahparimarjana and Bahirparimarj a in Vata vyadhi	ana CAF	P MK	КН	TPW,P BL,DIS	VV-Viva,C -INT,PUZ, QZ	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT11.6

		 The entire class is divided into a small group Each group is allotted various aspects of Urustambha and its management like NIdana, Samprapti, Contemporary diagnostic approach, Treatment principle, Dravya chikitsa, and Adravya chikitsa One person from each group is asked to do a presentation Followed by a group discussion Faculty moderate the Discussion and a senior faculty gives concluding remarks Evaluation is done using quiz.
NLHT 11.2	Understanding of Udavarta and its application	Team-based learning and Library Session
		 Initially, the mentor gives a basic introduction to Udavarta Each team is asked to analyze the role of Udavarta in Various systems like Neurology, gastroenterology, Ophthalmology, Psychiatry, Anorectal conditions, Respiratory disorders To gather information, they are given a Library session Each team does a presentation on their respective topic Followed by Discussion and Quiz
NLHT 11.3	Detailed understanding of Guillain- Barre Lakshana samuchchaya (Guillain -Barre syndrome),Ajna Nadi Vikara (Motor Neuron Disease),,Anuprasthiyasitamajjachadda shotha (Transverse Myelitis),Peshi dourbalya (Myasthenia Gravis)	 Flipped classroom The topic is given and they are asked to prepare notes on etiopathogenesis, ayurvedic perspective, and management from medical books and online scientific articles(shared by mentor) The next day the students are divided into groups and engage in group discussions. Mentors facilitate the discussion and students are encouraged to ask questions Mentors give answers to the queries Evaluation is done by Quiz and Presentation
NLHT 11.4	Understanding of Cerebrovascular Accident and its management	Blended learning

		 Students are given online learning material (video link) and scientific articles Students are divided into various small groups and they will be allotted topics related to CVA such as Circle of Willis, Ischemic stroke, Hemorrhagic Stroke, Stroke with Aphasia, and Cranial nerve lesions associated with stroke. Mentor gives an introduction about the topic as a set induction. Each group is asked to do a presentation related to the given topic. The presentation is followed by a group discussion The Mentor clarify the doubts. Assessment is done using a quiz
NLHT 11.5	Gata vata Chikitsa	 Class Presentation Small groups of students are allotted different topics on gata vata Student groups are asked to do a Presentation on their topic Followed by a discussion on the Utility of gatavata chikitsa and its Clinical application Evaluation is done using a quiz
NLHT 11.6	Chikitsa yojana in Vatavyadhi	 Problem based learning Students are divided into groups Each group is given a case scenario Group members discuss the problem and formulate a treatment protocol with special reference to Antahparimarjana and Bahirparimarjana Chikitsa and its rationale. The mentor clarifies the doubts and modifies the protocol if needed Evaluation is done using a quiz
Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 11.1	Bedside casetaking of Pakshagatha, Ardita,	Refer Activity description 3.1 (total 16hrs)

	Avabahuka/Viswachi,Kampavata, Gridhrasi, Manyasthmba,Khanja/ Pangu, Padadaha/ Padaharsha	
NLHP 11.2	Selection of appropriate Aushadhi in Vatavyadhi	PBL & Real-life Experience (2hours) Students go through the IP Case sheet and OP prescription and interact with the patient and assess the Vyadhyavastha and follow up with the patient.
		• Students are divided into groups and each group is assigned two or three Yoga from the given list.
		Gandharvahastadi kashaya
		Ashtavargam kashaya
		Dhanadanayanaadi kashaya
	S	Sahacharaadi kashaya
		Prasarinyaadi kashaya
		Trayodashanga guggulu
		Mahayogaraja guggulu
		Rasna guggulu,
		Shaddharana choorna
		Ekangaveera rasa
		Bruhat vata chintamani rasa
		Bala taila
		Prasarinyaadi tailam
		Karapasasthyaadi taila,
		Vishagarbha taila
		Karpooradi taila
		Ksheerabala taila
		Dhanwantaram taila (avarti)
		Mahamasha taila

		 They do a project based on the respective Yoga . They visit the Hospital dispensary to get acquainted with the medicine. Followed by a class presentation. The teacher answers the queries raised by the students on various aspects of drug administration. The Evaluation is done using a quiz.
NLHP 11.3	Commemoration of World Stroke Day	 Role play/Making of posters/Real life experience The students are asked to make posters on various aspects of the illness and do an exhibition of the same OR The students are encouraged to perform a role-play depicting the importance of prevention of disease using the ayurvedic principles and swift action on witnessing the early symptoms. OR Survey the public to assess the susceptibility of Stroke and educate them about the same. OR Conduct a rally to create awareness about Prevention/ conduct a medical camp Prepare a report with a Geotagged Photograph At the end, the students will be analyzed using a quiz,
NLHP 11.4	Commemoration of World arthritis day	 (4hrs) The students are asked to make posters on various aspects of the illness and do an exhibition of the same OR The students are encouraged to perform role-play that depicts the importance of disease prevention using Ayurvedic principles and swift action when witnessing early symptoms. OR Survey the public to assess the susceptibility of Arthritis and educate them about the same. OR

Topic	Prepar	e a report end, the s	with a Ge students wi	otagged Pl ll be analy	hotograph yzed using a	ention/ conduct a quiz.	a medica	l camp		
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO3, CO4	 Express the Chikitsa sutra of Asthivaha and Majjavaha srotodushti and Asthi kshaya. Construct the Chikitsayojana including Rasayana and Pathyaapathya of Asthisoushirya 	CS	МК	КН	REC,L &PPT	S-LAQ,SA, T-CS,T- OBT	F&S	П	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Compile the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa Sutra & Chikitsa of Sandhigata vata (SP12) and Construct a Chikitsa yojana including Rasayana and Pathyapathya	CS	МК	КН	REC,L &PPT	T-OBT,T-C S,VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	 Explain the Samprapti Vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, and Chikitsa Yojana, including the Rasayana and Pathyaapathya of Vatakantaka(SP4Y). Summarize the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, and 	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT	QZ ,T-CS,T -OBT,S-LA Q,CL-PR	F&S	Π	-	LH

	Ayurvedic Perspective of Plantar fasciitis/Calcaneal Spur									
CO1, CO3, CO4	Explore the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra & Chikitsa of Kateegraha(SP42) andConstruct a Chikitsa yojana including Rasayana and Pathyapathya	CAN	МК	KH	L&PPT	T-CS,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Describe the Samprapti vighatana Chikitsa sutra & Chikitsa of Greevagraha(SP45) andGenerate the Chikitsa yojana including Rasayana and Pathyaapathya	CS	МК	KH	L&PPT	T-CS,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Explore the Samprapti vighatana Chikitsa sutra & Chikitsa of Kroshtuka sheersha andDevelop the Chikitsa yojana including Rasayana and Pathyaapathya	CS	MK	KH	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	Describe the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and Principles of management of Osteoporosis(SP00) and Osteopenia	CC	DK	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS,T-OBT	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	Detail the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and Principles of management ofRaktaheenatajanya dhatunasha(AvascularNecrosis)	CC	DK	KH	L&PPT	T-OBT,T-C S,VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	Consolidate the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective, and Principles of management of Sandhi gatavata(Osteoarthritis(SP12)) and Construct a Chikitsa yojana based on Ayurvedic principles	CS	МК	КН	DIS,IBL ,FC	T-OBT,T-C S,VV-Viva	F&S	II	-	NLHT12.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	Summarize the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and Principles of management of Kasheruka vyadhi(Spondylopathies) and Kateeshoola (Lumbago)	CC	DK	KH	TBL	T-OBT,VV- Viva	F	II	-	NLHT12.2

NLHT :	12.1	Discussion on the etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Management of Osteoarthritis	The to manag The ne	gement fro ext day the	en and they m medical e students a	books an are divideo	d online sci 1 into group	notes on etiop entific articles os and engage i re encouraged	(shared by in group d	y mento iscussio	r)	spective, and
S.No		Name of Activity	Descr	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
Non Le	ecture l	Hour Theory				1				1		<u> </u>
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	Assess the importance of commemorating World Spinal Day.		ay.	AFT- RES	NK	SH	D	QZ	F	П	-	NLHP12.2
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	 2, Pathyaapathya & prepare the case record of 3, Asthivahasrothodushti vikara after performing a relevant clinexamination. 		linical	PSY- MEC	МК	SH	D-BED	QZ	F&S	Π	-	NLHP12.1
CO1, CO2	Discuss the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspectiv and Management of Asthisankatarbuda(Osteosarcoma)		ective	CC	DK	К	PER	CL-PR,QZ	F	II	-	NLHT12.4
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	various	uct the Chikitsa yojana based on the interpretation o s investigations utilized in the diagnosis of Asthimaj Ishti vikara		САР	DK	K	TUT,X- Ray,DIS ,IBL,LR I	QZ ,CL- PR,PUZ	F&S	Π	-	NLHT12.3

		Evaluation is done by Quiz and Presentation
	Detailed understanding of the Diagnosis, Clinical	Team-based learning, Presentation
	examination, ayurvedic perspective and	The students are divided into different teams

S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
NLHT 12.4	Discussion on Asthisankatarbuda(Osteosarcoma)	Class Presentation The students are encouraged to collect information on the etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Investigations Prognosis and Management of Osteosarcoma The students do a presentation Discussion is followed The Mentor gives answers to the queries The Evaluation is done using a Quiz, Puzzle
NLHT 12.3	Ayurvedic management of Asthimajjavaha srotodushti vikara based on interpretation of Radiological Investigations	Tutorial A mentor gives a brief introduction about the various investigations advised in a clinical case of Asthi /Majja vikruti Students are encouraged to be involved in small group discussion Each group is given an X-ray, CT scan, or MRI film Students observe and interpret the radiological findings and plan the Ayurvedic Management accordingly. Discussion is followed
	management of Lumbar spondylosis and Cervical Spondylosis	One team is asked to present a case on Lumbar spondylosis and Cervical Spondylosis The second team does a detailed presentation about the topic The third team performs a clinical examination in a simulated case The fourth team does a presentation on the investigations Followed by a group discussion on Ayurveda diagnosis and Management Mentors answer the queries and give feedback

NLHP	12.1	Bedside case taking of 1.Sandhigata vata 2 Kateegraha 3.Greeva graha 4.Raktaheenatajanya dhatunasha(AvascularNecrosis)/ Kroshtuka sheersha/Asthikshaya	Refer the o	case-tal	king fram	ework as c	letailed in t	the NLHP Acti	vity 3.1 T	`otal 8 h	rs			
NLHP :	NLHP 12.2 Commemoration of World spine day(Oct 16) Conic 13 Chikitsa of Propayaba Srotodushti Vikara (TM2:S		Inhouse OR Outreach activity(3hrs) The Students are encouraged to conduct public awareness programs using suitable mass communication, and audio-visual aids showing the importance of spinal health, Preventive and therapeutic aspect of spinal disorders.Public outreach activity can be conducted during the Syllabus teaching of asthimajjavaha sroto-dushti vikara											
Topic	13 Chik	xitsa of Pranavaha Srotodushti Vikara (TM2:S	L40-SL4Z	Z) (LH	I :6 NLH	[T: 4 NL]	HP: 24)							
A3		B3		23	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I3	K3	L3		
CO1, CO3	vighata treatme	e Chikitsa Sutra of Pranavaha Srotodushti, Samprapti na of Shwasa roga(SL42) & Hikka roga (SM74) with nt algorithm according to its stages of shadkriyakala a riate plan of Shadvidopkrama & Doshopakrama.	a	Œ	МК	КН	L,L&G D,L&PP T	S-LAQ,VV -Viva,OSC E,CBA,P- VIVA	F&S	II	-	LH		
CO1, CO3	with a	Chikitsa Sutra and Samprapti Vighatana of Kasa rog treatment algorithm according to its stages of yakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidopkrama & krama.	ga C	Œ	МК	КН	L&GD, L&PPT ,L	S-LAQ,QZ ,P-VIVA,C BA,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	LH		
CO1, CO3	with a t Shadkri	Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Rajayaksh reatment algorithm according to its stages of iyakala, status of Ojus and appropriate plan of pakrama.	hma C	CE	МК	КН	L,L&PP T ,L&GD	P-VIVA,C BA,P-CAS E,M-POS,S- LAQ	F&S	П	-	LH		

CO1, CO3	Define Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Urahkshat with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and status of Ojus.	CE	МК	КН	L&PPT ,L,PSM, CBL,PE R	CBA,PRN, P-VIVA,C OM,M- POS	F&S	II	-	LH
CO2, CO6	Explain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis & Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Tamaka shwas(Bronchial Asthma) (SL40), Jirna shwasakrichchhanika (ChronicObstructive Pulmonary Disease), Vispharah (Bronchiectasis).	CC	DK	КН	CBL,L &GD,L S,DIS,L	T-CS,COM ,M-POS,SB A,PRN	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Explain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management, and Ayurvedic perspective of Antaraaleeya Phuphphusa Vikara (Interstitial lung Disease), Phuphphusa arbuda (Lung Cancer), Phuphphusaasruti(Pleural effusion)	CC	NK	KH	FC,SDL ,L_VC, L&GD, D	CBA,VV-V iva,S-LAQ, P-VIVA,O SCE	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Construct a chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of Shwasa (SL42)& Hikka (SM74)	CS	МК	KH	PSM,PB L,FC,P ER,BS	S-LAQ,CB A,QZ ,VV- Viva,P- VIVA	F&S	II	-	NLHT13.1
CO1, CO3, CO4	Formulate Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of Kaasa Roga (SL41)	CS	МК	КН	FC,L& GD,CB L,BS,P ER	P-VIVA,C BA,RK,Mi ni-CEX,S- LAQ	F&S	II	-	NLHT13.2
CO1, CO3, CO4	Sketch Chikitsa-yojana (treatment plan) of Trirupa , Shadrupa, Ekadasha rupa Rajyakshama , Anuloma Kshaya & Pratiloma Kshaya	CS	МК	КН	FC,BS, PER,SD L,CBL	VV-Viva,M ini-CEX,P- VIVA,PRN ,S-LAQ	F&S	II	-	NLHT13.3
CO1, CO3, CO4	Construct Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of Urahkshat roga.	CS	МК	KH	PER,L& GD,BS, FC,CBL	VV-Viva,P RN,COM,S -LAQ,P-	F&S	II	-	NLHT13.4

						VIVA				
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Demonstrate clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate , write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Mahashwasa, Urdhwa shwasa, Chhinna Shwasa, Kshudra Shwasa.	PSY- GUD	МК	SH	CBL,C D,X-Ra y,D-BE D,LRI	Mini-CEX, CBA,VV-V iva,P-VIVA ,OSCE	F&S	II	-	NLHP13.1
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Perform clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate, write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Kaasa Roga (SL41)	PSY- GUD	МК	SH	CBL,C D,X-Ra y,D- BED	P-VIVA,R K,VV-Viva ,CBA,CHK	F&S	II	-	NLHP13.2
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Demonstrate clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate, write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Tamaka Shwasa (SL42)	PSY- MEC	МК	SH	CBL,C D,D-BE D,LRI, X-Ray	P-VIVA,C OM,QZ ,P- CASE,VV- Viva	F&S	II	-	NLHP13.3
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Perform clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate, write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Rajayakshma (~Pulmonary Tuberculosis)	PSY- GUD	МК	SH	X-Ray, CBL,C D,D-BE D,LRI	QZ ,P-CAS E,VV-Viva, OSCE,CO M	F&S	II	-	NLHP13.4
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Conduct clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate , write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Jirna Shwasakrichchhanika (Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease)	PSY- GUD	МК	КН	LRI,D- BED,X- Ray,CB L,CD	P-VIVA,R K,VV-Viva ,Mini- CEX,OSCE	F&S	II	-	NLHP13.5
CO1, CO2,	Perform clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate, write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Vispharah	PSY- MEC	DK	SH	CD,CB L,D-BE	QZ ,Mini-C EX,COM,O	F&S	II	-	NLHP13.6

CO3, CO6, CO7	(Bronchiectasis)					D,X- Ray,LRI	SCE,P- VIVA				
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Practice clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate, write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Phuphphusaasruti (Pleural effusion)			DK	SH	CBL,C D,X-Ra y,LRI,D- BED	VV-Viva,C OM,QZ ,C L- PR,OSCE	F&S	П	-	NLHP13.7
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Perform clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate, write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Antaraalayi Phuphphusa Vikara (Interstitial Lung Disease)		vrite PSY- MEC	NK	КН	CD,CB L,X-Ra y,D-BE D,LRI	CL-PR,QZ ,RK,VV-Vi va,Mini- CEX	F	П	-	NLHP13.8
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO5, CO6, CO7	Describe the working of DOTs Centre		CC	МК	КН	FV	RK,CL-PR, VV-Viva,P- VIVA,PRN	F&S	Π	-	NLHP13.9
CO1, CO2, CO5	Practice nebulization and administer oxygen therapy		PSY- GUD	МК	SH	CBL,D, D-BED, TUT	CBA,VV-V iva,SP,P- RP,DOPS	F&S	II	-	NLHP13.10
Non L	ecture H	Iour Theory									
S.No		Name of Activity	Description of Theory Activity								
NLHT 13.1		Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of Shwasa (SL42)& Hikka (SM74) by	Lecture with group discussion The teacher lays down ground rules of discussion and delivers a primer lecture to introduce the topic and points to be discussed during the course of discussion by putting up open ended questions and								

encouraging students to share meaningful thoughts and ideas.

If discussion is lingering on one talking point, the teacher intervenes by putting up a new dimension / idea for discussion by asking questions.

At the end of the discussion the teacher summarises the important concepts & ideas.

Teacher may use powerpoint slides to navigate the discussion)

Brainstorming:

The teacher sets up a context of brainstorming and explains the process of brainstorming and defines a clear objective and expected outcome from the session. The students are divided into teams.

After students are divided, the teacher appoints facilitator(s) for the whole process.

Ground rules are set for the process in consultation with facilitators and a time limit is set for the whole process.

All the teams work separately and then capture all possible ideas. After all the ideas have been captured, it's time to discuss them. The team needs to be productive in choosing a creative idea that suits the problem, or they can try combining a few ideas to come up with a holistic solution. To make decisions as a group and come to an agreement, teams can use the voting method. Team leaders capture all ideas and presents before the whole class.

Case Based learning

Case-based Learning is an inquiry-based approach to learning medicine through clinical case scenarios in a collaborative small group setting.

The teacher divides class into small groups and a case history/ case study to each group

The students thoroughly go through the case history/case study and available supplementary material. While going through case study students annotate the parts of the case that they feel are the most relevant. They can also use a highlighter or a pen to highlight, underline or circle important pieces of information.

The students sum up the essence of the case/case study and summarise it.

Flipped Classroom

It is implemented in three steps

Pre-class learning :Teacher assigns readings, videos, podcasts and other available materials which students go through on themself. After going through these students are required to respond to a series of quizzes or simple questions based on the concept discussed. The teacher can ask the students to post their own questions and attempt to answer other ones on a shared online platform.

In class activities :Within the classroom, students check with the teacher whether they have truly understood the subject through activities that require the skills they have acquired to develop. The students work together in small groups to analyze a problem, come up with their own solution, and evaluate other possible courses of action.

Post class reinforcement : Then students go to the OPDs/IPDs to experience/ learn in a real world scenario.

Presentation

The class is divided in groups of 3-5 students

Each student is allotted a specific component of the topic to go through from various sources and prepare a presentation.

Each group gives its presentation in class .

Other students ask the questions and the presenting team answers queries.

Teacher makes a concluding remark after each presentation including following points

- Assessment for suitability (yogya- ayogya) for
- a. Shodhana Chikitsa
- b. Shamana Chikitsa
 - Aushadha yojna for shamana chikitsa :

A. Ekala Aushadha Yoga (single drug therapy) for Shwasa & Hikka with appropriate anupana: 1. Kushmanda shifa churna 2. Pippali churna 3. Shuddha Gandhaka 4. Bharangi kvatha 5. Kanaka(Dhattura Phala) Dhoomrasaayana

B. Aushadha Kalpas with appropriate sevana kala matra, anupana of the following Aushadh yoga in Shwasa & Hikka : 1. Shwashara Mahakashaya & Hikkanigrahana Mahakashaya 2. Bharangi- Nagara Kwatha 3. Gojihwadi kwatha 4. Shwasa Kutara rasa 5. Shringarabhra rasa 6. Shwasa Kasa Chintamani rasa

		C. Naimittika Rasayan for Shwasa & Hikka D. Pathyaapathya
NLHT 13.2	Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of Kaasa Roga (SL41)	For Details refer NHLT 13.1
		• Asessement for suitability (yogya- ayogya) for
		a. Shodhana Chikitsa b. Shamana Chikitsa
		• Aushadha yojna for shaman chikitsa :
		 A. Ekala Aushadha (Single Drug) Yoga with appropriate anupana: 1. Shringavera (Ardraka) swarasa 2. Kantakari Kwatha 3. Bibhitaka Churna 4. Vasa swarasa 5. Maricha Churna B. Ausadha Kalpa Prayog with appropriate matra, anupana , sevana kala :1. Kasahara Mahakashaya 2. Bharangi- Nagara Kwatha 3. Gojihwaadi kwath 4. Chandramrita rasa 5. Naardeeya Laxmivilaas rasa 6. Aanada bhairava rasa 7. Sitopaladi Choorna 8. Taalishaadi churna 9. Chitraka Haritaki Avleha 10. Marichadi Gutika 11. Lavangadi gutika 12. Vyoshadi vati. C. Naimittika Rasayana for Kaasa roga. D. Pathyaapathya recommendation
NLHT 13.3	Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of or Trirupa , Shadrupa, Ekadasha rupa rajyakshama , Anuloma kshaya & Pratiloma kshaya	Refer NHLT13.1
		• Asessement for suitability (yogya- ayogya) for

Kakjangha Churna 3. Laksha
for following : 1. Balya
4. Loknath rasa 5.
. Pippali vardhmana
agbala Kalpa 2. Brahmi
for following1. Elaadi
: 1 -

		gutika 2. Amritpraash Avleha 3. Ajaamaamsa Rasaayan C. Naimittika Rasayana for Kshata-ksheena/Urahkshat D. Pathya -Apathya Recommendation for Urahkshata
Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 13.1	Bedside demonstration of a case of Mahashwasa, Urdhwa shwasa, Chhinna Shwasa, Kshudra Shwasa. (Any one case)	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP 3.1 (2 hours)
NLHP 13.2	Bedside case demonstration of case of Kaasa Roga (SL41)	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP 3.1 (2 hours)
NLHP 13.3	Bedside demonstration of case of Tamaka Shwasa (SL42)	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP 3.1
NLHP 13.4	Bedside case demonstration of a case of Rajayakshma (~Pulmonary Tuberculosis) (2 hours)	Refer NHLP 3.1
NLHP 13.5	Bedside demonstration of a case of Jirna Shwasakrichchhanika (ChronicObstructive Pulmonary Disease)	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP 3.1 (2 hours)
NLHP 13.6	Bedside demonstration of case of Vispharah (Bronchiectasis)	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP 3.1 (2hours)
NLHP 13.7	Bedside Case demonstration of case of Phuphphusaasruti (Pleural effusion)	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP 3.1 (2 hours)

NLHP 13.8	Bedside demonstration of case of Antaraalayi Phuphphusa Vikara (Interstitial Lung Disease)	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP 3.1 (2 hours)
NLHP 13.9	Field visit to DOTs Centre	The students will visit with mentor to nearest DOTs centre and understand the four pillars of NTEP (Revised National TB Eradication Program) 1. Detect 2. Treat 3. Prevent 4. Build (6 hours)
NLHP 13.10	Demonstration of Nebulization & oxygen therapy (2 hours)	 Nebulization The nebulizers should be used according to manufacture's instructions The mentor will demonstrate the basic steps to set up and use nebulizer are as follows: To Wash hands. To Connect the hose to an air compressor. To Fill the medicine cup with your medicine. To avoid spills, close the medicine cup tightly and always hold the mouthpiece straight up and down. To attach the other end of the hose to the mouthpiece and medicine cup. To turn on the nebulizer machine. To place the mouthpiece in mouth. To keep lips firmly around the mouthpiece so that all of the medicine goes into lungs. If using a facemask, to place it over the mouth and nose.
		 To breathe through mouth until all the medicine is used. (This takes 5 to 20 minutes, depending on the device and medicine used. If needed, use a nose clip) To turn off the machine when done. Wash the medicine cup and mouthpiece with water and air dry until next treatment.

To administer Oxygen therapy The mentors will demonstrate

- Assessment of need of oxygen therapy (suspected or confirmed hypoxemia)
- Assess if high flow and low flow oxygen therapy is needed. (A prescription is required for oxygen therapy. The prescription should include the oxygen-delivery device, the flow rate, and the amount of oxygen to deliver)
- Set the target peripheral oxygen saturation (SpO2) (for most acutely ill patients is 94% to 98%.Patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease should have a target of 85% to 92%.)
- Set up the oxygen delivery system.
- Attach the oxygen flowmeter to the oxygen source. (Verify that the flowmeter is connected to oxygen, not air or another gas. Connecting the flowmeter to a gas other than oxygen can have fatal consequences.)
- Attach the humidifier to the oxygen flowmeter, if needed.
- Attach the oxygen delivery device (i.e., cannula, mask) via the oxygen tubing to the humidifier or directly to the oxygen flowmeter via the flowmeter adaptor.
- Adjust the oxygen flowmeter to the prescribed flow rate
- Position the oxygen delivery device on the patient's face and adjust the elastic headband (or behind-ear loops and under-chin lanyard of the cannula) to achieve a comfortably snug fit. Maintain enough slack on the oxygen tubing.
 - *Nasal cannula:* Ensure proper positioning of the cannula tips in the patient's nares. If the cannula tips are curved, ensure that they point downward.
 - *Simple face mask:* Ensure that the mask is over the patient's mouth and nose, forming a seal
 - *Partial rebreathing mask:* Ensure that the mask is over the patient's mouth and nose, forming a tight seal. Also ensure that the reservoir bag remains partially inflated on inspiration
 - *Non-rebreathing mask:* Ensure that the mask is over the patient's mouth and nose, forming a tight seal. Ensure that both one-way valves at the side ports are in place to maintain a full non-rebreather system. Also ensure that the reservoir bag remains partially inflated on inspiration

	HENO	•	tight seal, a <i>Face tent:</i> nose	and that the Ensure tha the oxyge	e appropria t the tent fi	ask is over the te port has bee its under the pa device is funct	en selected atient's ch	d iin and o		
Tania	1	comfort 2. Ensure j curved, 3. Maintai 4. Review alarms v 5. Verify t 6. Observe necessa 7. Monitor 8. Conside 9. Check t ° 0. Observe nasal m	ably snug f proper posi ensure that n enough s the high-fl with the res hat the oxyge the oxyge the oxyge ry. the patient r adding co he humidifi Low-flow thigh-flow the skin o ucous mem	it . Follow tioning of they point lack on the ow oxyger piratory th gen delivery c's vital signation ontinuous s fer when the oxygen the oxygen the	the manuf the cannula t downward oxygen tu delivery c erapist. ry device i device frec gns and SpO SpO2 moni- king vital erapy: Repl erapy: Noti-	bing. levice settings s functioning p quently to ensu D2 level and w toring for pati-	uctions fo tient's name , use of hu properly. The proper when making ents newly tifier wher cory therappe e head, br	r applic res. If th umidifie placem ng chan y placed n it is en bist whe idge of	ation. ne cannula er and heate nent. Readj nges in oxy d on oxyge npty. en it is almo	tips are er, and ust as gen therapy. n
A3	14 Chikitsa of Udakavaha srotodushti vikara (LH :5 NLH) B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	НЗ	I3	K3	L3
C01,	Appraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Trishna with	CE	MK	КН		QZ ,CBA,P	F&S	III	-	LH

a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga.				L&PPT ,L	-VIVA,T-C S,VV-Viva				
Explain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.	CE	МК	КН	L&PPT ,L,L&G D	M-POS,CH K,QZ ,P- CASE,RK	F&S	III	-	LH
Describe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.	CE	МК	КН	L&GD, L&PPT ,L	VV-Viva,S- LAQ,T-CS, CL-PR,M- CHT	F&S	III	-	LH
Explain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid- electrolyte imbalance)	CC	NK	КН	L&PPT ,L&GD, L	PRN,CL-P R,OSCE,V V-Viva,P- VIVA	F	III	-	LH
Appraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.	CE	DK	КН	L,L&G D,L&PP T	T-CS,QZ , CBA,COM, P-VIVA	F&S	III	-	LH
Construct Chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga.	CE	МК	КН	DIS,SD L,D,CB L,FC	VV- Viva,QZ ,S -LAQ,CHK ,CBA	F&S	III	-	NLHT14.1
Construct chikitsa yojana of Udar roga & Jalodara	CE	МК	КН	BS,CBL ,PER,F C,L&G D	Mini-CEX, P- VIVA,QZ, VV- Viva,CHK	F&S	III	-	NLHT14.2
	 appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga. Explain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama. Describe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama. Explain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid- electrolyte imbalance) Appraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama. 	appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga.CEExplain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEExplain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid- electrolyte imbalance)CCAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEConstruct Chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga.CE	appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga.CEExplain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKExplain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid- electrolyte imbalance)CEDKAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEDKConstruct Chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga.CEMK	appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga.Explain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHExplain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid- electrolyte imbalance)CEDKKHAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEDKKHConstruct Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya Doshopakrama.CEDKKH	appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga.I.Explain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&PPT L,L&G DDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&GD, L&PPT 	appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna RogaS,VV-VivaExplain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&PPT L,L,&GD DK,QZ,P- CASE,RKDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&GD, L&PPT LAQ,T-CS, CL-PR,M- CHTExplain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid- electrolyte imbalance)CCNKKHL&PPT L&GD, R,OSCE,V LPRN,CL-P V-Viva,P- VIVAAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEDKKHL,L&GD, R,OSCE,V V-Viva,P- VIVAAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEDKKHL,L&G L,D,CB L,PC,CB,CBA,COM, P-VIVAConstruct Chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga.CEMKKHBS,SD L,PC,CB L,PC,CB L,PC,CBVV- Viva,QZ,S LAQ,CHK CBA,COM, P-VIVAConstruct chikitsa yojana of Udar roga & JalodaraCEMKKHBS,CBL PER,F P- C,L&G C,L&G C,L&GMin	appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga.I.J.S,VV-VivaExplain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&PPT L,I,L&G DM-POS,CH K,QZ,P- CASE,RKF&SDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&GD, L&PPT L, LVV-Viva,S- LAQ,T-CS, CHTF&SExplain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid- electrolyte imbalance)CCNKKHL&PPT L, LROSCE,V V-Viva,P- VIVAFAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama &CEDKKHL,L,>-CS,QZ, P, R,OSCE,V V-Viva,P- VIVAFConstruct Chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga.CEMKKHDIS,SD L,FCVV- Viva,QZ,S L,AQ,CHK ,CLAQ,CHK ,CLAQ,CHKVV- Viva,QZ,SF&SConstruct chikitsa yojana of Udar roga & JalodaraCEMKKHBS,CEL MKMini-CEX, P,ER,F C,L&GF&SConstruct chikitsa yojana of Udar roga & JalodaraCEMKKHBS,CEL P,ER,F C,L&GMini-CEX, P,ER,FF&S	appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga.I.S,VV-VivaExplain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&PPT LAQ.T-CS, CASE,RKF&SIIIDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&CD, L&CPT LAQ.T-CS, CL-PR,M- CHTVV-Viva,S- LAQ.T-CS, CL-PR,M- CHTF&SIIIExplain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid - electrolyte imbalance)CCNKKHL&PPT LAG, T-CS,QZ, VV-Viva,P- VIVAFIIIAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama &CEDKKHLL&GD, P, NOVAF&SIIIConstruct Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama &CEDKKHLL>-CS,QZ, CBA,COM, P-VIVAF&SIIIConstruct Chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga.CEMKKHDIS,SD L,FCVV- Viva,QZ, S LAQ,CHK ,CBAF&SIIIConstruct chikitsa yojana of Udar roga & JalodaraCEMKKHBS,CBL P,PER,FMini-CEX, P, VIVA,QZ	appropriate Chikitsa yojana of Trishna Roga.I.J.S,VV-VivaExplain Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Shotha roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&PPT L,L&G DM-POS,CH K,QZ,P. CASE,RKF&SIII IDescribe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Jalodara roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama.CEMKKHL&GD, L&PT L,LVV-Viva,S- LAQ,T-CS, CL-PR,M- CHTF&SIII IExplain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ascites & Jaliyovidyutansh vaishamya (Fluid- electrolyte imbalance)CCNKKHL&PPT L&GD, V-Viva,P- VTVAF&SIII IAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama &CEDKKHLL&GG L&CL-P, V-Viva,P- VTVAF&SIII IAppraise Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Ekdesheeya roga with a treatment algorithm according to its stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama &CEDKKHLL&GG L,BCGF&SIII IConstruct Chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga.CEMKKHDIS,SDVV- V- Viva,QZ,SF&SIII IConstruct chikitsa yojana of Udar roga & JalodaraCEMKKHBS,CBL PER,F P- VIVA,QZ,F

CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	treatme	n clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate , v nt & prepare case record in a case of Vatodar- Pittod lara- Dushyodara.		PSY- MEC	МК	SH	CD,D-B ED,X-R ay,LRI, CBL	OSPE,VV- Viva,Mini- CEX,CBA, P-VIVA	F&S	III	-	NLHP14.1
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	treatme	n clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate , nt & prepare case record in a case of Yakritodara & lara, Chhidrodara, Baddha gudodara.	write	PSY- MEC	МК	SH	CD,X-R ay,LRI, CBL,D- BED	CBA,RK,M ini-CEX,P- VIVA,QZ	F&S	III	-	NLHP14.2
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7		n clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate , v nt & prepare case record in a case of Jalodara	write	PSY- MEC	МК	SH	LRI,X- Ray,CD ,CBL,D- BED	OSCE,VV- Viva,P-VIV A,CBA,Mi ni-CEX	F&S	III	-	NLHP14.3
CO1, CO3, CO4, CO6, CO7	CO3, treatment & prepare case record in a case of Shotha roga . CO4, CO6,			PSY- MEC	МК	SH	CBL,D- BED,L RI,X- Ray,PT	Mini-CEX, VV-Viva,P- VIVA,RK, CBA	F&S	III	-	NLHP14.4
Non Le	ecture H	Iour Theory										
S.No		Name of Activity	Descri	iption of	Theory A	ctivity						
NLHT	14.1	Constructing chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga	Description of Theory Activity Refer the framework as described in NHLT 13.1 • Asessement for suitability (yogya- ayogya) for a. Shodhana Chikitsa									

	b. Shamana Chikitsa
	 Aushadha yojna for shaman chikitsa :1. Bilva patra svaras 2. Punarnavamoola churna /Kwatha 3. Maankand Churna 4. Gudardraka Kalpa 5. Eranda taila
	A. Ekala Aushadha Yoga with appropriate anupana:1. Shothahar Mahakashaya 2. Gudardraka Yog 3. Punarnavashtaka Kwaatha 4. Kansa Hareetaki 5. Dashmoola haritaki 6. Punarnaavasava 7.Patoladi Kwaath 8. Punarnavaadi Guggulu 9. Punarnavaadi Madura
	B.Aushadha Kalpa prayoga with appropriate matra, anupana, sevana kala for following
	C. Naimittika Rasayana for Shotha roga D. Pathya -Apathya Recommendation for shotha roga
	D. Fullyu Apaulyu Recommendation for should roga
Constructing Chikitsa yojana of Udar roga & Jalodara	Refer the framework as described in NHLT 13.1
	• Assessment for suitability (yogya- ayogya) for
	a. Shodhana Chikitsa
	b. Shamana Chikitsa
	• Aushadha yojna for shaman chikitsa :
	A. Ekala Aushadha Yoga with appropriate anupana: 1. Guggulu Kalpa 2. Haritaki Kalpa 3. Shilajatu Kalpa 4. Pippali Vardhmana Kalpa 5. Gomutra
	B.Aushadha Kalpa prayoga with appropriate matra, anupana , sevana kala for following:1. Arogayavardhini Vati 2. Jalodarari rasa 3. Ichchhabhedi rasa 4. Abhayadi Modaka 5. Sahasra hareetaki
	yog 6. Narayan Choorna 7. Narach Ghrita C. Naimittika Rasayana for for udara roga
	• • •

			D. Path	D. Pathya -Apathya Recommendation for udara roga									
Non L	ecture H	Iour Practical											
S.No		Name of Practical	Descri	Description of Practical Activity									
NLHP	14.1	Bedside demonstration of a case of Vatodara- Pittodara- Kaphodara- Dushyodara	Refer t (2 hour		ıking fram	ework as c	lescribed in	NHLP3.1					
NLHP	14.2	Bedside demonstration of case of Yakritodara & Pleehodara, Chhidrodara, Baddha gudodara.	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP3.1 (3 hours)										
NLHP 14.3 Bedside demonstration of case of Jalodara				Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP3.1 (2 hours)									
				he case ta (s)	king fram	ework as c	lescribed in	NHLP3.1					
Торіс	15 Chil	itsa of Mootravaha srotodushti vikara (LH :	4 NLHT	: 4 NLF	IP: 8)								
A3		B3		C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I3	K3	L3	
CO1, CO3, CO4	Mootra stages o	Describe Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Mootrakriccha roga with a treatment algorithm according to stages of Shadkriyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama & Doshopakrama		CE	МК	КН	L&GD, L&PPT ,L_VC	VV-Viva,P- VIVA,CO M,QZ ,CBA	F&S	III	-	LH	
CO1, CO3, CO4	(SM81)	Chikitsa sutra and Samprapti vighatana of Mootragh) with a treatment algorithm according to its stages iyakala and appropriate plan of Shadvidhopakrama a	of	CE	МК	КН	L,L&PP T ,L&GD	S-LAQ,VV -Viva,COM ,QZ ,CBA	F&S	III	-	LH	

	Doshopakrama									
CO1, CO3	Explain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Ashu Vrikka -nishkriyata (Acute Renal Failure) & Chirakaari vrikka -nishkriyata (Chronic Renal Failure)	CE	DK	КН	L,L&PP T ,L&GD	M-POS,P- VIVA,S-L AQ,VV- Viva,CBA	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Mutra Gaveenika shotha (UTI), Vrikka Koshika Shotha (Nephritis)(SM84), Pourusha Granthi Shotha (Prostitis), and Mutranalika- Basti shotha (Urethritis-Cystitis),	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT ,L,L&G D	T-CS,Mini- CEX,P-VI VA,M-POS ,S-LAQ	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Construct Chikitsa yojana for Samprapti vighatana of Mootrakrichchha roga (SM82)	CS	МК	КН	PER,SD L,PBL, L&GD, CBL	CBA,P-VI VA,VV- Viva,QZ ,S- LAQ	F&S	III	-	NLHT15.1
CO1, CO3, CO4	Construct Chikitsa yojana for Samprapti vighatana of Mootraghaata roga (SM81)	CS	DK	КН	L&PPT ,L&GD, L	CBA,S-LA Q,CHK,VV- Viva,QZ	F&S	III	H-SH	NLHT15.2
CO1, CO3, CO4	Construct Chikitsa yojana for Samprapti vighatana of Ashmari roga (SM82).	CS	МК	КН	FC,PER ,CBL,L &GD,B S	S-LAQ,P- VIVA,QZ, VV- Viva,CBA	F&S	III	-	NLHT15.3
CO1, CO3	Explain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic perspective of Pourusha Granthi vriddhi (BPH), Pourusha Granthi Arbuda (Ca Prostate) & Apavrukkatva (Nephrotic Syndrome)	CC	NK	КН	FC,BS, PER,CB L,L&G D	RK,QZ ,V V-Viva,CB A,P-VIVA	F	III	-	NLHT15.4
CO1, CO2,	Perform clinical examination to diagnose & prognosticate, write treatment & prepare case record in a case of Mootraghata.	PSY- MEC	МК	SH	LRI,D- BED,C	VV- Viva,QZ ,O	F&S	III	-	NLHP15.1

	problen Urethra	strate Indwelling Urethral Catheter Insertion, mana as due to Indwelling Catheters and remove Indwelli l catheters.	ing	PSY- GUD	MK	SH	SIM,SD L,D-BE D,CD,X- Ray	DOPS,P-PS ,SP,VV-Viv a,Mini- CEX	F	III	H-SH	NLHP15.4
CO5	Urethra	l catheters.	Descri	ption of	Theory A	-	D,CD,X-	a,Mini- CEX				
NLHI	15.1	- · · · · ·	• a. Shod		nent for sui ikitsa		NHLT 13. 70gya- ayog					

		• Aushadha yojna for shaman chikitsa :
		A. Ekala Aushadha Yoga with appropriate anupana: 1. Gokshur kwaatha 2. Ela churna 3. Daruhaldi churna 4. Narikela Pushpa 5. Amalaki Kwatha
		B.Aushadha Kalpa prayoga with appropriate matra, anupana , sevana kala for following:1. Mootrarechaneeya Mahakashaya 2. Trinpanchmula Kashaya 3. Shatavaryadi Kashaya 4.
		Pashanbhedadi Choorna 5. Gokshuradi Guggulu 6. Chandanasava 7. Chandrakala rasa
		C. Naimittika Rasayana for Mootrakriccha
		D. Pathya -Apathya Recommendation for Mootrakrichchha.
NLHT 15.2	Constructing Chikitsa Yojana for Samprapti Vighatana of Mootraghaata roga (SM81)	Refer the framework as described in NHLT 13.1
		• Assessment for suitability (yogya- ayogya) for
		a. Shodhana Chikitsa
		b. Shamana Chikitsa
		• Aushadha Yojna for Shaman Chikitsa :
		A. Ekala Aushadha Yoga with appropriate anupana:
		B.Aushadha Kalpa prayoga with appropriate matra, anupana, sevana kala for following
		C. Naimittika Rasayana for
		D. Pathyaapathya Recommendation for Mootraghata
NLHT 15.3	Constructing chikitsa yojana for samprapti vighatana of Ashmari roga (SM82)	Refer the framework as described in NHLT 13.1

		• Asessement for suitability (yogya- ayogya) for
		a. Shodhana Chikitsa
		b. Shamana Chikitsa
		• Aushadha yojna for shaman chikitsa :
		A. Ekala Aushadha Yoga with appropriate anupana:1. Varuna Kwaatha 2. Narikela Pushpa 3. Taalmooli churna 4. Yavakshar 5. Kulatttha yusha /kwatha
		B.Aushadha Kalpa prayoga with appropriate matra, anupana , sevana kala for following:1. Varunadi kashaya 2. Veertarvadi Kashaya 3. Shigrumooladi Kashaya 4. Trivikram rasa
		C. Naimittika Rasayana for Ashmari roga
		D. Pathyaapathya Recommendation for Ashmari roga
NLHT 15.4	Detailed understanding of management of Pourusha Granthi Vriddhi (BPH), Pourusha Granthi Arbuda (Ca Prostate) & Apavrukkatva	Refer the framework as described in NHLT 13.1
	(Nephrotic Syndrome)	• Asessement for suitability (yogya- ayogya) for
		a. Shodhana Chikitsa
		b. Shamana Chikitsa
		• Aushadha yojna for shaman chikitsa :
		A. Ekala Aushadha Yoga with appropriate anupana.
		B.Aushadha Kalpa prayoga .
		C. Naimittika Rasayana D. Pathya -Apathya Recommendation
		D. I aniya -Apaniya Neconinicildanon

Non Lecture	e Hour Practical										
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of	Practical	Activity	7						
NLHP 15.1	Bedside demonstration of a case of Mootraghata	Refer the case tal	king frame	ework as c	lescribed in	NHLP 3.1					
NLHP 15.2	Bedside demonstration of a case of CKD	Refer the case tal	Refer the case taking framework as described in NHLP 3.1								
NLHP 15.3	Bedside demonstration of a case of Mootrakrichcha	Refer the case tal	king frame	ework as c	lescribed in	NHLP 3.1					
NLHP 15.4	Bedside demonstration of indwelling Urethral Catheter Insertion, managing problems due to Indwelling Catheters and removing Indwelling Urethral catheters.	 Mentor will demonstrate Scope of practice.,Informed consent.Cultural safety. Key consideration in decision to catheterise. Key considerations in choice of indwelling catheter Equipment. Infection prevention,Catheter care, Catheter bag emptying,Catheter bag Change,Urine Sampling for an Indwelling catheter. Indwelling Urethral Catheter Insertion (Female & Male) Procedure. Problem Management for Indwelling Catheters. Decision to Remove Indwelling Urethral catheters, Potential problems During Removal urethral catheter. Complications and Monitoring Following Removal of Indwelling Urethral catheters. The students will practice same under guidance of same through simulation models or p 							moval of ers.		
Topic 16 Cl	nikitsa of Purishavaha srotodushti vikara (SR5A	(LH :4 NLHT	: 4 NLH	P: 8)							
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I 3	K3	L3	

CO1, CO3	Describe the treatment plan for Sama and Nirama stages of Atisara (SM37) and Explain Samanya chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa along with Pathyaapathya	CC	МК	KH	L&PPT ,L	PRN,QZ	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa including Pathyaapathya of Pravahika (SM38) and Raktatisara	CC	DK	KH	L,L&PP T	PRN,QZ	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Summarize the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa and Pathyaapathya of Krimi roga(SQ50)	CC	МК	KH	L&PPT ,L	QZ ,PRN	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Detail the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa including Rasayana and Pathyaapathya of Arsha according to its types.	CC	МК	КН	L,L&PP T	PRN,CL- PR,QZ	F&S	III	H-SH	LH
CO1, CO3	 State Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga mentioned in atisara and pravahika Kutajaghana vati Dadimashtaka choorna Mustaarishtam Bilwadhi leha Gangadhara vati 	СК	DK	КН	TBL,L &GD,D IS	QZ ,PRN	F&S	III	_	NLHT16.1
CO1, CO3, CO5	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, and principles of management of Pravahika (dysentery) ,Raktatisara (ulcerative colitis), Bruhadaantra arbuda (colorectal cancer)	CC	DK	КН	L_VC,T BL,PER ,L&GD	QZ ,O- QZ,PRN	F&S	III	-	NLHT16.2
CO1, CO3	 State Phalashruti, mention the Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Yoga mentioned in various classical text for Krimi roga Krimikuthara rasa Krimighna vati 	СК	DK	КН	REC,TB L,DIS,L &GD	PRN,QZ	F&S	III	-	NLHT16.3

		Nimbamrita kashayaVidangarishtam										
CO1, CO3	comm	be the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala only used Yoga in Arsha • Arshakuthara rasa • Kankayana vati • Abhayarishta • Takrarishta (Arshaadhikara)	of	CC	DK	КН	TBL,DI S,L&G D,REC	O-QZ,PRN, QZ	F&S	III	-	NLHT16.4
CO1, CO3, CO5		nstrate the chikitsa yojana & prepare case record in c havaha sroto vikara after performing relevant clinica nation		PSY- MEC	МК	SH	DIS,LRI ,L&GD, TBL,PE R	PRN,VV-V iva,PP-Prac tical,P- PRF,OSCE	F&S	III	-	NLHP16.1
CO1, CO5	Comm	emoration of International days		PSY- MEC	NK	SH	RLE,PE R,PBL, TBL,RP	P-POS,P-P S,P-RP,QZ	F	III	-	NLHP16.2
Non L	ecture	Hour Theory			I		1		1		1	
S.No		Name of Activity	Descri	iption of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT	16.1	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga for Atisara and Pravahika	•	The stuc Each Gr	lents are d	vided in g tted speci	d learning groups of 3- fic Aushadl he material		ources and	l prepar	e a presen	tation

		 Each group will present the allotted topic in class Students are encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the mentor Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
NLHT 16.2	Detailed understanding of Pravahika (dysentery), Raktatisara (ulcerative colitis), Bruhadantra arbuda (colorectal cancer) and its ayurvedic management	 Team based learning The students are divided into different teams One team is asked to present a case on dysentery (Pravahika), ulcerative colitis(Raktatisara), colorectal cancer (Bruhadantra arbuda) The second team present a detailed presentation about the topic on etiopathogenesis, diagnosis The third team perform clinical examination in a simulated case The fourth team does a presentation on the investigations and plan of treatment Followed by group discussion Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
NLHT 16.3	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha for Krimi roga	 Group Discussion The students are divided in groups of 3-5 students Each Group is allotted specific Aushadha yoga Students refer and compile the material from library sources and prepare a presentation Each group will present the allotted topic in class Students are encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the mentor Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks.
NLHT 16.4	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha for Arsha	 Group Discussion The students are divided in groups of 3-5 students Each Group is allotted specific Aushada yoga Students refer and compile the material from library sources and prepare a presentation Each group will present the allotted topic in class

		Students are encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the teacher.Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 16.1	Bedside Case taking of Atisara , Pravahika ,Arsha, Raktatisara and Krimi	Long case taking of Atisara,Pravahika and Arsha (2 cases X 2hours = 4 hours)each batch short case taking of Raktatisara and Krimi (2cases X 1hour= 2 hours) each batch. Interpretation of the Blood, Stools and Imaging reports of patients in IP related to Pureeshavaha srota: and its Avasthika chikitsa Students are asked to take cases in the IPD (6 Hours) Demonstration Bedside Refer case taking framework as described in NLHP3.1 and NLHP5.1 use for details Team based learning
		 The students will be divided into different teams One team will be asked to present Blood reports of patients in IP related to Pureeshavaha srotas The second team will present a presentation about Stools report of patients in IP related to Pureeshavaha srotas The third team will be asked to present on Imaging reports of patients in IP related to Pureeshavaha srotas The fourth team will do a presentation on avasthika chikitsa related to the lab reports Followed by group discussion Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
NLHP 16.2	Public awareness activity related to World colorectal cancer awareness day/world IBS day/World piles day	World colorectal cancer awareness day/ world IBS day/ World piles day (Any one) (2 hours) Kinesthetic learning -The students will be asked to make posters on various aspect of the illness and do an exhibition of the same OR Role play -The students will be encouraged to perform a role play depicting the importance of prevention of disease using the ayurvedic principles and swift action on witnessing the early

symptoms. OR Public outreach program- Conduct a survey among the public to assess the susceptibility of Colorectal cancer and educate them about the same. OR Organise a rally to create awareness about Prevention OR conduct medical camps
conduct medical camps
Prepare a report with a Geotagged Photograph

Paper 3	(Vyadhi Vishesha Chikitsa Evam Rasayana, Vajikarana)									
A3 Cour se out come	B3 Learning Objective (At the end of the session, the students should be able to)	C3 Domai n/sub	D3 MK / DK / NK	E3 Level	F3 T-L method	G3 Assessmen t	H3 Assess ment Type	I3 Ter m	K3 Integra tion	L3 Type
Topic 1	7 Chikitsa of Annavaha srotodushti vikara (LH :12 NLHT	: 4 NLHI	P: 14)		-					
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I 3	K3	L3
CO1, CO3	Describe the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra Chikitsa and Aushadha yoga of Agnimandya(SM3B) Aruchi/ Arochaka	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT	T-CS,T- OBT,QZ ,VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Articulate the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa of Gulma(SM3K)	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT	QZ ,T-CS,T -OBT,VV- Viva	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Detail Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa yojana including Aushadha yoga and Pathyaapathya of Doshaja Gulma(SM3K)	CC	MK	КН	L&PPT	T-OBT,QZ ,T-CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	• Generate a treatment protocol for Sama Pitta and Nirama	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT	T-CS,VV- Viva,QZ ,T- OBT	F&S	Ι	-	LH

	 Pitta. Illustrate Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, and Chikitsa yojana including Aushadha yoga and Pathyaapathya of Amlapitta(SM39) 									
CO1, CO3	Describe Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra ,Chikitsa yojana including Aushadha yoga and pathyapathya of Parinaama shoola(SM3D), Annadrava shoola (SM3E)	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T -CS,T- OBT,QZ	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Aushadha yoga, and Pathyaapthya of Chhardi(SM3L)	CC	MK	KH	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T -CS,T- OBT,QZ	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Detail the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa of Grahani dosha (SM36)	CC	МК	KH	L&PPT	T-CS,T-OB T,VV- Viva,QZ	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Construct Doshaja chikitsa , Chikitsa yojana including Aushadha yoga, Rasayana and Pathyaapathya of Grahani(SM36))	САР	МК	KH	L&PPT	T-OBT,QZ ,VV-Viva,T- CS	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	 Illustrate Sama dosha chiklitsa Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra ,Chikitsa of Ajeerna(SM 3B), Alasaka(SM3C), Vishuchika, Vilambika(SM34) 	CC	МК	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS,QZ ,T- OBT	F&S	I	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Apply Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa of Aatopa, Aadhmana(SM31) and Aanaaha	CC	МК	KH	L&PPT	QZ ,T-OBT ,VV-Viva,T-	F&S	Ι	-	LH

						CS				
CO1, CO2, CO3	Review the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic Perspective and Principles of Management of Udaraarbuda (Malignancy of Abdomen)	CC	DK	К	L&PPT ,L&GD	T-OBT,QZ ,VV-Viva,T- CS	F	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chiktsa sutra, and chikitsa of Shoola(SM33)	CC	МК	К	L&PPT	VV-Viva,T- CS,QZ	F&S	Ι	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO4	Discuss the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic Mangement of Pittashaya Shotha(Cholecystitis), Agniashaya shotha(Pancreatitis), Diverticulitis and Gastroenteritis(Udara Shotha)	CC	DK	K	FC	T-CS,QZ , VV-Viva,T- OBT	F	Ι	-	NLHT17.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	Interpret the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, and Ayurveda Management of Grahani (irritable bowel syndrome)	CC	DK	K	L&PPT	T-CS,P- VIVA	F	Ι	-	NLHT17.2
CO1, CO2, CO3	Differentiate the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Management of Urdhwaga Amlapitta(GERD) , Parinama shoola and Annadrava shoola(Acid Peptic Disease)	CC	DK	К	BS,DIS	QZ ,T-CS, VV-Viva,T- OBT	F	Ι	-	NLHT17.3
CO1, CO3	State the Phalashruti, Matra, Sevana kala and Anupana of various yoga mentioned in Annavaha srotodushti vikara	CC	MK	KH	LS,REC ,PER	VV- Viva,QZ	F&S	Ι	-	NLHT17.4
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	Identify Annavaha Srotodushti Lakshana in 5 cases of Annavahasroto vikaraDemonstrate the Chikitsa yojana including Pathyaapathya and Rasayana in 5 Annavahasrotodushti vikara	PSY- MEC	МК	КН	D-BED	C-INT,QZ , VV- Viva,SA	F&S	Ι	-	NLHP17.1
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6,	Appraise two Annavahasroto dushti vikara in the OPD and formulate a treatment plan based on the Dosha Dooshya vivechana	CS	МК	SH	D	QZ ,C-INT, VV-Viva	F&S	Ι	-	NLHP17.2

CO7											
	emonstrate the insertion of the Nasogastric Tube/ Ryles tube in mannequin		PSY- MEC	МК	КН	SIM,D, EDU	QZ ,CHK	F	Ι	-	NLHP17.3
Non Lecture	Hour Theory				•		•				
S.No	Name of Activity	Desc	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT 17.1	Discussion on Chikitsa of Agniyashaya Shotha(Pancreatitis) and Pittashaya Shotha(Cholecystitis		 Flipped classroom The students are given the topic and they do a compilation on etiopathogenesis, ayurvedice perspective, and management from medical books and online scientific articles (shared by mentor) The following day the students get engaged in a discussion on the assigned topic The students are encouraged to ask questions The Mentor gives answers to the queries Evaluation is done by Quiz and Presentation 						shared by the		
NLHT 17.2	Compilation of scientific research articles on Irritable Bowel Syndrome/ (Grahani)		Journals on the g • The nex	and prepa iven topic t day the s	re notes o tudents are	n etiopatho	they are asked genesis, the A tto groups. The ssions.	yurvedic j	perspect	tive, and i	management

S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
	Hour Practical	
		 The Mentor gives a brief description of each Aushadha yoga The students are divided into small groups of 2 or 3 Each group is given one Aushadha yoga They are given a Library session and have to refer and collect information regarding each Aushadha yoga Each group does a class presentation which is followed by a quiz
NLHT 17.4	Clinical application of Aushadha yoga based on different Kalpana in Annavaha srotodushti vikara.	Library session and Class Presentation
	Peptic Diseases)	 The topic is given and they are asked to prepare notes on etiopathogenesis, ayurvedic perspective, and management from medical books and online scientific articles (shared by mentor) The next day the students are divided into groups and engage in group discussions and generate a conceptual framework on the Ayurveda perspective of the disease Mentors facilitate the discussion and students are encouraged to ask questions Mentors give answers to the queries Evaluation is done by Quiz and Puzzles
NLHT 17.3	Brainstorming on Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis & Management of Urdhwaga Amlapitha(GERD), , Parinama shoola and Annadrava shoola(Acid	Brainstorming
		 Mentors facilitate the discussion and students are encouraged to ask questions. Mentors give answers to the queries Evaluation is done by Quiz and Presentation

NLHP 1	17.1 Bedside Case taking of Annavaha srotodushti vikara.	.Amlapitta(SM3	Bedside Case taking of Annavaha srotodushti vikara of Gulma(SM3K), Grahani (SM3), .Amlapitta(SM39), Parinaama shoola & Annadrava shoola/ Udarashoola(SM-3A, 3B,3C,3D, Refer the case-taking format as explained in NLHP Activity Description 3.1 (Total 10hrs)										
NLHP 1	17.2 OP-based case taking of two Annavahasrotodush vikara	ti Refer to the cas	Refer to the case-taking format as mentioned in NLHP activity 5.1 (Total 2hrs)										
NLHP 1	17.3 Insertion of Nasogastric tube/ Ryles tube in a Mannequin	Simulation/ Vic	Simulation/ Video-based learning (total 2hrs)										
		 The men insertion Then, th The study The men Assessment https://www.mse 	 The students will be taken to the simulation Lab The mentor gives a brief description of the indications and contraindications of NG tube insertion Then, the Mentor demonstrates the Procedure Step By step to the students The students practice the procedure on their own The mentor guides the students and clears their doubts Assessment will be done using a checklist. 										
Topic 1	18 Chikitsa of Manovaha srotas dushti vikara (LH	:8 NLHT: 4 NLH	(P: 8)										
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I 3	K3	L3			
CO1, CO3	Summarize the Chikitsa Sutra of Manovaha sroto dushti explain Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa Unmada roga.(SQ03)		МК	K	L&PPT ,DIS,RE C,L_VC	CL-PR,T-C S,S-LAQ,C R-W,INT	F&S	II	-	LH			
CO1, CO3	Explore the role of Adravyabhuta Chikitsa in Unmada rog	ga. CAP	МК	КН	L_VC,D IS,L&P	T-CS,T-OB T,CR-	F&S	II	-	LH			

					PT	W,INT				
CO1, CO3	Explain the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsasutra and Chikitsa of Apasmara roga(SK30)	CC	МК	КН	DIS,L& PPT ,L_ VC,RE C	CR-W,T-O BT,T-CS,S- LAQ,PRN	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Outline the Samprapti Vighatana, Chikitsasutra and Chikitsa of Atattvabhinivesha roga, Chittodvega and Vishada	CAN	МК	KH	L&PPT ,L,DIS	INT,CR-W, T-OBT,T- CS	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Review the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Management of Chinta roga (General Anxiety Disorder).	CC	МК	KH	L_VC,D IS,L&P PT ,L	CR-W,T- CS,INT, C- VC,T-OBT	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Summarize the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Management of Vishada (Depression).	CS	МК	K	L&PPT ,L_VC, L,DIS	C-VC,T-C S,T-OBT,I NT,CR-W	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Describe the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, treatment principles of Epilepsy (non-organic)	CC	DK	KH	DIS,L& PPT ,L,L_V C	T-OBT,PR N,INT,CR- W,T-CS	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	Describe the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, treatment principles of Bhavodvega (Somatoform and mood disorder), Pratyabalajanya vikara (Stress induced disorder), Kamonmada (Psychosexual disorders).	CC	DK	KH	L&PPT ,L_VC, L,DIS	T-OBT,T- CS,QZ ,INT,CL- PR	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO3	State the Ekala Aushadha prayoga, Aushadha Kalpa , Rasayana in Manasa roga.	СК	МК	KH	DIS,L& GD,TB L	SA,CBA,S- LAQ,INT	F&S	II	-	NLHT18.1
CO1, CO2	Explain the Bhutonmada and its basic management.	CC	NK	КН	EDU,PE R,DIS	QZ , C- VC,PRN	F	II	-	NLHT18.2

CO1, CO2, CO3	compul	clinical understanding of Atatvabhinivesha(Obsessiv sive disorder,Neurotic disorder) and Vyaktatva evum v viparyaya(Personality and behavioral disorder) and i nt plan.		NK	КН	DIS,BS	QZ ,INT,CR-W	F	Π	-	NLHT18.3
CO1, CO2, CO3	Discuss treatme	clinical understanding of Vishada (Depression) and nt plan	its CAP	МК	КН	TUT,TB L,DIS	QZ ,INT	F&S	Π	-	NLHT18.4
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7		strate the Chikitsa yojana and prepare case record in a ovaha srotodushti after performing relevant clinical ation	case PSY- MEC	МК	SH	L&GD, D-BED, TBL,C D,PER	VV-Viva,P RN,PP-Prac tical,OSCE	F&S	Π	-	NLHP18.1
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO7	in the h	v various clinical conditions of mental disorders, chang igher mental functions and study the case managemer ls in the establishment.		NK	SH	FV,D-B ED,RLE	C-VC,PP-P ractical,OS CE,Log book	F	II	_	NLHP18.2
CO2, CO6	Assess Health	the importance of commemmorating World Mental day	PSY- MEC	DK	SH	TUT,E DU	QZ	F	II	-	NLHP18.3
Non L	ecture H	Iour Theory			-						
S.No		Name of Activity	Description o	f Theory A	Activity						
NLHT	18.1	Aushadha prayoga for Manasa roga	Group Discus	sion and Te	eam based	d learning					

- The students are divided in groups of 3-5 students
- Each Group is allotted specific Aushadha yoga
- Students refer and compile the material from library sources and prepare a presentation
- Each group will present the allotted topic in class

	Students are encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the mentorMentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
	1.Ekala Aushadha Yoga (single drug therapy) for manasa roga with appropriate anupana:
	 Bramhi, Kushmanda, Ashwagandha, Vacha Jyotishmati, Shankhapushpi
	2. Aushadha Kalpas with appropriate sevana kala matra, anupana of manasa roga –
	 Kalyanaka Ghrita, Saraswatarishta, Manasamitra Vataka, Panchagavya Ghrita, Smritisagara rasa,
	3.Naimittika Rasayana for manasa roga
	 Kushmanda avalehya Brahmi Ghrita Medhya rasayana

NLHT 18.2	Bhutonmada and its basic management.	Discussion on the lakshana of Bhutonmada and its basic management. Group Discussion
		 Small groups are formed in the class. The group of students discuss and interact among themseleves the panchnidana of bhutonmada along with its chikitsa. Student and Mentor interaction takes place and queries are solved.
NLHT 18.3	Detailed discussion on Obsessive compulsive disorder, Neurotic disorder, personality and behavioral disorder.	Detailed discussion on the Diagnosis, Clinical examination and treatment of Atatvabhinivesha(Obsessive compulsive disorder,Neurotic disorder) and vyaktatva evum swabhav viparyaya(Personality and behavioral disorder). Group Discussion
		 Students are instructed to refer from available resources and prepare PPT. On the following day they present the topic using audio visual aids followed by Group Discussion. Mentor answers the queries raised by the students.
NLHT 18.4	Detailed discussion on the Diagnosis, Clinical examination and treatment of Vishada (Depression).	 Team based learning The students are divided into different teams. One team is instructed to present a case on depression The second team is instructed to present a detailed presentation about the topic related to etiopathogenesis, diagnosis. The third team is as instructed to perform clinical examination in a simulated case. The fourth team is instructed to do a presentation on the treatment.

		 Presentation is followed by group discussion Mentor answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks.
Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 18.1	Case study/ case scenario to devise a treatment plan according to principles of Manovaha srotas Documentation of a case/condition requiring manovaha srotas	Clinical case study (2 Long cases x 2hours = 4 hours per batch) Refer the case taking format mentioned in NLHP activity description 3.1
NLHP 18.2	An insight into functionality of a mental hospital /de-addiction center/psycho social rehabilitation center.	Activitiy - Field visit (2 hours) Community based learning Students are taken to nearest mental health care facility.
		 They observe the inmates of the facility and identify various mental health disorders and their management. Students make a brief report about visit.
		The report is be presented by the students and assessed by the Mentors followed by concluding remarks.
NLHP 18.3	Public awareness activity related to Mental health day.	Commemoration of World Mental Health day(Oct 10) (2 hours) Community based learning Students are encouraged to conduct public awareness programs using suitable mass communication, audio-visual aids showing the importance of Mental Health, Preventive and therapeutic aspect of

	psyc	hiatric disor	rders.							
Торіс	19 Chikitsa of of Antahsravi Granthi vyadhi (LH :4 NLH	T: 4 NLH	P: 4)							
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Explain Chikitsa of Mandavatuk (Hypothyroidism)	САР	МК	КН	L_VC,L &PPT ,LRI	M-CHT,V V-Viva,WP ,M-POS	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Describe Chikitsa of Tivravatuk (Hyperthyroidism) (SP9Y).	САР	МК	КН	LRI,L& PPT ,L_VC	VV-Viva,M -CHT,WP, M-POS	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Explain Chikitsa of Adhivrikka granthi vikara (Adrenal gland Disorders): Hyperaldosteronism-Addison vyadhi (Addison's disease).	САР	МК	КН	LRI,L_ VC,L& PPT	M-CHT,W P,M-POS,V V-Viva	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Explain Chikitsa of Adhivrikka granthi vikara (Adrenal gland disorders): Hypoaldosteronism-Cushing roga samuchchaya (Cushing's Syndrome).	САР	МК	КН	LRI,L& PPT ,L_VC	M-POS,VV -Viva,WP, M-CHT	F&S	II	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Discuss Chikitsa of Piyusha granthi vikara (Pituitary disorders): Hypopituitarism-Vamanatva (Dwarfism) (SP9Y).	САР	NK	КН	TUT,DI S,PER	VV- Viva,QZ	F	II	-	NLHT19.1
CO1, CO2, CO3,	Explain Chikitsa of Piyusha granthi vikara (Pituitary disorders): Hyperpituitarism-Dirghakayata /Atidirgha (Gigantism) and Vikayata (Acromegaly).	САР	NK	КН	DIS,PE R,TUT	QZ ,VV- Viva	F	II	-	NLHT19.2

CO6												
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	-	the Chikitsa of Piyusha granthi vikara : Udakameha es insipidus).	1	САР	NK	КН	PER,TU T,DIS	QZ ,VV- Viva	F	II	-	NLHT19.3
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	_	the Chikitsa of Para-avatuka granthi vyadhi (Parathrs: Hypoparathyroidism and Hyperparathyroidism).	lyroid	САР	NK	КН	DIS,PE R,TUT	QZ ,VV- Viva	F	II	-	NLHT19.4
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7		strate clinical case of an Endocrine disorder and disc a with Pathyapathya.	cuss its	PSY- SET	МК	КН	D,TBL, PER,CD ,LRI	QZ ,P-VIV A,OSCE,P RN,P- CASE	F&S	П	-	NLHP19.1
Non L	ecture H	Iour Theory	_									
S.No		Name of Activity	Descr	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT	19.1	Hypopituitarism-Vamanatva (Dwarfism) (SP9Y)	Grou	 Discussi Mentor Student material Student A discussion 	on allots the to prepares a presents the ssion is gen	opic to the Power po ne topic in nerated an	e student. int presenta the class us	ead, learn and tion for the al sing power poi dents on the g s.	lotted topi int.	c by ref		the study

			udents prepare a powerpoint presentation to read, learn and understand the topic. efer the Activity Description of NLHT 19.1									
		Students prepare a powerpoint presentation to read, learn and understand the topic. Refer the Activity Description of NLHT 19.1										
		Students prepare a powerpoint presentation to read, learn and understand the topic. Refer the Activity Description of NLHT 19.1										
Non L	ecture	Hour Practical										
S.No Name of Practical Desc		Description of Practical Activity										
NLHP	19.1		ase based lear ease refer the	-			bed in NLHP	3.1.				
Торіс	20 Chi	ikitsa of Vyadhikshamatva vikara (LH :3 NLHT:	4 NLHP: 3)									
A3		B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I3	K3	L3	
CO1, CO2, CO3	manag vikara	be the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Ayurvedic gement of Vyadhikshamata heenatajanya (Immunodeficiency diseases -Primary and secondary ne deficiency disorders)	CC	МК	КН	DIS,L,L &PPT	QZ ,PRN	F&S	II	-	LH	
CO1, CO2, CO3		• Explain the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Principles management of Atmapratirodha Kshamatvajanya Vikar (Auto immune disorders)		МК	КН	L_VC,L &PPT ,L	PRN,QZ	F&S	II	-	LH	

S.No	Name of Activity I	Description of	Theory 2	Activity						
Non L	ecture Hour Theory									
CO1, CO2, CO3	Demonstrate the Chikitsa yojana & prepare case record in cas of Vyadhikshamatva vikara after performing relevant clinical examinations	es PSY- MEC	МК	КН	LRI,D- BED,PT ,CD,DL	PRN,Mini- CEX,OSCE ,P-VIVA,P- PRF	F&S	II	-	NLHP20.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	Discuss the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management along with Ayurvedic perspective of Rheumatoic Arthritis	i CC	NK	K	BL,BS, DIS,L& GD,LRI	PRN,QZ	F	II	-	NLHT20.4
CO1, CO2, CO3	Discuss the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Pprinciples of management along with Ayurvedic perspective of Crohn's disease	CC	NK	K	L_VC,C D,L&G D,DIS,L RI	QZ ,PRN	F	II	-	NLHT20.3
CO1, CO2, CO3	Summarizes the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management along with Ayurvedic perspective of Multiple sclerosis (MS)	СК	NK	K	DIS,L_ VC,L& GD,LRI ,TBL	QZ ,PRN	F	Π	-	NLHT20.2
CO1, CO2, CO3	Discuss the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurvedic understanding of Ankylosing Spondylitis	CC	NK	K	BL,L& GD,L_ VC	QZ ,PRN	F	Π	-	NLHT20.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	Describe the Etiopathogenesis, Types, Diagnosis and Principle management of Atisamvedanasheelata janya vyadhi (Hypersensitivity Reactions).	s of CC	МК	КН	L,L_VC ,L&PPT	QZ ,PRN	F&S	II	_	LH
	• Explain Samprapti vighatana and Chikitsa of Pratiraks (Systemic Lupus Erythematosus)	shija								

NLHT 20.1	Approach to the Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and management of Ankylosing Spondylitis	Blended learning and Group discussion
		• Students are given online learning material like description of the internet link and scientific articles
		 Students are divided into various small groups and they will be allotted topic related to Ankylosing Spondylitis
		 Each group is asked to do a presentation related to the topics given Group discussion will be followed
		• Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
NLHT 20.2	Approach to the Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and management of Multiple sclerosis	Team-based learning, Presentation
		• The students are divided into different teams
		 One team is asked to present on etiopathogenesis and diagnosis of Multiple sclerosis The second team does a detailed presentation about the Ayurvedic understanding of Multiple sclerosis
		 The third team does a presentation on the investigations related to multiple sclerosis Followed by a group discussion on Ayurveda management
		 Mentors answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks.
NLHT 20.3	Approach to the Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and management of Crohn's disease	Class Presentation
		• The students are encouraged to collect information on the etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis,

		Investigations Prognosis and Management of Crohn's diseaseThe students do a presentation
		• Discussion is followed
		• Mentors answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
NLHT 20.4	Approach to the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and management of	Blended learning and Group discussion
	Rheumatoid Arthritis	
		 Students are given online learning material like description of the internet link and scientific research articles Students are divided into various small groups, and they will be allotted topic related
		Rheumatoid Arthritis
		• Each group is asked to do a presentation related to the topic given
		• Group discussion will be followed
		• Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks
Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 20.1	Bed side Case Presentation on Immune system	Case Presentation on Immune system disorders
	disorders	2 cases per clinical batch
		One long case 2hrs &one short case 1 hr.) Total =3hrs
		Refer case taking framework as described in NLHP3.1 and NLHP5.1 use for details
Topic 21 Ch		

A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO3, CO4	Describe the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa of Klaibya and Shukralpata	CC	МК	KH	L&PPT ,L_VC, L	PRN,CL- PR,QZ	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3	Elaborate the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa of Shukradosha and Kshinashukra	CC	MK	KH	L_VC,L ,L&PPT	PRN,QZ	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Detail the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra and Chikitsa of Dhwajabhanga and Explain the causes of Impotency and Plan the treatment.	CC	МК	KH	DIS,L,L _VC,L &PPT	QZ ,PRN	F&S	III	-	LH
CO2, CO4	Discuss the Applied clinical anatomy and Endocrinology of male reproductive system in context of chikitsa of Shukravahasrotas Dushti Vikara	CC	NK	K	L&GD, DIS,L_ VC,BL	PRN,QZ	F	III	-	NLHT21.1
CO2, CO4	Determine the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Principles of management and Ayurveda perspective in the treatment of Male hypogonadism, and Infertility	CE	NK	К	L_VC,T BL,DIS, BS,L& GD	PRN,QZ	F	III	-	NLHT21.2
CO1, CO3, CO4	 State the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga in Shukravaha Srotas vikara Vidarikanda churna Vrishya ghrita Madanakameswara lehya Vrishya gutika 	СК	DK	K	DIS,BS, L&GD, REC	PRN,QZ	F	Ш	-	NLHT21.3
C01,		CE	NK	K	DIS,TB	PRN,QZ	F	III	-	NLHT21.4

CO2, CO3, CO4	•	Explain the concept of Beeja dushti janya vikara and corelate it with hereditary and congenital disorders. Sketch a management plan for Beejadushti janya vil Explain Ayurvedic perspective and principles of management of Male hypogonadism, and Infertility					L,L&G D,L_VC ,CBL					
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5		strate the Chikitsa yojana & prepare case record in ca vaha srotodushti vikara after performing relevant clin ation		PSY- MEC	МК	SH	L&GD, L_VC,D IS,PER	PRN,QZ	F&S	III	_	NLHP21.1
Non Le	ecture E	Iour Theory					-					
S.No		Name of Activity	Descr	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT 2	21.1	Understanding the Applied clinical anatomy and endocrinology aspects for male reproduction		scientifi Students Applied Each gro Group d	are given c research are divide clinical ar oup is aske iscussion	articles ed into var atomy and d to do a p will be foll	ious small g d endocrino presentation lowed	rial like descr groups and the logy aspects of related to the queries to cor	ey will be a of male rep e topic give	allotted producti en	topic rela ve system	ted to
NLHT 2	21.2	Understanding on the Diagnosis, Clinical	Team	based lea	rning							

	examination and Ayurvedic perspective and Principles of management of Male hypogonadism, and Infertility	 The students are divided into different teams One team is asked to present a case on Male hypogonadism and Infertility The second team present a detailed presentation about the topic related to etiopathogenesis, diagnosis The third team perform clinical examination in a simulated case The fourth team does a presentation on the investigations Followed by group discussion Mentor will clear the doubts and answer the queries Give the concluding remarks
NLHT 21.3	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga in Shukravaha Srotas vikara	 Group Discussion The students are divided in groups of 3-5 students Each Group is allotted specific Aushadha yoga Students refer and compile the material from library sources and prepare a presentation Each group presents the allotted topic in class Students are encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the teacher. Mentor gives concluding remarks on the presentations
NLHT 21.4	Detailed understanding on the Diagnosis, Clinical examination and Ayurvedic perspective and principles of management of Male hypogonadism, Infertility and Beeja dushtijanya vikara	 Team based learning The students are divided into different teams One team is asked to present a case on Male hypogonadism and Infertility The second team present a detailed presentation about the topic related to etiopathogenesis, diagnosis The third team perform clinical examination in a simulated case The fourth team does a presentation on the investigations Followed by group discussion

					will clear t concludir			r the queries				
Non L	ecture H	Iour Practical										
S.No		Name of Practical	Descr	iption of	Practical	l Activity	7					
NLHP 2	21.1	Bedside case taking of case of Klaibya (Male sexual dysfunction), Shukradosha	Two ca Demo	ases per c nstration	linical bato bedside	ch (One lo	-	l ers ours & one sho HP3.1 and NL				ours
Topic	22 Chik	itsa of Guhya roga (LH :2 NLHT: 2 NLHP: 2	2)				_					
A3		B3		C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Upadan	e the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa and Aushadha y 1sha (SN30), Phiranga (Syphilis) (SN31) and Puyam 1hoea) (SN30).	U	САР	DK	КН	L&PPT	VV-Viva	F	III	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Vanksh Inguina	e the Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa and Aushadha y ana lasika granthikanarbud (Lymphomagranuloma le), Phirangiya vrana (Soft Chancroid) and Visarpa Simplex) (SN4T).	oga of	CAP	DK	КН	CBL,L_ VC,L,D IS,BS	VV-Viva	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO2, CO3,	Differen	ntiate between the Chikitsa of Guhya roga		САР	DK	КН	L_VC,D IS,TPW ,LS	M-POS,VV -Viva,M- CHT,QZ	F	III	-	NLHT22.1

CO6							1	,WP				
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6	Aushad Aushad •	s the Chikitsa yojana of Guhya roga along with Pha ha sevana kala, Matra and Anupana of the followin ha yoga Chopachinyadi churna Ashtamurti rasa Rasakarpoora Triphala masee		САР	DK	КН	PrBL,DI S,LRI,T BL	VV-Viva	F&S	III	_	NLHT22.2
CO1, CO2, CO6, CO7		strate awareness about Sexually transmitted disease among the teenagers/ young adults in the education es.		AFT- CHR	МК	K	TBL	Log book	F	III	-	NLHP22.1
Non Lo	ecture H	Iour Theory				•			•			
S.No		Name of Activity	Descr	ription of	Theory A	Activity						
NLHT 2	22.1	Differentiating between the Chikitsa of Guhya roga	Studer Team	 nt should p Project V Students Guhya r They are 	Vork are assignogas. e encourag	algorithm ed the tas ed to prep	of treatmer k of collect are posters	nt of Guhya ro at plan accordi ing images/ph or charts. charts of trea	ing to the c	liagnosi e ulcer p	as.	different

NLHT 2	22.2 Chikitsa of Guhya roga	Chikitsa of Guhya roga Student should learn to treat various Guhya roga by making a clinical diagnosis supported by laboratory investigations and Prayoga of different Aushadha yoga with their Phalashruti, Aush sevana kala, Matra and Anupana. Small group discussion										
Norto	ecture Hour Practical	 The Mentor divides the students into small groups. Some groups are alloted different Guhya roga and other groups are alloted different aushadha yoga. These groups discuss among themselves the treatment plan of given roga. The groups which are alloted aushadha yoga should discuss different aspects of its use. Each Group gives the presentation. Mentor assesses the presentation of students and conclude with remarks. 										
S.No	Name of Practical	Desci	ription of	Practical	Activity	V						
NLHP 2		Comr	• .Student	ealth Educ	ation/Pu	blic Outrea	ch Program (Sexual	ly Transmi	itted	
			.A conv.Student	enient day ts are taken	is selecte to nearb	y educationa	National STD				•	
Topic 2	23 Vajikarana (LH :6 NLHT: 3 NLHP: 6)	•	_				-					
A3	B3		C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	K3	L3	
CO1,	Recall the principles of Vajikarana & summarize its need	along	CC	MK	K	PER,TU	PRN,VV-	F&S	III	-	LH	

CO3, CO4	with the benefits				T,L&PP T	Viva,QZ , M-POS,S- LAQ				
CO1, CO3, CO4	Comprehend the concept of Shuddha Shukra and analyse its role in male fertility and reproductive health	CAN	MK	КН	L&PPT ,LRI,TU T	M-CHT,QZ ,VV-Viva,C OM,WP	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Explain the types of Vajikarana Dravya useful in different Shukravaha sroto dushti vikara	CC	DK	КН	PER,L& PPT ,FC ,L_VC	S-LAQ,QZ ,M-POS,PR N,PUZ	F	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Elaborate the role of Vajikarana in the management of Infertility(Klaibya) and Impotency(Shandhatva)	CC	MK	KH	PER,LR I,SY,L &PPT	DEB,QZ ,C OM,PRN,V V-Viva	F	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	State the Therapeutic benefits of individual herbs in Shukra janana mahakashaya & Shukra shodhaka mahakashaya for the treatment of male/female Infertility	CC	DK	КН	L&PPT ,LS,TU T,BS	QZ ,PUZ,T -OBT,VV- Viva,M- CHT	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Classify the Phalashruti, Sevana kala, Matra & Anupana of the following Aushadha KalpanaSiddha makardwajamJatiphaladi vatiAmrita bhallataka	СК	NK	K	L&PPT ,TUT,F C,PER, LS	M-CHT,CL -PR,VV- Viva,QZ	F	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Discuss the Phalashruti of the following Aushadha Kalpana along with its Sevana kala, Matra & AnupanaShilajatuVanga bhasmaSuvarna bhasma	СК	DK	КН	L&GD, FC,PER ,TBL,L S	P-EXAM,C L-PR,COM ,VV- Viva,QZ	F&S	III	-	NLHT23.1
CO1, CO3, CO4	Devise the Chikitsa Karmukatva, Sevana kala, Matra & Anupana of the following Aushadha KalpanaVajikarana ghrutaVrishya ghrutaVrishya gutikaShrigopal taila	СК	DK	KH	BL,TBL ,SY,LS, TUT	WP,M-POS ,VV-Viva,C OM,T-CS	F&S	III	-	NLHT23.2

CO1, CO3, CO4 CO1, CO3, CO4	 b3, the following Vajikarana YogaMadanakameswara lehyaNarasimha rasayanBrimhani gulika b1, Formulate the appropriate treatment applying the principles management of Vajikarana in Shukra Dushti b1, Construct a Chikitsayojana based on the interpretation of Investigations related to Male & Female Infertility 			7- DK	KH SH	PER,PS M,LS,D IS,TBL LRI,D- BED,C BL,DIS, TBL	M-CHT,T- CS,CL-PR, VV-Viva,P- VIVA P-CASE,O SCE,CBA, C-VC,SP	F&S	III III	-	NLHT23.3 NLHP23.1
CO1, CO3, CO4	3, Investigations related to Male & Female Infertility		PSY ME		SH	CD,LRI ,CBL,SI M,DIS	P-VIVA,P- POS,SP, C- VC,CBA	F&S	III	-	NLHP23.2
Non L	ecture H	Iour Theory		·	·	·	·	•		•	·
S.No		Name of Activity	Descriptio	n of Theory	y Activity						
NLHT	23.1	Mono Drug Vajikarana therapy like - Shilajatu, Suvarna bhasma and Vanga bhasma	matra, anup • The • Mer bha • Eac Anu • Eac	ana & pathy students par ntor allots on sma to each h group disc pana & Path	aapathya. ticipate in G e of mono G group to dis usses about yaapathya I s a powerpo	Groups as po drug vajikar scuss & con indications kalpana of t point presenta	a Vajikarana Da er the instructio cana therapy lik struct a chikits , method of ada he alloted herb ation on the all remarks	ons of the te Shilajat a yojana. ministratio	Mentor u, Suva on, phal	rna bhasr	na or Vanga

NLHT 23.2	Vajikarana ghruta, Vrishya ghruta, Vrishya gutika & Shrigopal taila in Vajikarana Prayoga	Students devise the Chikitsa karmukatva, Sevana kala, Matra, Anupana & Pathyaapathya of Vajeekarana aushadha Kalpana. Team Based Learning
		 The Mentor selects few students & divide them into 4 teams Each team is allotted one of Vajeekaran ghruta, Vrishya ghruta, Vrishya gutika or Shrigopal taila & instructed to search information. The teams refer to & collect the necessary information related to indications, method of administration, phalashruti, Matra, Anupana & Pathyaapathya of the given medicine from library sources Each team discusses the contents and presents the summary. Other students are encouraged to participate in the discussion under supervision of mentor. The Mentor provides concluding remarks on the presentation.
NLHT 23.3	Vajikarana Yoga - Madanakameshwara Lehya, Narasimha Rasayan & Brimhani Gulika.	Students to demonstrate the Phalashruti, Sevana kala, Matra, Anupana & Pathyaapathya of Vajikarana Aushadha yoga Team based Learning
		 The Mentor divides the students into small groups & instructs them to refer tutorials, library resources, reading materials on the allotted Madanakameswara lehya, Narasimha rasayana or Brimhani gulika The students in groups are instructed to present their knowledge & ideas on the indications, method of administration, phalashruti, matra, anupana & pathyaapathya of the given medicine by preparing posters/charts/e-posters. Students will accordingly present the discussed topics through poster The Mentor encourages the activity & gives concluding remarks

Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity
NLHP 23.1	Formulate a treatment plan according to principles	The students will document:-
	of Vajikarana.	A case of shukra dushti
		Structure an appropriate treatment plan
		Select the appropriate aushadha(aushadha yoga/mono drug therapy).
		Case based learning - 2 long cases x 2 hours = 4 hours per batch
		The Mentor takes students to the ward/OPD of Kayachikitsa.
		Students in the clinical batch select a case requiring vajikarana.
		Mentor shows the construction of the chikitsa yojana and documenting it in the following steps:
		• The students shall introduce self to the patient and take verbal consent.
		• The students shall interrogate the patient and document the clinical history.
		• The students further brief the patient about the steps in examination that will be performed on him/her.
		• The students perform the relevant clinical examinations adopting the Ayurvedic and conventional clinical methods of examination of the involved system
		• students collect information from Blood analysis, semen analysis, radiological investigations and consider it for doshadushyadi vivechan
		• The students interpret the collected information and state the vyadhi nama (arrive at a tentativ clinical diagnosis) following the method of vyavachedaka nidana (differential diagnosis)
		• The students determine the sadhyaasadhyata (prognosis) of the disease in the patient.
		• The students formulate a chikitsa yojana of vajikaran medicines
		• The students recommend pathyaapathya to the patient.
		• Finally, the students address the doubts of the patient & acknowledge his/her cooperation in the case taking.
		• The students present and discuss the documented short case.
		• The mentor facilitates the case presentation.
		• The mentor evaluates the student's performance, knowledge, psychomotor and

		communication skills using rubrics or checklist and gives the feedback.Remedial measures should be implemented if found necess
NLHP 23.2	Constructing a Chikitsa yojana based on the Interpretation of the Investigations related to Male & Female Infertility	 Students will construct a chikitsa yojana in a case interpreting the available investigations like Blood analysis, semen analysis, radiological investigations. Case based learning - 2 short cases x 1hour = 2hours per batch Each student will be given two cases(one male & one female) by the mentor for interpretations of the available investigation reports in a male/female infertility patient for treatment purpose Mentor shows the art of writing a rational treatment prescription and documenting it in the following steps: The students shall introduce self to the patient and take verbal consent. The students shall interrogate the patient and document the clinical history. The students further brief the patient about the steps in examination that will be performed on him/her. The students perform the relevant clinical examinations adopting the Ayurvedic and conventional clinical methods of examination of the involved system students collect information from Blood analysis, semen analysis, radiological investigations and consider it for doshadushyadi vivechan The students interpret the collected information and state the vyadhi nama (arrive at a tentative clinical diagnosis) following the method of vyavachedaka nidana (differential diagnosis) The students formulate a chikitsa yojana of vajikaran medicines The students methods address the doubts of the patient. Finally, the students address the doubts of the patient & acknowledge his/her cooperation in the case taking. The students present and discuss the documented short case.
		• The mentor facilitates the case presentation.

		commu	nication sk	ills using	rubrics or c	ormance, knov hecklist and gi nted if found n	ves the fe	•		
Topic	24 Rasayana (LH :6 NLHT: 4 NLHP: 8)									
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	H3	I3	K3	L3
CO1, CO3, CO4	Retrieve the Indications of Rasayana & Comprehend the Dose of Rasayana according to Ayu(age) of the patient/subject	f CAN	DK	КН	L_VC,L &PPT	PRN,S- LAQ,QZ ,P UZ,M-CHT	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Identify the role of Aachara Rasayana in clinical practice	СК	DK	КН	BS,L&P PT ,L_ VC,PL, PER	PA,M-CHT ,O-QZ,T- CS,WP	F	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Elaborate the application & benefits of Naimittika Rasayana with examples.	h CC	МК	КН	TUT,PE R,KL,B S,L&PP T	PRN,M-PO S,P-VIVA, PUZ,COM	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Classify the given Vyadhihara Rasayana according to its Chikits karmukatva, Matra, Aushadha sevana kala & AnupanaAamalaki RasayanaBhallataka RasayanaVardhamana Pippali Rasayana		NK	КН	FC,L&P PT ,BS,PE R	PRN,DEB, QZ ,COM, M-CHT	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Explain the Chikitsa karmukatva, Matra, Aushadha sevana kala Anupana of the following Vyadhihara Rasayana Tuvaraka Rasayana	CC &	NK	КН	FC,PER ,BS,L& PPT	WP,PRN,M -POS,VV- Viva,QZ	F	III	-	LH

	Shilajatu RasayanaLasuna Rasayana									
CO1, CO3, CO4	Elaborate the Aushadha sevana kala, Matra & Anupana along with the Chikitsa Karmukatva of the following Vyadhihara RasayanaTriphala RasayanaChyavanprashaAgastya HaritakiKushmanda Rasayana	CC	NK	КН	L&PPT ,FC,BS, PER	M-CHT,CO M,PUZ,QZ ,VV-Viva	F	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3, CO4	Demonstrate the use of single herbs as Rasayana in Chikitsa	САР	DK	КН	LS,TBL ,IBL,L &GD	SA,T-CS,C L-PR,PRN, M-POS	F&S	III	-	NLHT24.1
CO1, CO3, CO4	Integrate the Evidence based therapeutic effects of Rasayana	CAN	NK	КН	IBL,PE R,LRI,L S,PL	CL-PR,QZ ,PRN,CR- RED,PA	F&S	III	-	NLHT24.2
CO1, CO3, CO4	Illustrate a treatment protocol incorporating a Rasayana	САР	NK	КН	CBL,SI M,FC,I BL,PER	Log book,V V-Viva,CL- PR,P- CASE,CBA	F&S	III	-	NLHT24.3
CO1, CO3, CO4	Devise an ideal Rasayana protocol as Apunarbhava Chikitsa	CS	NK	КН	SIM,DI S,LS,FC ,PER	VV-Viva,M -CHT,CL-P R,WP,P- CASE	F&S	III	-	NLHT24.4
CO1, CO3, CO4	Devise an appropriate treatment protocol in a case study/case scenario applying the principles of Rasayana	PSY- GUD	DK	SH	CBL,LR I,IBL,D -BED,C D	P-CASE,O SCE,SP,CB A,P-VIVA	F&S	III	-	NLHP24.1
CO1, CO3,	Formulate appropriate Rasayana in the given caseKanthya RasayanaVarnya RasayanaKeshya RasayanaMedhya	PSY- SET	NK	SH	LRI,CB L,SIM,	CBA,SP,P- CASE,Log	F&S	III	-	NLHP24.2

CO4	RasayanaNaimittika Rasayana – ShwasaNaimittika Rasay Tvacha roga	vana – CD,DIS book, C-VC
Non Le	cture Hour Theory	
S.No	Name of Activity	Description of Theory Activity
NLHT 2	4.1 Application of the properties of the single herbs for using them as Rasayana	 Discussion on justifying the use of single herbs as Rasayana in Chikitsa Group Discussion The students participate in Groups as per the instructions of the Mentor
		 Mentor allots single herb to each group to discuss their Rasayana properties. Each group discusses about kalpana, matra & anupana of the alloted herb. Each group gives a ppt presentation on the allotted topic. The Mentor concludes the session with remarks
NLHT 2	4.2 Evidence based therapeutic effects of Rasayana	Utilization of Library resources by the students to collect information on Rasayana from peer- reviewed Indexed Journals Team based learning
		 The Mentor selects few students & divide them into 4 teams Each team is instructed to search articles related to rasayana in peer- reviewed indexed journals to gather information. The teams refer to & collect the necessary information from the referred research article of library sources Each team discusses the contents and presents the summary. Other students are encouraged to participate in the discussion under supervision of mentor. The Mentor provides concluding remarks on the presentation.

NLHT 24.3	Utility of Naimittika Rasayana in a treatment protocol	Case Based Learning
		 The Mentor allots simulated disease condition to the students The students are expected to chalk out an appropriate chikitsa yojana along with rasayana prayog for the given diagnosis. A discussion is generated among the students for the given topics Selected Students will present the given topic under the supervision of mentor. The Mentor concludes the class will remarks
NLHT 24.4	Planning of Apunarbhava Chikitsa applying the principles & procedures of Rasayana Therapy	Flipped classroom
		 Students are divided into small groups by the mentor students in the group are asked to prepare a presentation on the role of rasayana in apunarbhava chikitsa In the following lecture, groups present the sequential procedures of rasayana therapy (purva & pradhana karma). Other group students are encouraged to participate in the discussion The Mentor supervises the presentations & provides guidance
Non Lecture	Hour Practical	
S.No	Name of Practical	Description of Practical Activity

NLHP 24.1	Devise a treatment plan according to principles of	Bedside Demonstration- 3 Long cases $x 2$ hours = 6 hours per batch					
	Rasayana.	Documentation of a case/condition requiring Rasayana					
		Selection of appropriate Rasayana dravya by the student.					
		The Mentor takes students to the ward/OPD of Kayachikitsa.					
		Students in the clinical batch select a case requiring rasayana.					
		Mentor shows the construction of the chikitsa yojana and documenting it in the following steps					
		include shows the construction of the clinklist yojuna and documenting it in the following steps					
		• The students shall introduce self to the patient and take verbal consent.					
		• The students shall interrogate the patient and document the clinical history.					
		• The students further brief the patient about the steps in examination that will be performed on him/her.					
		• The students perform the relevant clinical examinations adopting the Ayurvedic and conventional clinical methods of examination.					
		 The available investigation reports are interpreted by the students. 					
		 The students analyze the nidana panchaka and extent of alteration in samprapti ghataka. The students interpret the collected information and state the vyadhi nama (arrive at a tentative clinical diagnosis) following the method of vyavachedaka nidana (differential diagnosis) 					
		 The students determine the sadhyaasadhyata (prognosis) of the disease in the patient. The students construct the chikitsa yojana & prescribes certain rasayana required for the diagnosed diagnose. 					
		diagnosed disease.					
		 The students recommend pathyaapathya to the patient. Finally, the students address the doubts of the patient & acknowledge his/her cooperation in the case taking. The students present and discuss the documented long case. The mentor facilitates the case presentation. 					
		 The mentor revaluates the cuse presentation. The mentor evaluates the student's performance, knowledge, psychomotor and 					
		communication skills using rubrics or checklist and gives the feedback.					
		• Remedial measures should be implemented if found necessary.					
NLHP 24.2	Formulate a treatment plan using appropriate	Case Based Learning - 2 Short cases x 1 hour = 2 hours per batch					
	enlisted Rasayana	The Mentor takes students to the ward/OPD of Kayachikitsa & assigns them a case requiring rasayana					

	treatm			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1		1 1 .			6 - 11 ¹
	steps:	Mentor shows the art of writing a rational treatment prescription and documenting it in the following steps:						e following		
						patient and tak				
				Ũ	•	t and documer			•	
		• The stud him/her.		r brief the	patient abo	out the steps ir	n examinat	tion that	t will be pe	erformed on
						al examinatior nation of the ir			yurvedic a	nd
		• The avai	ilable inves	stigation re	eports are in	nterpreted by t	he student	ts.		
			-			rmation and st l of vyavached	•		-	
			•	•		i of vyavached iyata (prognos:			•	
					•	ent prescriptio				
					enlisted be			inagiios	eu uiseuse	æ plun the
			•	1.4		Keshya Rasaya	na, Medhy	ya Rasa	yana, Nair	nittika
		•	•	•	•	na – Tvacha ro	•			
		• The stud	lents recon	mend patl	hyaapathya	to the patient.				
		• Finally,	the student	s address	the doubts	of the patient a	& acknow	ledge h	is/her coop	peration in
		the case	•							
						cumented shor	t case.			
					se presentat					
					-	ormance, knov	U 1 1	•	otor and	
				•		hecklist and gi		edback.		
		• Remedia	al measures	s should be	e implemer	nted if found n	ecessary.			
Горіс	25 Chikitsa of Jarajanya vikara and Indriyapradoshaja vik	ara (LH	:2 NLHT	2 NLHP	P: 12)					
A3	B3	C3	D3	E3	F3	G3	Н3	I3	K3	L3
	Explain Samprapti vighatana and Samanya chikitsa of Jarajanya	CC	MK	SH		S-LAQ,T-C	F&S			

CO3	vikara a	nd Indriyapradoshaja vikara .					&PPT	S,CR-W,T- OBT,CL- PR				
CO1, CO2, CO3		w the Etiopathogenisis, Diagnosis and Principles of gement of Smritilopa(Alzheimer's disease).			MK	KH	L_VC,D IS,L&P PT	OSCE,T-C S,INT,CR- W,T-OBT	F&S	III	-	LH
CO1, CO3		the Ekala Aushadha prayoga, Aushadha Kalpa, Rasayana in nya vikara.			МК	KH	DIS,L& GD,TB L	CBA,INT,S- LAQ,QZ	F&S	III	-	NLHT25.1
CO1, CO3		the Ekala Aushadha prayoga, Aushadha Kalpa, Rasayana Iriyapradoshaja vikara.			MK	KH	DIS,L& GD,TB L	S-LAQ,PR N,CBA,IN T	F&S	III	-	NLHT25.2
CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6, CO7	of Jaraja	emonstrate the Chikitsa yojna and prepare case record in a case f Jarajanya vikara and Indriyapradoshaja vikara after erforming relevant clinical examination		PSY- MEC	МК	SH	CBL,DI S,D-BE D,L&G D	Log book,O SCE,PRN	F&S	Ш	-	NLHP25.1
CO1, CO2, CO3	physiol	Identify various clinical conditions of elderly, age related physiological changes and their clinical significance and study the case management protocols in the establishment.		PSY- MEC	NK	SH	FV,D-B ED,RLE ,DIS	CBA, C-V C,OSCE,Lo g book	F	III	-	NLHP25.2
CO2, CO7		awareness on the Role of Ayurveda in the prevention ment of age related diseases.	ı and	PSY- MEC	DK	SH	TUT,DI S,EDU	QZ ,Log book	F	III	-	NLHP25.3
Non L	Lecture Hour Theory											
S.No		Name of Activity	Descr	ription of	Theory A	ctivity						
NLHT :	25.1 Aushadha prayoga for Jarajanya roga Group Discussion and Team based learning											

		 The students are divided in groups of 3-5 students Each Group is allotted specific Aushadha yoga Students refer and compile the material from library sources and prepare a presentation Each group will present the allotted topic in class Students are encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the mentor Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks 1. Ekala Aushadha Yoga (single drug therapy) for Jarajanya vikara with appropriate anupana:
		 Vidari Shatavari Ashvagandha Jivanti Madhuka 2.Aushadha Kalpa prayoga with appropriate matra, anupana , sevana kala for following:
		 Yashtimadhu churna Guduchi swarasa Ashvagandhai churna Shatavrayadi churna Vidryadi churna
		3.Naimittika Rasayana for Jarajanya vikara
NLHT 25.2	Aushadha prayoga for Indriyapradoshoja vikara	Group Discussion and Team based learning
		• The students are divided in groups of 3-5 students

Non Lecture S.No NLHP 25.1	Hour Practical Name of Practical Case study/ case scenario to devise a treatment	3. Naimittika Rasayana for Indriyapradoshaja vikara. Description of Practical Activity Documentation of a case/condition requiring Jarajanya vikara and Indriyapradoshaja vikara
		 Ksheerbala tail Sarivadi vati Chavayanprakash Bilva tail Triiphala churna
		 Daruharidra Haritaki Vibhitaki Amalaki Pippali 2.Aushadha Kalpa prayoga with appropriate matra, anupana , sevana kala for following:
		 Each Group is allotted specific Aushadha yoga Students refer and compile the material from library sources and prepare a presentation Each group will present the allotted topic in class Students are encouraged to interact with the presenter under the supervision of the mentor Mentor clears the doubts, answers the queries and gives the concluding remarks 1.Ekala Aushadha Yoga (single drug therapy) for Indriyapradoshaja vikara with appropriate anupana:

	plan according to principles of Jarajanya vikara and Indriyapradoshaja vikara	Clinical case study (2 Long cases x 2 hours = 4 hours per batch) Case based learning Refer the case taking framework as described in NLHP 3.1
NLHP 25.2	An insight into functionality of a senior citizens' home/Geriatric care center.	 Field visit (4 hours) Community based learning Students are taken to nearest senior citizens' home/Geriatric care center They observe the inmates of the facility and identify various age related disorders and their management. Students make a brief report about visit. The report is be presented by the students and assessed by the Mentors followed by concluding remarks.
NLHP 25.3	Public awareness activity related to age related diseases.	Commemoration of International day of older people and Screening health camp (4 hours) Community based learning Students are encouraged to conduct public awareness programs using suitable mass communication, audio-visual aids consisting the information of age related disorders , Preventive and therapeutic aspect of age related diseases.

(*Refer table 3 of similar	activity number)
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Activity No*	CO No	Activity details
1.1	CO1	Selection of the appropriate treatment for a simulated case, enacted role play
3.1	CO1,CO2	Clinical understanding of Nija jvara,Sannipataja jvara and Agantuja jvara and its Chikitsa yojana
3.2	C01,C03	Importance of Langhana Chikitsa in Jvara
3.3	CO1,CO2	Clinical understanding and treatment of Jvara according to its different stages(Avasthanusara Jvara chikitsa)
3.4	CO1,CO3	Clinical understanding and management of Dhatugata jvara, Vishama jvara and Punaravartaka jvara
3.5	CO1,CO3	Understanding the Nidana panchaka and framing the management of various varieties of Jvara through case scenario.
3.6	C01,C03	Importance of Ksheera prayoga and Ghrita prayoga in Jvara
3.7	CO1,CO3	 Phalashruti,Sevanakala,Matra,Anupana of the given Aushadha kalpana Shadanga paneeya Amritottaram Kashaya Indukantam Kashaya Vishamajvara nashaka kashaya Sudarshana churna Mrityunjaya rasa Amritarishta Pippalyadi Ghrita Aparajita dhoopa
4.1	C01,C02	Understanding of Samprapti vighatana in Anukta roga
5.1	CO1,CO2,CO3	Approach to the diagnosis and management of Mastishkavarana shotha jvara(Meningitis) Mastishka shotha(Encephalitis) and Dhanurvaata(Tetanus
5.2	CO1,CO2,CO3	

		Approach to the diagnosis and management of Granthika sannipata jvara(Plague) and Leptospirosis
5.3	CO1,CO2,CO3	Approach to the diagnosis and management of Beejanu jvara (Anthrax), and Peeta jvara (Yellow fever)
5.4	CO1,CO2,CO3	Approach to the diagnosis and management of Sandhiga sannipata jvara (Chikungunya) Dandaka jvara(Dengue) and Shleepada (Filariasis),
6.1	CO2,CO6	An insight into Anuvanshika rakta vikara (Haematopoietic diseases) and their chikitsa.
6.2	CO1,CO2,CO6	Leukemia and its treatment
6.3	CO1,CO2,CO6	Haemoglobinopathies
6.4	CO2,CO6	Common Cardiovascular Diseases
6.5	CO1,CO2,CO6	Diagnosis and treatment of Raktapravaha-hinata-janya hridroga with special reference to Coronary Artery Diseases
6.6	CO1,CO2,CO6	Diagnosis and management of Raktaja Hridghaatah and Hritpaatah (Congestive Cardiac failure, Cardiac arrest and Conductive disorders of the Cardia)
7.1	CO2,CO6	Disorders of Coagulation
7.2	CO2,CO6	Acquired disorders of coagulation

7.3	CO1,CO2,CO6	Contemporary understanding of Visarpa along with its management
7.4	CO1,CO3	Kushtha bheda and doshahara chikitsa
7.5	CO1,CO2,CO6	Diagnosis and treatment of Leprosy and Vitiligo/Leukoderma
7.6	CO1,CO2,CO6	A diagnostic and treatment approach to Yakrut shotha w.s.r to Infective and Non-Infective Hepatitis.
7.7	CO1,CO2,CO6	An Insight into Yakrut vikara (common liver disorders) and their management
7.8	CO1,CO2,CO6	Maladies and remedies of Gout with special reference to Vatarakta
7.9	CO1,CO2,CO3	Management of peripheral vascular disorders
7.10	CO1,CO2,CO6	Article review on Tvak vikara
7.11	CO1,CO2,CO6	Diagnosis and treatment of Tvak vikara (Common Dermatological conditions in clinical practice)
8.1	C01,C02,C03,C06	Photography competition to familiarize the students with diagnosis and treatment of Kshudra roga.
9.1	CO1,CO3	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga for Sthoulya and Prameha

9.2	C01,C02,C03	Detailed understanding of dyslipidemia and Obesity and its ayurvedic				
).2		management				
10.1	CO1,CO2,CO3	Identifying the occurrence of Iatrogenic Disease & assessment of the benefits of Shuddha chikitsa & ill effects of Ashuddha chikitsa				
11.1	CO1,CO2,CO3	Gata vata Chikitsa				
11.2	CO1,CO3,CO4	Chikitsa yojana in Vatavyadhi				
11.3	CO1,CO3	Symposium on Urustambha				
11.4	CO1,CO3,CO4	Understanding of Udavarta and its application				
11.5	CO1,CO2,CO3	Detailed understanding of Guillain- Barre Lakshana samuchchaya (Guillain -Barre syndrome),Ajna Nadi Vikara (Motor Neuron Disease),,Anuprasthiyasitamajjachadda shotha (Transverse Myelitis),Peshi dourbalya (Myasthenia Gravis)				
11.6	CO1,CO2,CO3	Understanding of Cerebrovascular Accident and its management				
12.1	C01,C02	Discussion on Asthisankatarbuda(Osteosarcoma)				
12.2	C01,C02,C03,C04	Discussion on the etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Management of Osteoarthrit				
12.3	CO1,CO2,CO3	Detailed understanding of the Diagnosis, Clinical examination, ayurvedic perspective and management of Lumbar spondylosis and Cervical Spondylosis				
12.4	C01,C02,C03,C04	Ayurvedic management of Asthimajjavaha srotodushti vikara based on interpretation of Radiological Investigations				
13.1	CO1,CO3,CO4	Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of Shwasa (SL42)& Hikka (SM74) by				
13.2	CO1,CO3,CO4	Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of Kaasa Roga (SL41)				
13.3	C01,C03,C04	Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of or Trirupa , Shadrupa, Ekadasha rupa				

		rajyakshama , Anuloma kshaya & Pratiloma kshaya
13.4	CO1,CO3,CO4	Construct Chikitsa yojana (treatment plan) of Urahkshat roga.
14.1	CO1,CO3,CO4	Constructing chikitsa yojana for Shotha roga
14.2	CO1,CO3,CO4	Constructing Chikitsa yojana of Udar roga & Jalodara
15.1	CO1,CO3,CO4	Constructing Chikitsa Yojana for Samprapti vighatana of Mootrakrichchha roga (SM82)
15.2	CO1,CO3,CO4	Constructing Chikitsa Yojana for Samprapti Vighatana of Mootraghaata roga (SM81)
15.3	CO1,CO3,CO4	Constructing chikitsa yojana for samprapti vighatana of Ashmari roga (SM82)
15.4	CO1,CO3	Detailed understanding of management of Pourusha Granthi Vriddhi (BPH) , Pourusha Granthi Arbuda (Ca Prostate) & Apavrukkatva (Nephrotic Syndrome)
16.1	CO1,CO3	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga for Atisara and Pravahika
16.2	CO1,CO3,CO5	Detailed understanding of Pravahika (dysentery), Raktatisara (ulcerative colitis), Bruhadantra arbuda (colorectal cancer) and its ayurvedic management
16.3	CO1,CO3	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha for Krimi roga
16.4	CO1,CO3	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha for Arsha
17.1	CO1,CO3	Clinical application of Aushadha yoga based on different Kalpana in Annavaha srotodushti vikara.
17.2	CO1,CO2,CO4	Discussion on Chikitsa of Agniyashaya Shotha(Pancreatitis) and Pittashaya Shotha(Cholecystitis

17.3	CO1,CO2,CO3	Compilation of scientific research articles on Irritable Bowel Syndrome/ (Grahani)				
17.4	CO1,CO2,CO3	Brainstorming on Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis & Management of Urdhwaga Amlapitha(GERD), , Parinama shoola and Annadrava shoola(Acid Peptic Diseases)				
18.1	CO1,CO2	Bhutonmada and its basic management.				
18.2	CO1,CO3	Aushadha prayoga for Manasa roga				
18.3	CO1,CO2,CO3	Detailed discussion on Obsessive compulsive disorder, Neurotic disorder, personality and behavioral disorder.				
18.4	CO1,CO2,CO3	Detailed discussion on the Diagnosis, Clinical examination and treatment of Vishada (Depression).				
19.1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6	Hyperpituitarism-Dirghakayata /Atidirgha (Gigantism) and Vikayata (Acromegaly)				
19.2	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6	Udakameha (Diabetes insipidus)				
19.3	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6	Hypoparathyroidism and Hyperparathyroidism				
19.4	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6	Hypopituitarism-Vamanatva (Dwarfism) (SP9Y)				
20.1	CO1,CO2,CO3	Approach to the Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and management of Crohn's disease				
20.2	CO1,CO2,CO3	Approach to the Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and management of Ankylosing Spondylitis				
20.3	C01,C02,C03	Approach to the Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and management of Multiple sclerosis				

20.4	CO1,CO2,CO3	Approach to the Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis, Ayurvedic perspective and management of Rheumatoid Arthritis
21.1	CO2,CO4	Understanding the Applied clinical anatomy and endocrinology aspects for male reproduction
21.2	CO2,CO4	Understanding on the Diagnosis, Clinical examination and Ayurvedic perspective and Principles of management of Male hypogonadism, and Infertility
21.3	CO1,CO3,CO4	Presenting the Phalashruti, Matra, Anupana and Sevana kala of Aushadha yoga in Shukravaha Srotas vikara
21.4	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4	Detailed understanding on the Diagnosis, Clinical examination and Ayurvedic perspective and principles of management of Male hypogonadism, Infertility and Beeja dushtijanya vikara
22.1	C01,C02,C03,C06	Differentiating between the Chikitsa of Guhya roga
22.2	C01,C02,C03,C06	Chikitsa of Guhya roga
23.1	CO1,CO3,CO4	Mono Drug Vajikarana therapy like - Shilajatu, Suvarna bhasma and Vanga bhasma
23.2	CO1,CO3,CO4	Vajikarana ghruta, Vrishya ghruta, Vrishya gutika & Shrigopal taila in Vajikarana Prayoga
23.3	CO1,CO3,CO4	Vajikarana Yoga - Madanakameshwara Lehya, Narasimha Rasayan & Brimhani Gulika.
24.1	CO1,CO3,CO4	Application of the properties of the single herbs for using them as Rasayana
24.2	CO1,CO3,CO4	Evidence based therapeutic effects of Rasayana
24.3	CO1,CO3,CO4	Utility of Naimittika Rasayana in a treatment protocol
24.4	C01,C03,C04	Planning of Apunarbhava Chikitsa applying the principles & procedures of

		Rasayana Therapy
25.1	CO1,CO3	Aushadha prayoga for Jarajanya roga
25.2	CO1,CO3	Aushadha prayoga for Indriyapradoshoja vikara

(*Refer table	3 of similar	activity number)

Practica l No*	CO No	Practical Activity details					
2.1	CO7	Communication skill and professionalism					
2.2	CO7	Ethical Principles in Clinical Practice					
3.1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6, CO7	Diagnose and constuct the Chikitsa yojana of Jvara(Nava jvara/Purana jvara/Nija jvara/Sannipata jvara/Agantuja jvara/Dhatugata jvara/Vishama jvara/Punaravartaka jvara)					
4.1	CO1,CO2	Chikitsa yojana of Anukta roga & its complications					
5.1	CO1,CO2,CO3	Bedside case taking of the given Sankramika jvara					
5.2	CO1,CO2,CO3	Public awareness activity related to Malaria/hepatitis/epidemic preparedness/vaccination/meningitis/encephalitis					
6.1	CO2,CO5,CO6	Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Description					
6.2	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6, CO7	Short cases presentation in Rasa pradoshaja vikara					
6.3	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Long cases presentation in Rasapradoshaja vikara					
7.1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6, CO7	Short cases presentation in Rakta Pradoshaja Vikara					
7.2	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6, CO7	Long cases presentation in Rakta Pradoshaja Vikara					
7.3	CO7	Commemoration of day of medical importance					
8.1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6, CO7	Clinical case study on Kshudra roga.					
9.1	CO1,CO3,CO5	Bedside case taking of of Galaganda / Gandamala /Sthoulya / Karshya/ Prameha					

9.2	CO1,CO3,CO5	Public awareness activity related to World cancer day / Obesity Day/Diabetes Day					
10.1	C01,C02,C03	Chikitsa yojana for Drug induced Iatrogenic Disease					
11.1	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside casetaking of Pakshagatha, Ardita, Avabahuka/Viswachi,Kampavata, Gridhrasi, Manyasthmba,Khanja/ Pangu, Padadaha/ Padaharsha					
11.2	CO1,CO3	Selection of appropriate Aushadhi in Vatavyadhi					
11.3	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Commemoration of World Stroke Day					
11.4	C01,C02,C03,C05, C06,C07	Commemoration of World arthritis day					
12.1	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside case taking of 1.Sandhigata vata 2 Kateegraha 3.Greeva graha 4.Raktaheenatajanya dhatunasha(AvascularNecrosis)/ Kroshtuka sheersha/Asthikshaya					
12.2	C01,C02,C03,C04	Commemoration of World spine day(Oct 16)					
13.1	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of a case of Mahashwasa, Urdhwa shwasa, Chhinna Shwasa, Kshudra Shwasa. (Any one case)					
13.2	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside case demonstration of case of Kaasa Roga (SL41)					
13.3	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of case of Tamaka Shwasa (SL42)					
13.4	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside case demonstration of a case of Rajayakshma (~Pulmonary Tuberculosis) (2 hours)					
13.5	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6, CO7	Bedside demonstration of a case of Jirna Shwasakrichchhanika (ChronicObstructive Pulmonary Disease)					
13.6	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of case of Vispharah (Bronchiectasis)					
13.7	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside Case demonstration of case of Phuphphusaasruti (Pleural effusion)					
13.8	C01,C02,C03,C06,	Bedside demonstration of case of Antaraalayi Phuphphusa Vikara (Interstitial					

	CO7	Lung Disease)					
13.9	C01,C02,C03,C05, C06,C07	Field visit to DOTs Centre					
13.10	C01,C02,C05	Demonstration of Nebulization & oxygen therapy (2 hours)					
14.1	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of a case of Vatodara- Pittodara- Kaphodara- Dushyodara					
14.2	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6, CO7	dside demonstration of case of Yakritodara & Pleehodara, Chhidrodara, ddha gudodara.					
14.3	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of case of Jalodara					
14.4	C01,C03,C04,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of case of Shotha roga					
15.1	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of a case of CKD					
15.2	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of a case of Mootrakrichcha					
15.3	CO1,CO2,CO5	Bedside demonstration of indwelling Urethral Catheter Insertion, managing problems due to Indwelling Catheters and removing Indwelling Urethral catheters.					
15.4	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside demonstration of a case of Mootraghata					
16.1	CO1,CO3,CO5	Bedside Case taking of Atisara , Pravahika ,Arsha, Raktatisara and Krimi					
16.2	C01,C05	Public awareness activity related to World colorectal cancer awareness day/world IBS day/World piles day					
17.1	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Bedside Case taking of Annavaha srotodushti vikara.					
17.2	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	OP-based case taking of two Annavahasrotodushti vikara					
17.3	CO1,CO2,CO5	Insertion of Nasogastric tube/ Ryles tube in a Mannequin					
18.1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO6, CO7	Case study/ case scenario to devise a treatment plan according to principles of Manovaha srotas Documentation of a case/condition requiring manovaha srotas					
18.2	CO2,CO6	Public awareness activity related to Mental health day.					

18.3	C01,C02,C03,C07	An insight into functionality of a mental hospital /de-addiction center/psycho social rehabilitation center.
19.1	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Case taking of Endocrine disorder. Case presentation of Endocrine disorder
20.1	CO1,CO2,CO3	Bed side Case Presentation on Immune system disorders
21.1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4, CO5	Bedside case taking of case of Klaibya (Male sexual dysfunction), Shukradosha
22.1	C01,C02,C06,C07	Creating awareness about Sexually transmitted diseases during National STD Awareness week.
23.1	CO1,CO3,CO4	Formulate a treatment plan according to principles of Vajikarana.
23.2	CO1,CO3,CO4	Constructing a Chikitsa yojana based on the Interpretation of the Investigations related to Male & Female Infertility
24.1	CO1,CO3,CO4	Devise a treatment plan according to principles of Rasayana.
24.2	CO1,CO3,CO4	Formulate a treatment plan using appropriate enlisted Rasayana
25.1	C01,C02,C03,C06, C07	Case study/ case scenario to devise a treatment plan according to principles of Jarajanya vikara and Indriyapradoshaja vikara
25.2	C01,C02,C03	An insight into functionality of a senior citizens' home/Geriatric care center.
25.3	CO2,CO7	Public awareness activity related to age related diseases.

Subject	Papers	Theory	neory Practical/Clinical Assessment (200)					Grand	
Code			Practical	Viva	Elective	IA	Sub Total	Total	
AyUG-KC	3	300	100	70	-	30	200	500	

6 A : Number of Papers and Marks Distribution

6 B : Scheme of Assessment (Formative and Summative)

PROFESSIONAL	FOR	SUMMATIVE			
COURSE	First Term (1-6 Months)	Second Term (7-12 Months)	Third Term (13-18 Months)	ASSESSMENT	
Third	3 PA & First TT	3 PA & Second TT	3 PA	UE**	

PA: Periodical Assessment; **TT:** Term Test; **UE:** University Examinations; **NA:** Not Applicable. **University Examination shall be on entire syllabus

6 C : Calculation Method for Internal assessment Marks

	PERIODICAL ASSESSMENT*					TERM TEST**	TERM ASSESSMENT	
	A 11	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
TERM	1 (15 Marks)	2 (15 Marks)	3 (15 Marks)	Average (A+B+C/3)	Converted to 30 Marks (D/15*30)	Term Test (Marks converted to 30)	Sub Total _/60 Marks	Term Assessmen t (/30)
FIRST							E+F	(E+F)/2
SECOND							E+F	(E+F)/2
THIRD						NIL		Е
Final IA	Average of Three Term Assessment Marks as Shown in 'H' Column.							
	Maximum Marks in Parentheses *Select an Evaluation Method which is appropriate for the objectives of Topics from the Table 6 D for Periodic assessment. Conduct 15 marks assessment and enter marks in A, B, and C. ** Conduct Theory (100 Marks)(MCQ(20*1 Marks), SAQ(8*5), LAQ(4*10)) and Practical (100 Marks) Then convert to 30 marks.							

6 D : Evaluation Methods for Periodical Assessment

S. No.	Evaluation Methods
1.	Practical / Clinical Performance
2.	Viva Voce, MCQs, MEQ (Modified Essay Questions/Structured Questions)
3.	Open Book Test (Problem Based)
4.	Summary Writing (Research Papers/ Samhitas)
5.	Class Presentations; Work Book Maintenance
6.	Problem Based Assignment
7.	Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE), Objective Structured Practical Examination (OPSE), Mini Clinical Evaluation Exercise (Mini-CEX), Direct Observation of Procedures (DOP), Case Based Discussion (CBD)
8.	Extra-curricular Activities, (Social Work, Public Awareness, Surveillance Activities, Sports or Other Activities which may be decided by the department).
9.	Small Project
10.	Activities Indicated in Table 3 - Column G3 as per Indicated I, II or III term in column I3.

Topics for Periodic Assessments

РА	Paper 1	Paper 2	Paper 3
PA 1	Topic 1,2	Topic 11	-
PA 2	Topic 3,4	-	-
PA 3	Topic 5	-	Topic 17
Term test 1	Entire Syllabus of Term 1 of 3 papers		
PA 4	Торіс б	Topic 12	Topic 18
PA 5	-	Topic 13	Topic 19
PA 6	Topic 7	-	Topic 20
Term test 2	Entire Syllabus of Term 2 of 3 papers		
PA 7	Topic 8	Topic 14	Topic 21,22.
PA 8	Topic 9	Topic 15	Topic 23
PA 9	Topic 10	Topic 16	Topic 24,25

III PROFESSIONAL BAMS EXAMINATIONS AyUG-KC PAPER-I

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100 INSTRUCTIONS: All questions compulsory

		Number of Questions	Marks per question	Total Marks
Q 1	MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQ)	20	1	20
Q 2	SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (SAQ)	8	5	40
Q 3	LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (LAQ)	4	10	40
				100

Similar for Paper II & III

6 F : Distribution of theory examination

Pape	Paper 1 (Vyadhi Vishesha Chikitsa - 1)				
Sr. No	A List of Topics	B Marks	MCQ	SAQ	LAQ
1	Kaya, Chikitsa and Kayachikitsa - Nirukti, Paribhasha, Paryaya and Bheda	3	Yes	No	No
2	Clinical ethics in the practice of Kayachikitsa	7	Yes	Yes	No
3	8 Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa, Aushadha yoga and Pathyaapathya of Jvara (SP51/TM2)		Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Anuktaroga treatment principles based on Doshadushyadi vivechana		Yes	Yes	No
5	Chikitsa of Sankramika jvara		Yes	Yes	Yes
6	Chikitsa of Rasa pradoshaja vikara	18	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	Chikitsa of Rakta pradoshaja vikara	24	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	Chikitsa of Kshudra roga	5	Yes	Yes	No
9	Chikitsa of Mamsapradoshaja and Medopradoshaja vikara	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	Shuddha-Ashuddha chikitsa, Chikitsajanita vikara	5	Yes	Yes	No
Total Marks					-

Pape	Paper 2 (Vyadhi Vishesha Chikitsa - 2)				
Sr. No	A List of Topics	B Marks	MCQ	SAQ	LAQ
11	Chikitsa of Vatavyadhi	24	Yes	Yes	Yes
12	Chikitsa of Asthi-Majja pradoshaja vikara (SR54) (SR55)	14	Yes	Yes	Yes
13	Chikitsa of Pranavaha Srotodushti Vikara (TM2:SL40-SL4Z)	24	Yes	Yes	Yes
14	Chikitsa of Udakavaha srotodushti vikara	10	Yes	Yes	Yes
15	15 Chikitsa of Mootravaha srotodushti vikara		Yes	Yes	Yes
16	Chikitsa of Purishavaha srotodushti vikara (SR5A)	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tota	Total Marks				•

Paper 3 (Vyadhi Vishesha Chikitsa Evam Rasayana, Vajikarana)				
A List of Topics	B Marks	MCQ	SAQ	LAQ
	A List of Topics	A B List of Topics Marks	A B List of Topics Marks MCQ	A B A MCQ SAQ

17	Chikitsa of Annavaha srotodushti vikara	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
18	Chikitsa of Manovaha srotas dushti vikara	10	Yes	Yes	Yes
19	Chikitsa of of Antahsravi Granthi vyadhi	10	Yes	Yes	Yes
20	Chikitsa of Vyadhikshamatva vikara	8	Yes	Yes	No
21	Chikitsa of Shukravaha srotasa vikara	8	Yes	Yes	No
22	Chikitsa of Guhya roga	8	Yes	Yes	No
23	23 Vajikarana		Yes	Yes	Yes
24	Rasayana	20	Yes	Yes	Yes
25	Chikitsa of Jarajanya vikara and Indriyapradoshaja vikara	8	Yes	Yes	No
Tota	Total Marks				

6 G : Instructions for UG Paper Setting & Blue print

- 1. All questions shall be compulsory.
- 2. Questions shall be drawn based on Table 6F, which provides the topic name, types of questions (MCQ(Multiple Choice Question), SAQ(Short Answer Question), LAQ(Long Answer Question)).
- 3. The marks assigned in Table 6F for each topic/group of topics shall be considered as the maximum allowable marks for that topic/group of topics.
- 4. Ensure that the total marks allocated per topic/group of topics do not exceed the limits specified in Table 6F.
- 5. Refer to Table 6F before setting the questions. Questions shall be framed only from topics where the type is marked as "YES", and avoided if marked as "NO".
- 6. Each 100-mark question paper shall contain:
 - 20 MCQs
 - 8 SAQs
 - 4 LAQs
- 7. MCQs:
 - Majority shall be drawn from the Must to Know part of the syllabus.
 - Questions from the Desirable to Know part of syllabus shall not exceed 3.
 - Questions from the Nice to Know part of syllabus shall not exceed 2.
- 8. SAQs:
 - Majority shall be drawn from the Must to Know part of the syllabus.
 - Questions from the Desirable to Know part of syllabus shall not exceed 1.
 - No questions shall be drawn from the Nice to Know part of syllabus.
 - SAQs shall assess understanding, application, and analysis, rather than simple recall.
- 9. LAQs:
 - All LAQs shall be drawn exclusively from the Must to Know part of the syllabus.
 - No questions shall be taken from the Desirable to Know or Nice to Know part of the syllabus.
 - Number of LAQs should not exceed one per topic unless maximum marks exceed 20 for the topic.
- 10. Long Answer Questions shall be structured to assess higher cognitive abilities, such as application, analysis, and synthesis.
- 11. Follow the guidelines in User Manual III for framing MCQs, SAQs, and LAQs.

6 H : Distribution of Practical Exam

S.No	Heads	Marks
1	Long case 15 marks for case writing + 15 marks for case presentation + 15 marks for bedside viva-voce	45
2	Short case 10 marks for Case writing + 5 marks for case presentation + 10 marks for bedside viva-voce	25
3	Spotting (Assessing Skills - Any 5)	10
	 Ryle's tube Rubber catheter Foley's catheter Nebulizer HFNC mask Ambu bag Urine bag Urine bag Life-saving medicines Defibrillator Distilled water Syringe Insulin syringe Intravenous Infusion set Scalp vein set/ Intravenous cannula 1 mark each for Identification + 1 mark each for mentioning the important clinical use 	
4	 Case records 20 Long cases (at least one case from each srotas + Antahsravi granthi vikara) +3 Rasayana cases + 2 Vajikarana cases 20 Short cases (at least one case from each srotas + Kshudra roga) 5 marks Neatness + 15 marks Case writing skills 	20
5	Viva-Voce (The examiner is expected to utilize sufficient time to check students' knowledge across all topics of the syllabus) Distribution of viva Marks across 3 papers Paper 1 - 20 Marks	70

	 Derivation, definition, synonyms, and classification of Kaya, Chikitsa, and Kayachikitsa Clinical Ethics in the practice of Kayachikitsa Samprapti vighatana, Chikitsa sutra, Chikitsa of Jvara Anuktaroga treatment principles Sankramika jvara Chikitsa of Rasta-pradoshaja vikara Chikitsa of Rakta-pradoshaja vikara Chikitsa of Rakta-pradoshaja and Medopradoshaja vikara Chikitsa of Mamsapradoshaja and Medopradoshaja vikara Chikitsa of Mamsapradoshaja and Medopradoshaja vikara Chikitsa of Mamsapradoshaja and Medopradoshaja vikara Chikitsa of Vatavyadhi Chikitsa of Vatavyadhi Chikitsa of Vatavyadhi Chikitsa of Vatavyadhi Chikitsa of Pranavaha srotodushti vikara Chikitsa of Purishavaha srotodushti vikara Chikitsa of Purishavaha srotodushti vikara Chikitsa of Annavaha srotodushti vikara Chikitsa of Annavaha srotodushti vikara Chikitsa of Annavaha srotodushti vikara Chikitsa of Vatavyadhi srotodushti vikara Chikitsa of Manovaha srotodushti vikara Chikitsa of Juayani stora Chikitsa of Juayani stora Chikitsa of Guhya roga Vajikarana Chikitsa of Guhya roga Vajikarana Chikitsa of Jarajanya and Indriyapradoshaja vikara 	
6	Internal Assessment	30
Total Ma	·ks	200
·		

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S.No	Resources
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Abbreviations

Domain		T L Method		Level		Assessment		Integration	
СК	Cognitive/Knowledge	L	Lecture	К	Know	T-CS	Theory case study	V-RS	V RS
СС	Cognitive/Comprehensi on	L&PP T	Lecture with PowerPoint presentation	КН	Knows how	T-OBT	Theory open book test	V-KS	V KS
CAP	Cognitive/Application	L&GD	Lecture & Group Discussion	SH	Shows how	P- VIVA	Practical Viva	H-KC	Н КС
CAN	Cognitive/Analysis	L_VC	Lecture with Video clips	D	Does	P-REC	Practical Recitation	H-SH	н ѕн
CS	Cognitive/Synthesis	REC	Recitation			P-EXA M	Practical exam	H-PK	Н РК
CE	Cognitive/Evaluation	SY	Symposium			PRN	Presentation	H-SHL	H SHL
PSY- SET	Psychomotor/Set	TUT	Tutorial			P-PRF	Practical Performance	H-SP	H SP
PSY- GUD	Psychomotor/Guided response	DIS	Discussions			P-SUR	Practical Survey	H-KB	Н-КВ
PSY- MEC	Psychomotor/Mechanis m	BS	Brainstorming			P-EN	Practical enact	H-Sam hita	H-Samhita
PSY- ADT	Psychomotor Adaptation	IBL	Inquiry-Based Learning			P-RP	Practical Role play	V-DG	V DG
PSY- ORG	Psychomotor/Originatio n	PBL	Problem-Based Learning			P- MOD	Practical Model	V-RN	V RN
AFT- REC	Affective/ Receiving	CBL	Case-Based Learning			P-POS	Practical Poster	V-RS	V RS
AFT- RES	Affective/Responding	PrBL	Project-Based Learning			P- CASE	Practical Case taking	V-AT	V AT
AFT- VAL	Affective/Valuing	TBL	Team-Based Learning			P-ID	Practical identification	V-SW	V SW
AFT- SET	Affective/Organization	TPW	Team Project Work			P-PS	Practical Problem solving		
AFT- CHR	Affective/ characterization	FC	Flipped Classroom			QZ	Quiz		
PSY- PER	Psychomotor/perceptio n	BL	Blended Learning			PUZ	Puzzles		
PSY- COR	Psychomotor/ Complex Overt Response	EDU	Edutainment			CL-PR	Class Presentation		
		ML	Mobile Learning			DEB	Debate		
		ECE	Early Clinical Exposure			WP	Word puzzle		
		SIM	Simulation			O-QZ	Online quiz		
		RP	Role Plays			O-GA ME	Online game-based assessment		
		SDL	Self-directed learning			M- MOD	Making of Model		
		PSM	Problem-Solving Method			M- CHT	Making of Charts		
		KL	Kinaesthetic Learning			M- POS	Making of Posters		

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W	Workshops	C-INT	Conducting interview	
GBL	Game-Based Learning	INT	Interactions	
LS	Library Session	CR- RED	Critical reading papers	
PL	Peer Learning	CR-W	Creativity Writing	
RLE	Real-Life Experience	C-VC	Clinical video cases	
PER	Presentations	SP	Simulated patients	
D-M	Demonstration on Model	PM	Patient management problems	
РТ	Practical	СНК	Checklists	
X-Ray	X-ray Identification	Mini- CEX	Mini-CEX	
CD	Case Diagnosis	DOPS	DOPS	
LRI	Lab Report Interpretation	CWS	CWS	
DA	Drug Analysis	RS	Rating scales	
D	Demonstration	RK	Record keeping	
D- BED	Demonstration Bedside	СОМ	Compilations	
DL	Demonstration Lab	Portfol ios	Portfolios	
DG	Demonstration Garden	Log book	Log book	
FV	Field Visit	TR	Trainers report	
		SA	Self-assessment	
		PA	Peer assessment	
		360D	360-degree evaluation	
		PP-Pra ctical	Practical	
		VV- Viva	Viva	
		DOAP	Demonstration Observation Assistance Performance	
		SBA	Scenario Based Assessment	
		CBA	Case based Assessment	
		S-LAQ	Structured LAQ	
		OSCE	Observed Structured Clinical Examination	
		OSPE	Observed Structured Practical Examination	
		DOPS	Direct observation of procedural skills	